The New-York Times.

VOL. VIII.....NO. 2332. NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, MARCH 11, 1859. PRICE TWO CENTS.

EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE ARABIA AT HALIFAX.

Intelligence One Week Later.

A Pacific Aspect of the Austrian Question.

INCREASE OF THE ENGLISH NAVY.

Renewed Prospect of an Atlantic Telegraph.

Departure of the New Envoy to the United States.

COTTON FIRM—BREADSTUFFS DULL.

CONSOLS 95 3-4.

HALIFAX, Thursday, March 10.

The Royal Mail steamship *Arabia*, Captain STONE, from Liverpool at 2½ o'clock on the afternoon of the 26th ult., arrived at Halifax at 9 o'clock on the morning of Thursday, March 10.

The screw-steamship *Etna* was to sail at about the same time as the *Arabia*, for Boston and New-York.

The screw-steamship *Kangaroo*, from New-York, arrived at Liverpool on the night of the 25th.

GREAT BRITAIN.

In the House of Commons, on the 24th, attention was called to the seizure of the British ship *Herald*, by the Portuguese, on the Mozambique coast. The Government admitted the importance of the case, and said that Portugal had been called on for explanations.

Sir C. NAPIER inquired whether the First Lord of the Admiralty was aware that a few nights since a French vessel of war anchored off Spithead and departed before morning, and whether it had done so for the purpose of taking soundings.

Sir J. PAKINGTON replied, that such a vessel had so visited Spithead, but whether for the purpose of taking soundings, or not, he could not say. There was, however, nothing unusual in the fact.

After some debate, in which the Government opposed the project, leave was given to bring in a bill abolishing all distinction between the Parliamentary oaths, taken by Protestants and Catholics.

On the 25th, in the Lords, Lord MALMESBURY said the Government were led to believe, that at no distant period the Austrian and French troops would evacuate the Roman States at the request of the Papal Government.

In the House of Commons Mr. DISRAELI said that the offer of a conditional guaranty had been made to the Atlantic Telegraph Company, but whether the offer had been accepted or not he was unable to say.

Lord PALMERSTON called attention to the state of Europe, with the view of inquiring from the Government whether they were in a position to make any declaration that peace was not likely to be interrupted. He briefly reviewed the present position of Europe, glancing at the warlike preparations everywhere in progress, and avowed his inability to discover any sufficient cause of war other than the long existing jealousy between France and Austria, with regard to Central Italy, brought into more active operation by the joint occupation of the Roman States, and which could only be brought to a termination by a simultaneous withdrawal by these Powers of their military occupation. He strongly recommended that the Government use their good offices to bring about such a result, and did not despair of their success.

Mr. DISRAELI expressed his conviction that the great Powers had no wish to disturb the settlement of 1815, although there were circumstances in regard to Italy calculated to excite apprehension.

The Government, in the face of the warlike preparations going forward, had not been idle in the interests of peace, having availed themselves of the friendly relations in which they stood with both France and Austria, and he had good reason to hope that the Papal States would, ere long, be evacuated both by France and Austria, and that too with the full concurrence of the Papal Government. He might add, that Lord COWLEY had gone to Vienna on a mission, the exact character of which he could not, of course, state, but which was one of conciliation. Under these circumstances he appealed to the House to postpone further discussion on the subject, and trust to the earnest efforts of the Government to preserve peace and promote the general prosperity of Europe.

Lord JOHN RUSSELL expressed the satisfaction which he derived from the statement, and his hope that every effort would be made by all parties to promote the maintenance of peace.

Sir J. PAKINGTON then brought forward the Navy Estimates, the details of which were taken out by a previous steamer. He stated that the increase in the number of men for the year to be practically 7,000, and that the proposed addition to the Navy was twenty-six powerful steam vessels.

General debate ensued, in which Sir CHARLES NAPIER asserted that France had command of the British channel and the Mediteranean sea, but this Mr. PAKINGTON warmly denied.

The number of men asked for was promptly voted.

London papers eulogise the moderation displayed by Lord PALMERSTON, and rejoice over Mr. DISRAELI's satisfactory assurances.

Lord COWLEY, British Minister at Paris, was to be summoned to London and thence dispatched to Vienna on a special mission.

This movement had a very favorable effect, particularly on the Continental Bourses.

A general meeting of the great Ship Company had been held in London. It was confidently predicted that the *Great Eastern* will be ready by August, and will certainly make her trial trip to Portland.

The regular annual general meeting of the Atlantic Telegraph Company was held in London on the 23d. The official report gives in detail the facts and figures which were published at the recent extraordinary meeting. It says the cable remains in precisely the same state, and that no efforts have been made to resuscitate it, owing to the lack of funds. The Directors are not without hope that it may yet be rendered available.

The Chairman, the Hon. J. S. WORTLEY, in moving the adoption of the report, entered at length into the position and prospects of the Company. He stated that the Government has positively refused to give an unconditional guarantee, but negotiations were still progressing, and he had just received intelligence that under certain restrictions which did not appear to offer any insurmountable objection the Government had consented to give a guarantee of the 8 per cent. on the new capital of six hundred thousand pounds for twenty five years. He was not prepared to enter into particulars or recommend any definite action for the future, but he thought the enterprise should be popularized by reducing the price of the shares to a minimum standard. No steps, however, should be taken without the authority of the shareholders, another meeting of whom should be called shortly. The report was unanimously adopted, and the retiring directors reëlected. The shares of the Company had improved to two hundred and twenty, at two hundred and forty pounds, under the Government promise.

At a lecture in London by the Rev. WALTER MITCHELL, on the Atlantic Telegraph, special attention was drawn to important experiments and greatly improved cable invented by Professor HUGHES.

It is understood that the Government had intimated to the Galway Steam Company that they are prepared to grant a subsidy of £3,000 per voyage for a fortnightly mail to America, alternating between the ports of New-York and Boston. At the same time, the Company are called on to show that they possess the necessary pecuniary ability, and are to make arrangements for the construction of vessels suitable in every respect.

Lord LYONS sailed from Plymouth on the 22d for New-York in the steam-frigate *Curacoa*.

The London *Globe* states a baronetcy is about to be conferred on Mr. CUNARD.

The Commission appointed to consider the subject of manning the Navy have made a comprehensive report. They propose a plan which, by means of volunteers, will add 30,000 men to the reserve. They likewise propose increase pay and other advantages to seamen. The increased expenditure is estimated at £2,000,000.

ERWIN JAMES, the well-known counsellor, has been elected a member of Parliament from Marylebone by a large majority.

WM. ARMSTRONG, the inventor of the new rifle-cannon which bears his name, had been presented to the Queen and received the honor of Knighthood. The order describes him as "Engineer to the War Department for rifled ordnance." The appointment is regarded as a very significant fact.

One of ARMSTRONG's guns was being experimented with at Woolwich with great secrecy.

The Stock Exchange on the 23d was firm and slightly higher, owing to Lord COWLEY's mission to Vienna. On the 24th and 25th the tone was quieter, and prices gave way one-eighth.

LATEST.

LONDON, Saturday.—The *Daily News'* City Article, of Friday evening, says the funds showed renewed heaviness, owing almost exclusively to the news of a decided fall in the Paris funds, and left off an eighth to a quarter per cent. lower than yesterday. In the discount market to-day the demand was more active, and first-class bills were taken at two to two and one-eighth per cent. The Bank commenced to make their usual quarterly advances, up to the 13th of April, on approved mercantile bills. The Stock Exchange rates for loans on Government Securities were merely nominal.

The Bank returns last night afford a striking illustration of the glut of money. The reserve of notes and coin exceed fourteen millions, whilst the coin and bullion have reached twenty millions. In consequence of the uneasiness which prevails a further considerable rise took place this afternoon in the Exchanges on Austria.

The *Times* City Article of Friday evening says: "The English Funds opened this morning without alteration, and remained inactive throughout the day. The tendency to renewed weakness from political causes is contradicted by the supply of money, and the prospect of its increase, from the favorable appearance of the continental exchanges. A reaction of three-quarters per cent. reported from the Paris Bourse did not produce much effect this side."

FRANCE.

Warlike rumors continued, but Lord COWLEY's mission to Vienna had increased the hopes of peace.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Herald* says that he is in a position to state that war is so far resolved on by the French Government that the corps which are to commence the campaign have already been designated, and that orders have been given to the Minister of War to frame the plan of operations.

It is said that the representatives of the foreign Courts in Paris have abandoned all hope of a pacific solution of the existing difficulties.

The orders given to prepare for the campaign in Italy, it is reported, were given by the Emperor immediately after his return from Compiègne.

Another circular had been issued by the Minister of the Interior to the Prefects of the Departments, the purport of which is to express the confident hope that, notwithstanding the Emperor's desire to maintain peace, should he be forced to make war he may count on the patriotism and devotion of the French people.

The War-office circular directs the troops to be trained for forced marches and the night bivouac.

All the military surgeons have been ordered to join their corps.

Immense quantities of lint have been sent to Lyons.

All the regiments of artillery of the Imperial Guard are to be supplied with rifle cannon on a new plan.

The *Times* Paris correspondent describes the effect of Lord COWLEY's mission to Vienna as very favorable. Speculators, he says, regard it as an indication of a good understanding between England and France, and believe that their united influence will be directed towards inducing Austria to accept of a pacific policy. He also thinks that if any one has a chance of urging the matter to a favorable conclusion, Lord COWLEY is the man.

The *Patrie* looks upon Lord COWLEY's mission as showing a renewed tendency on the part of the British Cabinet towards the policy of the Tuileries.

A letter from Genoa states that the French Government has taken up seventeen transport vessels, which are to hold themselves in readiness in that port. It is further stated that a large mercantile house has received orders to store up a very considerable quantity of rice at Vercieli and Novara.

The American residents of Paris gave a grand ball at the Hotel du Louvre on the 22d, in honor of WASHINGTON's birthday. The honors were done by the United States Minister and Consul. The ball was a very brilliant affair.

The French Minister to Turin, who was in Paris, had tendered his resignation, but it was not accepted. He would soon return to Piedmont.

The Paris Bourse, on the 23d, became buoyant, and the funds, owing to Lord COWLEY's mission, advanced ½ ₱ cent. On the 24th the confidence continued, and the market was firm and active, closing with a further advance. On the 25th there was much uncertainty and excitement, and a decline of ¼ ₱ cent. took place

The Three Per Cents closed at 68f. 54c. for money and 67f. 90c. for account.

AUSTRIA.

The *Times'* Vienna correspondent says Count BUOL still believes that peace will be maintained, but the Emperor being of a different opinion, is preparing for a vigorous defense of the Italian states.

An official order interdicts the exportation of mules and transit horses.

The Bourse advanced 1½ per cent. under the news of Lord COWLEY's mission.

VIENNA, Friday.—The official *Austrian Correspondence* this evening publishes an imperial order addressed to the Minister of War, commanding the recall of all furloughed soldiers belonging to certain regiments stationed in Italy. The *Correspondance* points out that the object of these measures is purely defensive, that they are adopted in consequence of the warlike preparations of Sardinia, and that they need not occasion alarm, as the result of the efforts which are being made in the cause of peace will be attended with success.

The London *Times* remarks that the truth is, the army in Italy is to be placed on a war footing.

A telegram from Hanover says that the Second Chamber have unanimously resolved upon requesting the Government to obtain from the Federal Diet resolutions calculated by their unanimity and execution to avert the threatened danger of war, but, if necessary, to repell with the united Federal power all attacks on Austria and Germany.

SARDINIA.

It was reported in Turin that the Emperor NAPOLEON was shortly expected there on a visit to the King of Sardinia.

CRIEMIEUX & Co., of Paris, had taken the Sardinian loan at eighty per cent.

The Piedmontese Volunteers have been withdrawn from the frontiers of Modena and ordered to confine themselves to the interior.

ITALY.

At Venice contracts have been entered into for the construction of three new forts to be completed in six weeks. It is said that 5,000 workmen, collected from all parts of the Venetian territory, are already occupied on the works.

The latest telegram from Milan says that the fermentation was increaslag.

IONIAN ISLANDS.

The Ionian Parliament has rejected the projects of reform proposed by Mr. GLADSTONE.

Sir H. STORKS, the new Governor, has assumed office.

TURKEY.

There has been another dispatch of troops to the Danube.

The Government is arming six frigates, and preparing numerous transports. The destination of these vessels in case of war, would be the ports of the Adriatic.

The position of OMAR PASHA, in the neighborhood of Bagdad, is critical, the Arabs having surrounded him still more closely.

RUSSIA.

The *Commercial Gazette* of Berlin states that it has good authority for believing that the Russian Government is negotiating for a loan of five millions, with the ROTHSCHILDS.

GREECE.

The Greek Government has demanded a credit of two millions of drachmas, in case of need.

Commercial Intelligence.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

COTTON.—The Broker's Circular states the sales of the week at 42,000 bales, of which 3,500 bales were taken by speculators, and 6,000 bales by exporters. The advice from America, coupled with the warlike rumors of the early part of the week, caused a slight decline on all qualities, to the extent, say, of ⅛ on Uplands, and 1-16 on New-Orleans and Mobiles. The market closed dull, the sales of Friday being 7,000 bales, of which 1,600 were on speculation and for export, but steady at the following authorized quotations: Orleans Fair, 7⅜d.; ditto Middling, 7d.; Mobile Fair, 7⅛d.; ditto Middling, 6¾d.; Uplands Fair, 7d.; ditto Middling 6 11-16d. Stock in port, 382,000 bales, of which 321,000 bales were American.

Some circulars say good New-Orleans is nominally unchanged and common is full prices.

Advices from Manchester are unfavorable. The market was dull, owing to prevalent war rumors, but prices were firm.

Messrs. RICHARDSON, SPENCE & Co., quote Flour dull, and French lots freely offered at reduced rates of 10s.@12s. Wheat very dull, but steady in price; Western Red 5s. 9d.@9s. 2d.; White 8s. 7d.@10s; Southern 10s.@10s. 9d. Corn dull at 7s.@7 3d. for both Mixed and Yellow.

PROVISIONS—Messrs. BIGLAND, ATHYA & Co., RICHARDSON, SPENCE & Co., JAMES MCHENRY and others, quote Beef firm, but quiet. In some cases an advance of 2s. 6d. had been obtained. Bacon steady. Lard quiet, and nominally unchanged; choice had sold for 62s. Cheese slightly advanced on all sorts. Tallow slow of sale, at unaltered prices.

PRODUCE.—The Brokers' Circular quotes: Ashes quiet, at 29s.@29s. 6d. for Pots, and 32s. for Pearls. Sugar dull, but steady. Coffee firm. Rice quiet; Carolina scarce, and commands full prices, being quoted at 19s. 6d@21s. for middling to fair. Quercitron Bark—Philadelphia, 9s. 6d.; Baltimore, 7s. 6d. Clover Seed quiet, at 55s.@62s; Timothy Seed active, at a slight advance, and selling at 30s.@33s. Fish Oils generally unchanged. Resin firm, at 4s. 10d.@5s. for common on the spot, and 4s. 9d. to arrive, and 12s.@15s. for fine. Spirits Turpentine firm, at 39s.@40s. 6d., closing at 41s. Tea firm; Congov, 1s. 1½d.@1s. 2d.

LONDON MARKETS.

BARING BROTHERS quote BREADSTUFFS dull but steady. IRON steady; Welsh Rails £6 5s.; bars, £6 2s. 6d.@£6 5s. SUGAR quiet. COFFEE firm. TEA firm; common Congou 1s. 1¾d. RICE quiet. TALLOW steady at 5s. 6d. LINSEED CAKES in good request; New-York, in bbls., £10 5s.; Boston, in bags, £9 15s. LINSEED OIL, 29s. 6d.@29s. 9d. SPERM OIL, £88@£100. SPIRITS TURPENTINE firm, and held at 43s. The colonial WOOL sales commenced quietly, and prices were not materially changed.

MONEY.—LONDON, Friday Evening.—The Money market is slightly easier, owing to its increased abundance. Consols closed at 95⅛@95⅜ for both money and account. The Bullion in the Bank of England has increased £205,000 since the last weekly statement.

LONDON, Saturday noon.—Consols 95⅛@95⅜ for money, and 95⅜@95⅝ for account, closing firm.

AMERICAN STOCKS.—BARING BROTHERS quote business limited at previous rates. BELL & Co. report business small, but prices firm.

United States 6s of 1868	100 @102
United States 5s of 1868	93 @ 94
Alabama Fives	78 @ 80
Kentucky Sixes, 1868-72	93 @ 94
Maryland Fives	95 @ 97
Massachusetts Fives	102½@103½
Mississippi Union Bank Fives	14 @ 16
Ohio Sixes of '76	96 @ 98
Pennsylvania Fives	82½@ 83½
Pennsylvania 5s, Bonds, '77	86 @ 87
Tennessee Sixes	82 @ 84
Virginia Fives, '88	85 @ 87
Boston City 5s	90 @ 92
Boston City 4½s	93 @ 95
Illinois Central 7s, 1860 Freeland	84 @ 86
Illinois Central 6s	77 @ 79
Illinois Central Shares	(discount 35½@ 34¾
New-York Central 6s	85 @ 87
New-York Central 7s	93 @ 95
Erie Railroad 7s, and Sinking Fund	38 @ 42
Erie Shares	13 @ 15
Panama R. Bonds, 1859	100 @102
Panama R., 1865	95 @ 97
Pennsylvania Central 6s, 1st mtg	91 @ 93

The London *Times* of Saturday reports sales of Illinois Central Bonds, 1875, at 80¾; Michigan Southern Sinking Fund, 68; Erie, third mortgage, 68.

HAVRE MARKET

For the week ending Feb. 23.

The COTTON market opened buoyant and closed firm: sales of the week, 9,000 bales; New-Orleans *très ordinaire*, 101f. Stock in port, 175,000 bales. The advices from the manufacturing districts for the week are favorable. BREADSTUFFS dull, but steady. ASHES firm, but quiet. OILS very firm. COFFEE quiet. RICE firm for Carolina, at 24@25 francs for old, and 28@32 francs for new. SUGAR quiet and nominal. LARD dull. WHALEBONE inactive and unchanged in price.

LATEST MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday afternoon.

Messrs. CLARE & SONS quote COTTON buoyant and advancing, under the pacific assurances in Parliament, and prices have advanced 1-16d.@⅛d. Holders ask, and in some cases get, 7¼d. for New-Orleans Middling. Estimated sales, to-day, 7,000 bales. Messrs. RICHARDSON, SPENCE & Co. quote BREADSTUFFS dull.

THE KENTUCKY TRAGEDY.

History of the Hawesville Trouble—Correspondence between Lowe and Maxwell.

From the Louisville Courier, March 8.

In times gone by the name of Kentuckian has been justly regarded as a synonym for all that is brave and chivalrous in our nature. Men met their foes warned and armed—man to man, and upon an equal footing; and when the fight was over, they would as soon have struck a woman in the travail of childbirth as raised a hand against a disarmed and wounded antagonist. But all this seems to be passing away. Now cowardice is offered as a justification for assassination. A Grand Jury of the country, upon their oaths, solemnly justify the murder of an unarmed, defenceless, wounded man, in jail, upon the ground that the miserable cowards who perpetrated the deed were afraid of him.

The following correspondence passed a few days since between Messrs. LOWE and MAXWELL:

HAWESVILLE, Ky., March 1, 1859.

MR. CICERO MAXWELL—*Sir*: Because you denounced me as a d—d juggler and a d—d tool of Jesse S. Taylor, and because I afterwards wrote a very peaceable note remonstrating against your course towards me; the object of which was to procure a peaceable settlement at your hands, which note you refused to receive, I threatened to horsewhip you. I was driven to the making of this threat because by your refusal to receive my note you placed me beyond the pale of gentlemanly consideration, and cut me off from all channels of communication in use among gentlemen. Through *eight months and one day* I have earnestly sought an amicable settlement of this matter, and have made *four earnest efforts* to obtain a peaceable settlement with you. Last night a negotiation between us for an amicable settlement was broken up on account of *your unjust demands* relative to the withdrawal of my threat to horsewhip you. After mature consideration, I now withdraw and forever obliterate my threat to horsewhip you. I now propose my entire willingness to accept a challenge from you, and pledge my personal standing to give you a fair fight. If you object to this, I will challenge you. If you do not accept to one of these propositions, in order to render me honorable satisfaction for the wrongs you have done me, I will shoo you down in the streets of Hawesville as I would a dog.

Very respectfully, THOS. S. LOWE.

HAWESVILLE, Ky., March 1, 1859.

MR. THOMAS S. LOWE—*Sir*: Being assured this morning by my friend Mr. WM. B. WALL, that you desired to address me a communication withdrawing the threats you have made against me, in order that our difficulty might be amicably adjusted, and being willing to do everything I could consistent with my honor to effect such an object, I consented to receive such a communication.

A communication from you was placed in my hands this morning, while engaged in a Jury cause, by Mr. WALL, which I received under the impression that it contained nothing but a withdrawal of the threats you have made against me. Had its contents been explained to me, situated as I was by your threats, I could not have received it, but having received and read it, I feel compelled to make some response. If you had stopped with the withdrawal of the threat, our difficulty, I have no doubt, would have soon been amicably settled, but your propositions, coupled as they are with such an outrageous threat, add but another insult to those I conceive I have received. I do not think for a moment of acceding to your proposition. Respectfully,

CICERO MAXWELL.

The *Courier* passes some severe censures upon the action of the Grand Jury of Hancock County, in indorsing the conduct of the assassins of LOWE, and adds, "Let us briefly review the facts in the case: LOWE considered himself aggrieved at MAXWELL's denouncing him as a d—d juggler and d—d tool of JESSE S. TAYLOR. For eight months he tried, by notes and messages to MAXWELL, and through the intervention of mutual friends, to adjust the insult and prevent a collision. All negotiations having failed, LOWE did that which he considered himself bound to do under the code of honor. He sent MAXWELL a note, offering to give or receive a challenge, and tendering a street fight as the alternative. MAXWELL declined both propositions and the alternative, by a written answer. On reception of MAXWELL's answer, LOWE sent him word to indicate a time at which they could meet. To this LOWE received no reply. LOWE then went upon the street, and in a public speech, reviewed the difficulty between himself and MAXWELL. He denounced MAXWELL in unmeasured terms, and declared that if MAXWELL did not meet him in half an hour, he would forever wipe him from his memory. While LOWE was speaking, MAXWELL, accompanied by MAYHALL, HARRIS, MORTON, WITHROW and others, approached him with rifles and shot-guns, and commenced firing upon him. LOWE having nothing but pistols, and not being prepared to stand against such weapons, attempted to get to his guns in another place. The firing was so hot upon him that he took refuge in the house of Mrs. SHARP, near by. His assailants went to the house and demanded that LOWE should come out. They promised him, upon their word of honor, that if he would lay down his arms and come out he should be protected. LOWE took them at their word, and came out after divesting himself of every weapon of defence, and delivering it into their possession. When he came out, thus unarmed, his assailants began to fire upon him again. LOWE fled amid a shower of their bullets, and after running some distance, was saved only by the interposition of A. M. MAYO, who placed his own body between the mob and their victim. LOWE was finally lodged in jail to protect him from the mob. He remained there all night, and the next morning HARDIN DAVIDSON and THOS WITHROW entered the prison, and shot him while he lay upon his bed wounded, exhausted and unarmed. After shooting him several times in the head and heart, they went out, but fearing that their work was not thoroughly done, they returned and fired a number of shots into his lifeless body.

Such are the leading facts in the case, without condemning or approving of the course of either LOWE or MAXWELL previous to the beginning of the tragedy on Tuesday last. The position of both parties up to that time will hereafter be laid before the world in the shape of the correspondence on the subject between them and their friends. And, with such facts before them, what are chivalrous Kentuckians to think of the terrible affair? The rumors set afloat as to the character of LOWE and his preparations for a fight, including his wearing of a coat of mail, will not justify the heinous crime of the taking of his blood as it was spilt.

Who believes the story of a coat of mail? Where is it? What truthful man has seen it? The oaths of a pyramid of such assassins would not be sufficient to raise even a suspicion that it was true. The lie is palpable, because the fact is physically impossible. No such coat of mail could be made and worn, as stated, that would resist a rifle-ball. If it be asked how LOWE escaped also from so many shots, we answer, the trembling hands of the assassins refused to execute the purpose of their craven hearts. We have no doubt that, in their fright and terror, one-half of them fired in the air, and the other half, perhaps, in all directions around them. This was the first act in this dread drama of cowardice canonized.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Funeral of the Late Postmaster-General.

The Appointment of Judge Holt and the Changes Consequent—Superintendent of Indian Affairs in California—Probable Resignation of Commissioner Denver, &c.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, March 10.

The funeral of the late Postmaster-General took place to-day. The funeral-procession formed at the President's House at 12¾ o'clock. The corpse lay in state in the East Room, and was viewed by many thousands of persons. The body looked quite natural, though emaciated.

The Senate was in attendance, headed by Mr. FITZPATRICK. The Vice-President headed the Cabinet.

The Diplomatic Corps were out in full strength, and many officers of the Army and Navy were present,—among them Flag-officer STEWART.

The procession was grand and imposing. Many private houses on the line of march were hung in mourning.

The family of deceased occupied rooms in the President's House prior to the moving of the procession.

The appointment of Judge HOLT to the Post-Office Department took the North Carolina delegates by surprise. Some of them had presented the name of Ex-Senator REID, when Mr. BUCHANAN objected to Mr. REID's physical condition, but said he was willing to appoint the Hon. LAURENCE O'B. BRANCH. Mr. BRANCH was then telegraphed for, but no answer was received. This delay was his defeat. A new combination was formed between Senators BRIGHT and YULEE, by which the latter's friend, Col. HOLT, should be promoted to the Postmaster-Generalship, leaving the Patent Office vacant for the benefit of the Hon. JAMES HUGHES, of Indiana, the special friend of Senator BRIGHT. Whether Mr. HUGHES will get it remains to be seen. What says SHUGERT? A new deal may give HUGHES something else, particularly as Commissioner HENDRICKS is to resign the General Land Office.

JAMES MCGUFFIE has been confirmed as Superintendent of Indian Affairs in California. This is the same gentleman who was appointed Marshal of California by President PIERCE, but who resigned, owing to popular clamor against the appointment, in consequence of his having been keeper of a gambling-house. Senator WELLER would not let the name go before the Senate. Commissioner DENVER again protested against MCGUFFIE's appointment to any position under the Indian Bureau, and informed the President that he should resign if the appointment was made. Mr. NUGENT of California, however, insisted on the appointment being made over DENVER's protest. He has carried the day, and to-morrow General DENVER will resign his office as Commissioner of Indian Affairs. Thus we go.

Major BEN. MCCULLOCH resigned to-day the Marshalship of Texas, and his brother HENRY was appointed to the vacancy and confirmed. The gallant Major is still here, visiting the ladies and waiting for something to turn up. He seems disgusted with Sonora.

Mrs. SICKLES' mother left this afternoon for New-York. Mrs. S. still remains here. Mr. SICKLES appears quite calm. No steps have yet been taken by the Grand Jury in his case. Q.

[FROM THE REPORTER FOR THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

WASHINGTON, Thursday, March 10.

The Postmaster-General's remains lay in state this morning in the east room of the President's house, and crowds thronged thither. The services commenced at noon, and the address was delivered by the Rev. Mr. GRANBERRY, of the Southern Methodist Church. There were present the President and Cabinet, distinguished gentlemen of all branches of Government, relatives of the deceased, and others in the public service, together with the Diplomatic Corps, who were in full court dress. The procession was very long, consisting of both public and private carriages. While it was moving bells were tolled and minute guns were fired. The pavements were lined with spectators. The corpse was deposited in the Congressional cemetery, and is to be hereafter removed to Tennessee.

Congress having appropriated $100.000 to enable Lieutenant MULLAN to continue the establishment of the Military Road from Fort Walla Walla, on the Columbia, to Fort Benton on the Missouri River, he will leave this city next week for the scene of his labors. The road will pass through a wild and hitherto unexplored region, and when completed, prove of great advantage to immigration into Oregon and Washington Territories.

The Senate to-day confirmed the nomination of MURRAY WHARTON as Collector of Erie, Pennsylvania; J. S. M. VAN CLEAVE as District-Attorney for Washington Territory; and ANDREW J. THAYER as District-Attorney for Oregon.

Judge HOLT had not to-day resigned the office of Commissioner of Patents. Had he done so while the Senate was in session, there would have been a legal necessity for the immediate appointment of his successor, for which the President is not yet prepared.

A number of Senators left this evening for their homes.

Senator BIGLER and his family proceed to-morrow to Harrisburg.

EXTRA SESSION OF THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, March 10.

Less than a quorum was present.

Mr. RICE, from the Committee appointed to wait on the President, reported the performance of that duty, and that the President had no further communication to make, whereupon the Senate adjourned.

Affairs in Boston.

ATTEMPT TO BURN THE MASSACHUSETTS STATE HOUSE—OUR AMERICAN COUSIN.

BOSTON, Thursday, March 10.

An attempt was made this afternoon at 3 o'clock, to set fire to the State House, by firing a large bin, filled with shavings, in the basement. When the alarm was given and during the confusion, two suspicious-looking persons attempted to force their way into the coat-room assigned for members. The smoke filled the whole building. The Senate took a recess, and the House suspended business for a short time. Both Houses were filled with spectators and members at the time, and the excitement was very great. The fire was extinguished without much damage, but there is no doubt that it was purposely set.

The petition of Miss LAURA KEENE for an injunction to restrain the performance of "Our American Cousin" at the Boston Museum was heard to-day before the Supreme Court. The respondent, the Hon. MOSES KIMBALL, not being fully ready with his evidence in denial of Miss KEENE's exclusive ownership of the play, gave bonds in $1,500 damages, if any should be decreed at a future hearing, and will continue to enact the piece.

The LaCrosse and Milwaukee Railroad and Gov. Bashford.

MADISON, Wis., Thursday, March 10.

The Legislative Committee, consisting of three Republicans and two Democrats, appointed at the request of Ex-Governor BASHFORD, to investigate the charges of corruption preferred against him in connection with the disposition of the land grant to the LaCrosse Railroad Company, have made a unanimous report fully exonerating him and justifying his official conduct as being highly honorable, and in the opinion of the Committee directed solely to the promotion of the best interests of the State.

Wheat Receipts at Chicago.

CHICAGO, Thursday, March 10.

The *Commercial Express* states to-day, that the deficit in the receipts of Wheat at this point, from the harvest of 1858, has reached 5,286,000 bushels as compared with the previous crop. The total accumulation of grain and flour last week, was equal to 73,000 bushels, against 145,000 for the same week last year. The receipts of Wheat here since Jan. 1, foot up 120,000 bushels less than those at Milwaukee.

Navigation of the Hudson.

RONDOUT, Thursday, March 10.

The steamer *North America* arrived here this morning, from New-York. She met with large quantities of ice between this place and Poughkeepsie. The *North America* leaves for New-York as soon as her wheels are repaired of the damage done by the ice.

The Ohio State Treasury Defalcation.

CLEVELAND, Thursday, March 10.

The Commissioners appointed by the Legislature to investigate Mr. BRESLIN's defalcation in the State Treasury, have made a voluminous report.

They visited BRESLIN in Canada, and the latter states that he has concealed $200,000, and proposes to repay it into the Treasury. He declares he never received the hundred and fifty thousand charged against him. The balance of about $200,000 has been lost chiefly in loans to insolvent railway companies, and by establishing the Bank of Indianapolis, with auxiliaries through the State, and various other banking projects in Ohio, Indiana, Virginia, and Maryland. The report implicates Mr. BRESLIN's predecessor, Mr. BLISS, in similar transactions, and Mr. GIBSON, BRESLIN's successor, in aiding BRESLIN to conceal the defalcation.

The California Overland Mail.

ST. LOUIS, Thursday, March 10.

The Overland Mail, which arrived here yesterday, brings the following shipping intelligence:

Arrived at Honolulu, Jan. 12, brigantine *Argonaut*, from New-Bedford. Sailed, Dec. 14, bark *Alexander*, for New-London; 24th, clipper-ship *Yorick* and ship *Cowper*, for New-Bedford.

Fire in Southbridge, Mass.

SOUTHBRIDGE, Thursday, March 10.

A great fire occurred in Southbridge this morning. TURNER's Hotel, and barn adjoining, with forty horses, PHELPS' jewelry store, SIMPSON's oyster saloon, and EDWARDS' gas house, were all destroyed. The goods in Mr. EDWARDS' store were partially damaged. The loss is about $20,000, and is partially covered by insurance.

The Schooner Luther Child.

NORFOLK, Wednesday, March 9.

The schooner *Luther Child*, from Arizaba, bound to Philadelphia, with sugar, has arrived here. Capt. NICKERSON was lost overboard Dec. 26, (before reported.) The vessel is in charge of a Custom-house officer.

The Wanderer's Slaves.

AUGUSTA, Thursday, March 10.

Many rumors are afloat about the seizure and re-arrest of the *Wanderer's* Africans. Bloody results are feared.

Weather Reports.... THURSDAY, March 10.

BALTIMORE.—Clear and pleasant.
WASHINGTON.—Clear and pleasant.
PETERSBURG.—Clear. Therm. 52°
NORFOLK.—Therm. 58°. Wind S.W.
LYNCHBURG.—Cloudy. Therm. 52°.
KNOXVILLE.—Clear. Therm. 47°.
CHATTANOOGA.—Clear. Therm. 49°.
WILMINGTON.—Clear and warm.
CHARLESTON.—Clear. Therm. 55°. Wind S. W.
AUGUSTA.—Pleasant
SAVANNAH.—Clear. Therm. 55°. Wind N. E.
MACON.—Clear and pleasant.
MONTGOMERY.—Clear and pleasant.
MOBILE.—Cloudy. Therm. 58°.
NEW-ORLEANS.—Clear. Therm. 60°. Wind E.
CUMBERLAND.—Clear and pleasant.
WHEELING.—Clear and pleasant.
CINCINNATI.—Clear and pleasant.

The Campaign Opened in Virginia—Mr. Letcher in the Field.

The Hon. JOHN LETCHER, the Democratic candidate for Governor of Virginia, opened the canvass at Woodstock, Va., on Monday last, in the presence of a large crowd, who manifested much enthusiasm.

Mr. LETCHER said he appeared to render an account of his stewardship. He had heard of no disapprobation among his constituents, yet as his opponents had attacked his Congressional career, he must vindicate himself from their aspersions. He had been condemned for opposing the passage of the act pensioning the soldiers of the war of 1812, popularly called the "Old Soldiers' bill." So much did his action in that particular meet the approval of his conscience, that even were the loss of the Gubernatorial office involved, he would maintain the iniquity of the act in the face of the nation.

He had been attacked for opposing another scheme for depleting the public Treasury—the bill donating lands to the States for the establishment of agricultural colleges. This would take 26,000,000 of acres of the public land, and so divide it that Virginia, being compelled to use scrip, while Iowa took the lands themselves, would be robbed of her just proportion. This bill was a Federal usurpation of powers reserved under the Constitution to the States. The President had done his duty in this matter, and deserved the approbation of every patriot in the land.

The Opposition in order to stop the supplies derived from the sales of public lands, and thus render necessary an increase of the tariff, passed the Homestead bill. This increase in the tariff he had always opposed. He thought that the tariff of 1857 should have a fair trial before it was interfered with. If proper entries were made with the lands in California; the mines sold before they were robbed; the mineral lands in California and at Pike's Peak brought into market, means auxiliary to the ordinary revenue from lands and customs, sufficient to meet the current expenses of the Government might be raised. He commented with severity upon the features of Mr. MORRILL's tariff bill, said that a high tariff would be upset in twelve months after its passage, and would bankrupt the manufactures that rose under it. Protective legislation was necessarily class legislation.

The convention at Richmond denounced alien suffrage; and yet Mr. FILLMORE had signed the bill organizing the Territory of Washington, which permitted it. Mr. LETCHER was of the opinion that naturalized citizens alone should be permitted to vote in either States or Territories.

Mr. Thurston, the Lost Æronaut, Found.

From the Cleveland Leader, 9th.

It will be recollected that on the 16th of September last, Mr. IRA J. THURSTON made an unexpected balloon ascension from the vicinity of Adrian, Mich., that the balloon was some days after found in the vicinity of St. Clair river, but the fate of the poor æronaut remained involved in mystery though extensive search was made for his body, and the lights of Spiritualism were invoked and proved a will-o-wisp as usual. Some of the pretended spirit revelations were that THURSTON reached the earth alive and was then in a nearly inaccessible hut in the St. Clair marshes; and the latest was that the exact locality of his body had been found—that the force of the fall had buried it deep in the soft marsh—that a pole thrust down had brought up hair from the head of the unfortunate man—that the water and soft earth filled the hole so rapidly that an excavation to the body could not be made without curbing, which would be done as soon as ice was formed sufficiently strong to permit the work to progress with safety!

Mr. THURSTON's case was a singular and a sad one, and excited much interest. He had made a successful ascension with Mr. BANNISTER, and while securing the balloon after descending, and after removing the car, it suddenly rose, while Mr. THURSTON was upon it, and rapidly disappeared. As it rose, Mr. T. clung to the portion on which he was seated, and remarked to Mr. B. that it would soon come down again. The balloon was afterwards discovered at a great height, and as it approached the earth some persons fancied they discovered an object still clinging to it.

The body of Mr. THURSTON was accidentally found on the 6th inst., about ten miles from the place of his second ascension. It was in an obscure lot, about a mile north of Sylvania, and the remains were brought to Adrian, and fully identified. The body was much decomposed, but a watch, money, and several articles easily recognized, were found with the remains.

CURIOUS PETITION FROM A QUARTETTE OF MURDERERS.—The four condemned murderers, GAMBRILL, CROPPS, CORRIE and CYPHUS, who are sentenced to be executed at Baltimore, on the 18th inst., have addressed a joint letter to Sheriff CREAMER, requesting that they shall not be hung in shrouds. There being no law requ

FROM CANADA.

The New Tariff of Customs Duties—Ad Valorem Duties Adopted—The Interests of Montreal vs. Those of New-York—Proposed Customs Union between Canada and the United States.

From Our Own Correspondent.

TORONTO, Monday, March 7, 1859.

The Inspector-General or Finance Minister has just introduced his new Tariff, and, as he is humanly certain to carry it through the House, it is not out of place to comment on it now.

We have hitherto had a mixed Tariff of specific and *ad valorem* duties—or, as you say down East, a vertical, a horizontal, and an inclined scale. The new Tariff imposes *ad valorem* duties on everything, excepting whisky.

There is one consideration as it regards the comparative merits of specific and *ad valorem* duties which has weight in Canada but not in the States. As the duties are charged on the value of the article at the place whence last imported, *ad valorem* duties hold out inducements for the merchants of Montreal and Quebec to import tea from China, sugar from Cuba, &c., thus offering a premium to those cities as against New-York and Boston. Upper Canada, it is thought, will hereafter be driven to buy goods at Montreal instead of at New-York. It is a delicate question for economists to solve, whether it is advantageous for the Province thus to isolate itself, commercially, from the States. But it certainly does lead to the individual advantage of the Finance Minister's friends. They say, in England, that a knowledge of the family relations of the Peers is the key to the policy of the Empire and the composition of Ministries. It would seem that here, too, family relationships influence our Tariffs. There is only one importer of tea from China in the country, and he is Mr. TORRANCE, of Montreal, Mr. GALT's cousin. There is only one refiner of sugar—Mr. REDPATH, Mr. GALT's most intimate friend, and a relative of another of the Ministry. And for the benefit of these two gentlemen the *ad valorem* duties on tea and sugar—the poor man's only luxuries—are enormously increased.

But as the scale of duties is of no little consequence to your business men, I must make an epitome of it, and leave further comment.

Goods paying 50 per cent.—Brandy, Gin, Rum, &c.

Goods paying 40 per cent.—Sugar, refined, or equal to refined, (duty to be reduced, on a sliding scale, in four years, to 15 per cent.)

Goods paying 30 per cent.—(Sliding scale of a similar nature)—Sugar not refined, Molasses.

Goods paying 20 per cent.—(Similar sliding scale)—Tea; Coffee, green.

Goods paying 25 per cent.—Boots and Shoes, Harness and Saddlery, Soap and Starch.

Goods paying 20 per cent.—Unenumerated articles—including almost all manufactures, Woolens, Cottons, Tobacco, &c.

Goods paying 15 per cent.—Book and News Printing Paper.

Goods paying 10 per cent.—Ships; Brass, Iron, Lead, Tin, Zinc, &c., in Bars, Sheets, Wire, Tubes, &c.; Railway Locomotive Power, Rails, &c., &c.

Specific Duties.—Whisky, 18 cents per gallon.

Free Goods.—This list is slightly increased, and includes (under reciprocity) all the raw productions of the soil; Tin in blocks or pigs; Cordage, &c., for ship-building.

The principal merit of this new Tariff is that it is an approximation to the scale of duties in vogue with you. It is therefore considered a step in advance towards the realization of a scheme which is attracting more and more attention here from year to year; viz. a *zoll-verein* or customs union between Canada and the United States. It is thought, by many of our public men, that such a union would be productive of the greatest advantages to both countries. It would be a completion of the work which the negotiators of the Reciprocity Treaty commenced. It would save great expense both to Canada and the States, as all interior Custom-houses could be abolished. It would give a wonderful impetus to the trade of the Lakes, and Chicago, Detroit and Milwaukee would all virtually become seaports. This would add, at once, 20 per cent. to the value of the millions of acres of land in the States tributary to the commerce of those cities. It would secure to the United States as well as to Canada all the advantages of political annexation, without the expense to the former, or degradation to the latter, of a purchase or conquest.

The Government here have not yet taken up this idea; they cannot well initiate any project for carrying it out. It involves Imperial interests, and therefore English or American statesmen must advocate it, if it is to be advocated with any effect. But Mr. MERRITT, of Welland Canal notoriety, and Mr. BUCHANAN, the largest merchant in Canada, are in favor of it, while Mr. DUBORD, of Quebec, who says the continent should be all American or all British, would doubtless advocate it too, and these are the three members of our Parliament who have most influence on our commercial policy.

FROM ARIZONA TERRITORY.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

TUBAC, Wednesday, Feb, 15, 1859.

Poor Sonora, she is destined to be destroyed in some way or other. While PESQUERA is fighting at the South, endeavoring to get possession of the city of Mazatlan, the deadly Apaches are overrunning the whole North, robbing and murdering the Mexican without mercy.

Some weeks since Capt. EWELL, the Commander at Fort Buchanan, made a treaty with all the *families* of the Apache tribe, excepting the Penals. They refused to come in, and agreed to live in peace with the whites. This treaty did not prevent their incursions into Sonora, and at present there are not less than one thousand in the northern part of that unfortunate State, and the poor cowardly Sonorians are afraid to venture out of their houses. What little stock they have is being driven off, and their ranches are left without cultivation. Unless some protection, or *Protectorate* is given Sonora by the Americans, it will soon be destitute of its almost only resource—stock, and must be soon entirely depopulated.

The Penal Apaches are yet stealing from us. A few nights since they took six horses from the Arivaca Ranch, belonging to the Sonora Exploring and Mining Company, killing several cattle. They are adroit thieves and not easily caught. On the 20th of the present month, Capt. EWELL, of the 1st Dragoons, starts into their country north of the Gila, and next east of the Pimo settlement, on a campaign of "destruction or extermination." His command will consist of about one hundred regulars, (1st Dragoons) a few volunteers, together with a few warriors of the Papago tribe of Indians, who entertained a deadly hatred of the Apaches. The number of men is much too small for such an expedition, but *it consists of all the available troops in the Territory.* What is wanting in numbers, will in a measure be made up in the perseverance, bravery and sound judgment of the commander, as no better "Indian campaigner," can be found in the Army than Capt. EWELL.

We have dates here from Guaymas, brought by a special messenger, to the 29th ult. At that time no United States vessel-of-war was in port, and a difficulty was apprehended between Capt. STONE's party and the authorities. A quantity of arms had been seized by PESQUERA's officers, and sent off to his army near Mazatlan. As soon as they were shipped, Capt. STONE sent his surveying-vessel after them. The authorities say that if they are brought back, they will at once attack STONE's quarters. When the messenger left, no tidings were had of the vessels.

Capt. STONE's party is not popular with either the authorities or the people. It is looked upon as a kind of fillibuster expedition in a peaceable way. Should they be attacked, it is feared they will be destroyed, as they are not likely to get any assistance from the native population. There will be no safety to life or property in Sonora until it is occupied by our troops, either as proposed by the President or by treaty stipulation with the central powers at the City of Mexico.

It is thought PESQUERA will be beaten at Mazatlan by the Gandara forces, who are in possession of the city. Should this be the case, a new Governor will be proclaimed, but not GANDARA; some new man, undoubtedly, in the Gandara interest. Much interest is, of course, felt in the result of the expedition.

The citizens here are much interested in occasionally seeing stray copies of the TIMES, containing articles from the pen of E. E. DUNBAR. They contain the only truthful history of the Territory yet published. Those I have seen are true to the letter, and give one unacquainted with the country a perfect idea of its condition, resources, climate, &c. They are somewhat in contrast to many letters *purporting* to have been written in the Territory—I regret to say, in some cases by Government officials, from whom truth should have been expected; but interest seems to have got the better of their judgment. TUBAC.

The Mormons Extolling Gov. Cumming.

The report of Gov. CUMMING's amicable relations with the Mormons is confirmed by the following official minute of the proceedings of the Utah Legislature, on the 21st of January. The resolutions were moved by ORSON HYDE.

"*Be it resolved by the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Utah, in joint session*, That we highly appreciate the labors and services of his Excellency Governor A. CUMMING, in correctly reporting to the Government at Washington concerning the public records and library of this Territory. And

Be it further resolved, That his general bearing towards the citizens of Utah has been gentlemanly, courteous and satisfactory; and that his firm, independent and impartial course has given strength and power to his Administration, and his skill and wisdom have essentially aided in preserving the public peace; and that these resolutions be published in the Deseret *News*."

DANIEL H. WELLS,
President of the Council.
JOHN TAYLOR,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, Jan. 21, 1859.

Not Fair Play.

From the Evening Post.

Audi alterem partem is a just and fair maxim. The signature "Fair Play," assumed by your correspondent of Saturday, seems to the writer badly selected, if intended to apply to the contents of his paper. He at the same moment objects to a supposed attempt by some of the journals to "whitewash SICKLES' friend," and applies his black paint to Mr. SICKLES with an unsparing hand. It seems to the writer that to be "fair" is to be open, ingenuous and honest, and never to put into an anonymous newspaper article that which you would not assert in person over your sign manual. Would "Fair Play" one short week since have stigmatized Mr. SICKLES as a "notorious scamp?" If he would not, it is very unfair to speak of a man overwhelmed by a great misfortune, and mentally as well as physically incapable of defending himself from even anonymous attacks. If he would have so spoken of Mr. SICKLES, the case would have come within the limits of the Code of Honor, with which "Fair Play" seems familiar in theory, and probably upholds in practice. It is only necessary here to say that, if such is his opinion of Mr. SICKLES, it is based upon the worst phases of a character which, like that of most men, has its mingling of good and evil, and probably upon the indiscretions of a wild and thoughtless youth, which have been treasured up and reproduced to darken the brilliancy of an active and successful manhood. It may be safely asserted that no man makes a rapid and decided progress in life without securing the ill-will of many who are either competitors or lookers on. A political success like that of Mr. SICKLES is attended with its full measure of such heart-burnings, and one who really seeks to give the aspirants for political honors "Fair Play" should weigh well the rumors to his disadvantage which reach him, and allow something for the asperities of partisan hostility and personal bias. He would find, in the first place, that Mr. SICKLES has never sought to cloak or disguise his foibles; that he has suffered much in the appreciation of the more conservative b, his very warmth of impulse and indifference to personal consequences, which have been the cause of his present unfortunate position—often assuming the quarrel of a friend and making it his own, when in so doing nothing was to be gained by him. Firm in his friendships, open-handed and generous in his moments of prosperity, frank and approachable in his intercourse with his constituents, and always accessible and prompt in his performance of his public duties, the indiscretions—which would have crushed a less prominent man, because, in the absence of other decided traits of character, they would fill the entire foreground—may obscure but could not eclipse the career of the rising statesman. There are many worthy and prominent citizens who, like the writer, are neither the "political cronies" of Mr. SICKLES, nor "high officers of State," nor yet, now or ever heretofore, connected with him in any way that renders it necessary that they should assume to be his champions, but who take a very different view of his situation from that assumed by "Fair Play."

It would have been more in accordance with the Code of Honor, which "Fair Play" advocates, for Mr. SICKLES, smarting under the sense of his dishonor and of the publicity which had been given to it by its cause—with the confession of adultery fresh in his hand, and his wife's paramour opposite to his window, and in his presence giving the signal for the renewal of his great wrong—to have controlled and subdued his feelings—to have allowed him to leave his rendezvous unharmed—to have sent his friend, Mr. BUTTERWORTH, to him with a message—to have delayed for the arrangement of preliminaries, awaited the choice of weapons by the challenged, and *then* gone out and shot Mr. KEY in cold blood—*for that Code would not justify Mr. Key in returning the fire.* This would have been, according to "Fair Play's" time-honored Code, perfectly regular, entirely respectable, and, if a somewhat theatrical and deliberate mode of taking the life of a fellow-man, at least one by which Mr. SICKLES would have come out of the matter with entire *éclat*.

It depends entirely upon a man's temperament how he resents a wrong. "Fair Play" would, "by a few years of honorable and useful career, wipe out from the public mind the remembrance of any dishonor his wife might have entailed upon him." Mr. SICKLES would have done so with the cry of "cuckold and coward" in the mouth of every ribald partisan opponent. Whatever might be said of Mr. SICKLES by his assailants, no one has ever pretended to question that he was a loving and indulgent husband, and that, however careworn and heavily burdened, engrossed with the official duties and their attendant social engagements incidental to the prominent position he aspired to, he ever gave a full share of his attention and devotion to his young family.

His confidence in his wife was as implicit and full as was her apparent devotion to him, and few who have seen them in the domestic circle would credit that in so short a period its apparent happiness would terminate in so frightful a tragedy. Into that circle Mr. KEY came as the friend of its head. Mr. SICKLES had indorsed his claim to the important situation he held under Government with his characteristic zeal, and its success had been largely owing to his influence. "Substituting"—to borrow "Fair Play's" *simile*—"for the ferocity of Malays and the treachery of Red Indians," the refined libertinism of the polished gentleman, he had eaten Mr. SICKLES' salt, sat a welcome guest at his table, seduced his wife, and, as it can be shown, boasted of his success, and of the disgrace of the man who had shown him signally his friendship. Mr. SICKLES heard of this wrong; he heard, also, that Mr. KEY had been warned that he had heard of it, and, while writhing under the effects of the ruin of his domestic circle, and the seal of disgrace which only a proud spirit can feel, saw his false friend at the moment waving his wife a signal for assignation. Several facts are to be borne in mind. 1st. That Mr. KEY had been warned of the discovery of his intrigue, and ventured on a meeting with a perfect knowledge of its boldness and danger. The letter containing the warning was found upon his person, and he had shown it to Mrs. SICKLES. 2d. That Washington has for years been a bear-garden, in which most travelers have ventured armed. 3d. That Mr. KEY sought SICKLES' house and neighborhood, and provoked the assault. 4th. That both Mr. SICKLES and Mr. BUTTERWORTH supposed him to be armed when the assault was made. 4th. That the custom of street assaults has become more general at the South and West than the duel, and Mr. KEY was, from his position, perfectly familiar with that fact. 6th. That Mr. SICKLES did not come upon him from behind or unawares, but openly, face to face, and gave him notice of his intended attack. 7th. That Mr. KEY drew his opera glass as he would a pistol, probably to intimidate Mr. SICKLES; that the whole thing, occurring in an instant, it is likely he so impressed Mr. SICKLES and Mr. BUTTERWORTH, and the latter could not have closed in and interfered without great personal danger. 8th. That Mr. KEY was Mr. SICKLES' superior physically, and at the outset, when but slightly wounded, seized Mr. SICKLES by the throat and held him at advantage and forced him back, and being admittedly a gallant man, might have easily pinioned him and prevented his drawing his second pistol from the skirt pocket of his overcoat. At this moment, in whose behalf should Mr. BUTTERWORTH have interfered? 9th. That Mr. BUTTERWORTH has stated that the assault at that time was a surprise to him, that he did not at least expect any collision on that day, and that he had no hand in bringing it about. Fair Play "supposes Mr. BUTTERWORTH's statements to be in every respect true." The friends of that gentleman have no doubt on that score, and nothing but the hurried telegraphic statements which first reached us, gathered hastily, under the excitements of the terrible calamity, from common report, has ever connected his name with its circumstances otherwise than as the casual eye-witness which he really was. Mr. BUTTERWORTH has acted in the most unexceptionable manner since the occurrence, courting inquiry, and, when an arrest was talked of, waiting at Washington, at great personal inconvenience, to await the inquiry. He is not a person to shrink from a position, however disagreeable, in which he is forced. In reference to the course he pursued, in not interfering in what he had a right to suppose was, at least, an equal affray, he had the same privilege which "Fair Play" might have exercised under similar circumstances—that of not interfering, at the risk of his life, to screen a man of whom he could not but hold an unfavorable opinion. In conclusion, I would suggest to "Fair Play" whether "the man who committeth adultery with another man's wife, even he that committeth adultery with his neighbor's wife, shall surely be put to death" (Leviticus, chap. xx., v. 10,) is not the basis of our common law, which recognizes as excusable homicide the killing by the husband at the moment of the offence; and whether he would, in all fairness, refuse to extend the justification to the man who, discovering at the same time the adultery and the signal for its renewal, is driven to frenzy—who rushes into the dreadful position in which Mr. SICKLES is placed, and whether it is not necessary to wait until trial, desolation, and the ruin of all we hold dear, darken our own hearth-stone, before we decide what constitutes

REAL FAIR PLAY.

A CASE OF JEALOUSY AND SUICIDE—A YOUNG WIFE BLOWING OUT HER BRAINS.—The Cincinnati *Inquirer* has the following:

"For some weeks past, a man named EMANUEL GERARD, a Hungarian by birth, about 30 years of age, a cigar dealer at No. 620 Vine-street, opposite Green, had been jealous of his wife, LUDWIGA, a young and beautiful woman, also of Hungarian extraction, much admired for her mental culture, elegance of manners, and brilliancy of conversation. Until within a few days, GERARD's jealousy had assumed no definite shape, nor had he suspected her of having any particular lover, but last week he found among her papers, in one of her drawers, a note addressed to a certain Dr. BULOW, a German, residing at the corner of Liberty and Sycamore streets, appointing a rendezvous with him at the Post-office on the following Sunday. On that day, the husband employed one of his apprentices, JACOB GOEBEL, a lad of 14, to follow Mrs. GERARD when she went out. The boy did so; saw her meet the Doctor at the appointed place, and walk arm and arm with him for several squares, leaving him near the corner of Seventh and Plum, and return home. Yesterday evening, a little after 6 o'clock, while Mr. GERARD and the apprentice were in the shop, the husband mentioned to his wife his doubt of her affection and her fidelity, at which, as usual, she became indignant, and replied bitterly. The scene increased in intensity, and both became enraged, but as all that was said was in Hungarian, the boy could not understand it. He perceived, however, from GERARD's showing the letter, that he had revealed her rendezvous with the Doctor, and probably charged that he was her lover. At this the wife seemed startled, but not overcome. At first she turned pale, then the blood flushed her face and neck and brow, and her eyes lighted with a strange fire. She did not speak a word more, but stepping slowly across the room, took down a double-barreled pistol hanging on the wall, and cocking it, put it to her right temple, pulled the trigger, and fell at her husband's feet, who, seeing her purpose, had hurried toward her—a mangled corpse—half of her head having been blown off by the discharge of the weapon.

CAPTURE OF A SLAVER—SUICIDE OF THE CAPTAIN.—Captain KRUG, of the brig *Frances Jane*, from Mayaguez, and Captain STAPLES, of the schooner *Hawk*, from Ponce, P. R., report that a Spanish bark from the coast of Africa, with 550 negroes on board, while attempting to effect a landing had gone ashore, about the 6th ult., on a reef on the east end of the island, and went to pieces, and it was reported that the Captain of the slaver had committed suicide. The authorities immediately dispatched a Government steamer to her, but she had not returned at the time of the departure of the above vessels.—*Baltimore Exchange.*

VETO MESSAGE OF GOV. MORGAN.—Gov. MORGAN has vetoed the bill authorizing the Directors of the Sennett and Auburn Plank Road Company to assess its stockholders. The Governor's objections are that it gives a majority in amount of the stockholders the power to compel all stockholders, under penalty of forfeiture, to pay an additional assessment, although they have already paid up the full par value. He is of opinion that the Legislature should not grant such a power to any set of men.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDAR—FRIDAY, MARCH 11.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.—Nos. 107, 50, 51, 98, 99, 100, 101, 104, 108, 109, 41, 52, 53, 55.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—*Part I.*—Oyer and Terminer. *Part II.*—Same as yesterday. *Part III.*—Nos. 153. 196, 396, 1585, 1586, 1520, 2065, 1730, 1819. 1790, 1990, 2058, 1899, 2314, 2103. to 2106, 2142, 2221, 2893, 2316, 2417, 2851, 2639, 2822, 2831, 3037½, 2347, 2458, 2445,, 2870, 2889, 3042, 3132, 3075, 3097, 3110. 3122, 3147. 3137, 1612, 2893, 3033, 450, 1025, 1295, 1453. 2225, 1536, 1619, 1641, 1642, 1667, 2075, 3132, 2399, 2412, 2817, 2940, 3033, 3113, 3162, 3415, 3439, 3442, 3448, 3454.

SPECIAL TERM—Nos. 1, 51, 53, 84 to 90, 93 to 97, 99, 100, 102, 103, 211.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.—*Calendar for the Old Rooms*—Nos. 227, 462, 133, 561, 566½. 571, 572, 582, 401,1644, 1645, 587. 590, 591, 593, 594, 606, 607, 616, 624, 627. 628 553 to 559, 585, 920, 534. *For New Room.*—Nos. 538, 537, 636, 647 to 652, 654, 655, 657 to 660.

COMMON PLEAS—*Part I.*—Nos. 686, 727, 616, 321, 267, 745, 763, 767. 770, 771. 90, 790, 791, 795, 797. *Part II.*—Nos. 287, 247, 711, 605, 707, 756, 624, 774, 780 to 789.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM—March 10.

Before Justice Ingraham.

MOTION FOR DISCOVERY.

Lynch vs. *Henderson.*—This was a motion for an order for delivery of a copy of a printed book to plaintiff, to enable him to prepare his complaint.

INGRAHAM, J.—The plaintiff moves for an order compelling the defendant to deliver to him a copy of a printed book in his possession, on the supposition that it contains libellous matter against the plaintiff in order to enable him to prepare his complaint in this action.

Without expressing any opinion as to the propriety of compelling a defendant in an action for a libel to deliver to the plaintiff a copy of the libel, I am clearly of the opinion that this motion should not be granted, because:

1. The affidavits do not show what is stated in the book of which the plaintiff seeks a discovery, and, therefore, the Court cannot decide whether it is material or not.

2. Because the affidavits do not specify any particular information desired, so that the Court could order a sworn copy to be delivered.

3. Because the plaintiff is not entitled to the whole book, but only to the particular article on which his action is founded.

Motion denied, without prejudice to another motion, on payment of $10 costs.

Before Justice Davies.

SPLITTING DEMANDS.

Acherman vs. *Campbell & Moody.*—This was demurer to the complaint. The complaint stated that on Jan. 6, 1858, defendants purchased of Goff & Russell timber to the amount of $5,300 and upward. That the whole indebtedness remained unpaid in September, 1858. That at that date Goff & Russell assigned to the plaintiff a portion of the indebtedness, viz.: $1,366 86. This suit was brought on the portion so assigned.

The defendants demurred to the complaint on the ground of defect of parties; that Goff & Russell were necessary parties and should have been joined. The cause was heard two or three days since.

Justice DAVIES sustained the demurrer. He spoke with severity of the "splitting process," saying he had not known it to be attempted before except in suits against the corporation; that it was wholly illegal and ought not to be tolerated.

Ordered that defendant have judgment on the demurrer with leave to the plaintiff to serve an amended complaint within twenty days.

Before Justice Clerke.

FRAUD CHARGED ON A CHURCH.

Jonas Sparks vs. *The Central Park Baptist Church.*—This was a motion for an injunction under 9219 of the Code, on allegations that the defendants were about to dispose of their church edifice in Fifty-third-street with intent to defraud plaintiff who is a creditor of the church. The plaintiff sought to restrain the intended sale.

The counsel for the Church read affidavits showing the circumstances, terms, &c., of the sale intended; and also averring that plaintiff had no valid claim against them beyond $700. He also contended that the section of the Code relied on did not embrace religious corporations; and that a corporation could not be held guilty in law of an intent to defraud which could be the basis of an injunction.

CLERKE, J., denied the motion with costs. He held that the plaintiff was bound to show an actual fraudulent intent on the part of the defendants. He had not shown this; on the contrary, it appeared that so far from meditating a fraud, the Church were making a careful provision for the payment of the plaintiff's claim.

John M. Martin vs. *Cornelius Kanouse, et al.*—Motion to amend judgment roll denied without costs.

Benjamin T. Babcock vs. *William C. Maitland.*—Motion for a commission denied without costs.

Application of Mary Jane Whitlock and others for leave to sell real estate.—Report confirmed.

CIRCUIT.

Before Justice Ingraham.

Bank of Wilmington vs. *Robert G. Barnes.*—This is the action to recover damages for alleged false representations of the credit of Bateman & Rudderow, in consequence of which plaintiffs were induced to discount their paper largely. The facts were given at length in the *Times* of March 8th and 10th.

The Jury, after a long consultation, were unable to agree, and were discharged.

Before Justice Davies.

FRAUDULENT MISREPRESENTATIONS ON SALE OF A FARM.

Stephen C. Wood vs. *Robert Chew et al.*—This case has been tried before. On the last trial, when the plaintiff recovered $1,700—less than he claimed—both parties appealed to the General Term. The General Term held that as both plaintiff and defendants desired a new trial, they might be gratified; and they reversed the judgment.

The action is brought on a bond and mortgage, which the defendant, Robert Chew, made to Robert Walker, (joined as defendant originally, but since dead,) and which Walker assigned to plaintiff. The bond and morigage was made for $3,500. It was assigned to plaintiff as collateral security for a loan of $1,700, made on Nov. 18, 1851, the day of the assignment, and also, as the plaintiff alleges, for the further sum of $200, which he loaned Walker in February following. This sum the Court disallowed the plaintiff on the former trial.

The defence is that the defendant Chew was induced to purchase the mortgaged premises of Walker, to whom they formerly belonged, by false and fraudulent representations as to their value. That he was by these representations induced to pay $3,500 in cash, and by assuming a mortgage, and to give this mortgage for the balance; whereas the farm was not worth more than the $3,500 paid.

Defendant Chew contests the mortgage as fraudulent and void, on account of these false representations.

Several days have been occupied in evidence on both sides of the question of the alleged frauds.

Mr. Kissam for the plaintiff; Mr. Sears for the defendants.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Before Chief Justice Bosworth.

THE JOSEPH WALKER CASE.

Barnes vs. *Fernando Wood and eight others, policeman.*—This is an assault and battery case, arising out of the removal of the sunken ship *Joseph Walker*, from the East River, near the foot of Dover-street.

It will be recollected that shortly after Mr. Wood's inauguration as Mayor, complaint was made to him that the ship had remained sunken in the river for some eighteen months, and was detrimental to the general health of the vicinity; that in consequence of this complaint he gave directions to Mr. Jones, the contractor for the removal of the vessel, to finish the work immediately, it then being three months after the expiration of the time allotted for fulfilling the contract. Upon this notification, on the 15th of October, 1858, Jones repaired to the pier, and finding there eight policeman belonging to the Mayor's Squad—a part of whose duty was to patrol the piers—requested their assistance in removing Barnes and others from the wreck. With their assistance the ship was cleared; and from the manner in which this was done, arises this action. Barnes asserts that one of the policeman threw him overboard. The Sergeant of the Squad says that while these two men were endeavoring to seize Barnes, he allowed himself to slide into the water, between the vessel and the right forward chains.

To-day the Court has been occupied exclusively with impannelling a Jury.

F. B. Cutting for plaintiff; J. W. Edmonds for defendant.

SPECIAL TERM.

Before Justice Pierrepont.

Nesmith vs. *The Atlantic Insurance Company.*—Motion denied. Notes of opinion with special clerk.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM.

Before Judge Daly.

Leverett E. Rice et al. vs. *Wm. S. Fogg.*—The story of this case is that in May, 1857, the plaintiffs sold a quantity of "moss" to one Chas. Fogg. They were induced to make this sale, they allege, on representations and recommendations made by William S. Fogg, the brother of Charles, that the latter was good for the amount. The price agreed on was $619 55, for which Charles Fogg gave his note at four months. Plaintiffs say that they asked defendant to indorse the note, which he declined to do, assigning as a reason that there was a little misunderstanding between himself and his brother. But he repeated the assurance that his brother was good and would pay the note. A short time before the maturity of the note Charles Fogg made a general assignment of all his property, making his brother William a preferred creditor to the amount of $4,500.

The plaintiffs failing to collect their note, brought this action, alleging the sale to have been procured by William S., by means of false and fraudulent representations.

The defendant denies having made the representations alleged; and he also denies the value of the goods sold.

The trial of the cause was commenced on Wednesday and continued to-day, when the plaintiff completed putting in their proofs. The defence then moved for a dismissal of the complaint. This was denied, and the rest of the day has been occupied with their evidence.

Whitehead and Furman for plaintiffs; F. H. Upton for defendant.

Trial of James Stephens for the Murder of His Wife by Poison—Important Testimony of Miss Fanny Bell.

THIRD DAY.

COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER.

Before the Hon. Judge Roosevelt.

The interest attaching to this remarkable trial was greatly increased yesterday by the testimony of Miss Fanny Bell, youngest neice of the deceased Mrs. Stephens, and sister of Sophia Bell, who testified on Tuesday and Wednesday. The Court room was crowded to its utmost capacity, and hundreds of applicants were unable to obtain even a peep at the inside. Artists for the illustrated papers were present, engaged in transferring the faces and figures of all the prominent parties, prisoner, witnesses, and the five honorable counsel, besides the honorable Judge, to paper, for the due gratification of the public taste for such celebrities.

Fanny Bell, examined by Mr. Shaffer—I now reside at No. 69 Third-avenue; I am between 19 and 20 years of age; I am the sister of Sophia Bell; Mrs. Stephens was my aunt; my native place is Ireland, County Cavan; I had a slight acquaintance with Jas. Stephens in Ireland; I saw him in my father's house; Mrs. Stephens' name before marriage was Sophia Bell; I have been in this country a little more than two years; I was sick, and the doctor ordered me to go to sea; my sister heard of it, and she and Mr. Stephens wrote for me to come to America; I did so, intending to return in a year; I stopped, on my arrival here, at Stephens' house; I remained there until after my aunt's death; my aunt was taken sick in September, 1857; she was taken sick and buried in three weeks; she had never been sick before, to my knowledge; she did all her own work, and the work of the family; before she was taken sick I was working in a millinery establishment in Broadway; when she was taken sick I went home and attended to her until she died; I was at home when Dr. Cadmus came there; he called twice to see her; Mr. Stephens called him in the first time; he said he would send a doctor, and she said she did not require it; when Dr. C. first called, my aunt was out to market; the doctor remained till she came in; he did not prescribe for her then, but called the next day; she said nothing was the matter with her unless her lungs were affected; he examined her lungs; he said nothing was the matter, and she would be well enough in a few days; Dr. Iremonger was called in about a week after Dr. Cadmus'; second visit; my aunt was confined to bed sometimes, and unable to sit up sometimes; she complained of burning in her chest and stomach; she complained more and grew worse towards the latter part of the week; she partook of fruit during that time—apples and oranges; Stephens pealed the oranges for her once or twice, I do not know how often; once he cut one orange in pieces; he gave it to my aunt; she vomited, as she did always after eating during her sickness; she never vomited before her sickness; she vomited five minutes after eating the orange; this orange was eaten about three days before Doctor Iremonger was called in; Stephens first pealed the orange, then cut it up, then put some sugar on it, and gave it to my aunt; before Dr. Iremonger was called in, she complained of burning in her chest, and vomiting; she said she felt as if there was a ball of fire in her chest, and if she could only take it out she would be well; during that time my own health was very good, but once; one day, after dinner, we had some rice for dessert; I prepared the rice, and when at dinner Stephens put some on a plate and took it to my aunt; my aunt was then in bed; sugar was put by Mr. Stephens on the rice; he gave her the rice and she commenced eating it, and he left the house; after I finished my dinner, I went into my aunt's room and sat down; she said she had taken enough, and it was very good, and asked me to take some; I ate some, and set the rest down; I was talking to my aunt a few minutes, when I felt my head grow dizzy; I went out to my own room and commenced vomiting; my aunt was vomiting when I left the room; I continued to vomit freely for a long time; my aunt got up in her bed from the room and came into my room, and told me that her child Bella was just come home from school, and had eaten the rest of the rice, and had vomited also; I labored under my sickness all the afternoon; my aunt sent for Mr. Stephens, and a few minutes afterwards he came in; after he came in he said he would go for an emetic for me, and I said I would not take any; he insisted and I refused, as I was then exhausted from vomiting; the child Bella my aunt had taken into bed with her; I told Stephens that the child was sick vomiting; he went to see her, and said she was better; he gave me two glasses of salt and water, and said when I had vomited all off, I would feel better; I do not know that he did anything for Mrs. Stephens; before my aunt partook of that rice she was much better; the deceased was preparing to go to a funeral and Mr. Stephens got dressed himself; she wanted to know if he would not wait for her which he refused to do; I was not in the room just then, but I heard him like her, and I heard her call him a murderer; I was standing by the door, outside, which was not quite closed, but almost; they were in the sitting-room; I was standing near the outside door of the sitting-room; my sister and I went in; I observed that my aunt was crying, and she had a handkerchief to one of her eyes; I asked her what was the matter, and she said Stephens had struck her, but I was not to tell about it; her eye was first red, and then grew black; I do not know exactly how long this was before my aunt's death, but her eye was black after she was dead; it was before Dr. Cadmus died; his conduct was rough and bad to her; frequently when she told him of anything he would put up his clothes to leave, but did not state where he was going; I have heard him wish that she was out of the way, and that she was dead; I heard him say so about six weeks before she died; two or three times he stopped out late, and when he came in he said he had had a pleasant time, and talked of young ladies who were there; she got angry about it, and he put up his clothes to leave in the morning; Mr. Stephens said my aunt was forty-six years old, and that he was thirty-two; his treatment was the worst towards her before she died, commencing six months before; Dr. Iremonger made prescriptions for my aunt; Mr. Stephens always went to the druggist's to get the prescriptions made up; I saw him give my aunt powders and laudanum; he gave the powders on Monday evening preceding her death; (she died Wednesday, 2 A. M.;) he went for medicine and returned with two powders; that day she was a good deal better, and she refused to take any medicine: as if she did not take any she should get well; she said every time she took medicine she grew worse, and would not take that; he insisted, and said he would not leave the room until she took them, and he prepared one for her; she took that, she vomitted and her bowels changed; the powders were white and yellow; they were in two papers, and he mixed them; the white powder was in one paper and the yellow in another; my aunt was in bed; some days before that he came in and had either four or six powders in a box; those powders were never opened; he put them in the closet and they were there after my aunt died; he obtained these powders either the day before Dr. Iremonger called or day after, I don't know which; I never saw Stephens bring any powders into the house but twice; I first saw laudanum in the house on Tuesday morning; the day before my aunt died I saw a small bottle full—I think it was an ounce vial; it was labeled Shipley & Vanderpool, corner of Thirty-third-street and Third-avenue; the vial was full; Mr. Stephens, each time he was giving his wife drink, poured some of the laudanum in, till I saw all used up; I saw him put the laudanum in; he did it openly before me; my aunt was in the bedroom and Stephens and I were in the sitting-room, or in another bedroom—not in my aunt's room; he first put laudanum in lager bier, and then my aunt objected to it, and said it smelt of laudanum; he did not know I saw the laudanum; after he had used the bottle, he put it in the bottom of the clock; after he went out I went to the clock, looked at the bottle, and saw it was labeled "Laudanum;" then he returned, and I saw him pouring out of another bottle into a glass of brandy; I asked him if that was laudanum he was giving her; he said, "Yes, the doctor had ordered it;" my aunt objected to take the brandy, but he said the doctor had told him to give it to her for her bowels; this second bottle of laudanum was the same size as the first; it was labelled "Laudanum" from some drug store in Second-avenue, I do not know what store it was; he used it just as the first; he administered it to her in brandy; when that bottle was used up he brought in half a pint of brandy, and a larger bottle of laudanum without any label on it; it was a longer bottle, and thicker round than the others; it was a good deal larger than the others; it was nearly half as large again; I asked him if it was laudanum, and he said yes; I asked him if laudanum would take a person's life; he said yes, but the doctor had ordered it, and it would not hurt my aunt, as her bowels were so bad, and it would ease the pain; he said it was strong enough to take the life of three men, but it would not injure her; I saw the first bottle of laudanum about nine o'clock in the morning of Tuesday, the day before her death; he gave her the first laudanum in brandy from the second bottle a few minutes after; the third bottle was brought in about noon; he gave the contents of the third bottle with that half-pint of brandy; he had given her the whole of it before five or six o'clock in the afternoon of the same day; Mr. Stephens was sometimes in Twenty-seventh-street and sometimes in Twenty-sixth-street at work, while Dr. Iremonger was attending my aunt; we could see the factory in Twenty-sixth-street from our hall window; he had never devoted an entire day to my aunt till the day before her death; when a visit was expected from the Doctor he said he would come home, and told me to put a white cloth at the window when the Doctor was coming, or when my aunt was to get medicine; I always put up the cloth; the day before her death he was home all day; on the morning of that day he told Sophia Bell to call in and tell Dr. Iremonger not to come; she refused, and he said he would go himself; she went out to her work, and Stephens went out a few minutes afterwards; he was gone a little more than a quarter of an hour; when he returned he passed the remainder of the day in the sitting room and my aunt's bedroom; I was in the house all day—in the sitting-room, kitchen and the bedrooms; I was only once in my aunt's room till six or seven o'clock, except to go to the door and look at her; Mrs. Hannah and Mr. Stephens were there all day; at first I thought Mrs. Hannah could do all that was needed; afterwards Mr. Stephens said I only excited her, and it was better to let her sleep; the door leading from the sitting-room to her bedroom was nearly closed all day; when I went to her room, after six o'clock, she was awake; she called to me to come in; Stephens was not in her room or the sitting room; I only remained a few minutes, when Mr. Stephens came in and told me to go out again; while I was there, she asked me if anybody was in the room, and I told her "No;" she asked me if I was sure, and I said, "Yes;" she then told me she thought she was going to die; she wanted Sophy and me to *see to this*; I asked her what she meant, and she said I knew well enough; as she went to speak again, Mr. Stephens came into the room, and she told me to wait a moment; I stood, and then she told me to tell Sophia to take care of her child; Mr. Stephens then told me to leave the room, and let her sleep, for she was only getting excited.

Q.—Did you understand what she meant when she said to you that you knew well enough what she meant when she told you *to see to this?* [Objected to, and ruled out.]

Q.—Did any occurrence prior to this between Mr. and Mrs. Stephens, within a month, attract your attention, which you have not yet alluded to. [Objected to. Question withdrawn.]

Witness—I never gave Mrs. Stephens any medicine from the time she first got sick until she died; after I was

To the Public of New-York.

On the evening of April 4, I shall repeat my "Illustrated Blackwell's Island Lecture," with classic music by distinguished vocalists and violinists, and with piano solos and comic songs, and dances by myself, being my first appearance before the public as a pensive and mirthful artist; and as I shall doubtless elicit tears and smiles and ecstatic screams, all who have the sneezing influenza will please bring large woolen handkerchiefs, for the rapid absorption of Nature's frantic elements, while those who have husky coughs will bring very long towels. My object in an entertainment of this peculiar character is to obtain the means for the publication of my "LIFE," which will dazzle the minds of meritorious citizens, and make public villains tremble like cowards in a hurricane. Eminent publishers are extremely anxious to place my "LIFE" before the world, but they desire its entire control, and demand the amendment of its most thrilling chapters, and want nearly all the profits. But as my "LIFE" is my last hope and plank, I shall scuffle like a dying Gladiator for its preservation, as all must be assured, when they behold this proclamation for the display of my comic genius in April, which nothing could have produced but the salvation of "LIFE" itself, which I will hug like TELL his son, or PYTHIAS his DAMON, or WASHINGTON his country, or the Spartan women their courageous offspring. STEPHEN H. BRANCH.

AMUSEMENTS.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.
LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.
LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.
LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.
OUR AMERICAN COUSIN.
OUR AMERICAN COUSIN.
OUR AMERICAN COUSIN.
OUR AMERICAN COUSIN.
OVER ONE HUNDRED & TWENTY-FOUR NIGHTS,
OVER ONE HUNDRED & TWENTY-FOUR NIGHTS,
OVER ONE HUNDRED & TWENTY-FOUR NIGHTS,
OVER ONE HUNDRED & TWENTY-FOUR NIGHTS,
TWO HUNDRED & ELEVEN THOUSAND PEOPLE!
TWO HUNDRED & ELEVEN THOUSAND PEOPLE!
TWO HUNDRED & ELEVEN THOUSAND PEOPLE!
TWO HUNDRED & ELEVEN THOUSAND PEOPLE!
TWO HUNDRED & ELEVEN THOUSAND PEOPLE!
EVERY NIGHT THIS WEEK.
EVERY NIGHT THIS WEEK.
EVERY NIGHT THIS WEEK.
EVERY NIGHT THIS WEEK.
EVERY NIGHT THIS WEEK.
To conclude with the highly successful
WASHINGTON TABLEAUX.
WASHINGTON TABLEAUX.
WASHINGTON TABLEAUX.
WASHINGTON TABLEAUX.
WASHINGTON TABLEAUX.
Dress-circle seats may be secured one week in advance without extra charge—50 cents each.
Doors open at 6½; to commence at 7½ precisely.
MR. PETERS' BENEFIT.
MR. PETERS' BENEFIT.
SATURDAY, MARCH 12.
SATURDAY, MARCH 12.
BINNEY, THE BUTLER.
BINNEY, THE BUTLER.
OUR AMERICAN COUSIN.
OUR AMERICAN COUSIN.
A SIDE-SPLITTING FARCE.
A SIDE-SPLITTING FARCE.
Box Book Now Open.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
FRIDAY, March 11, 1859.
MIXON & CO.'S GREAT EQUESTRIAN TROUPE.
Two Performances to-day, AFTERNOON and EVENING.
Afternoon, at 2 o'clock.
Last Juvenile Afternoon performance this week,
CINDERELLA,
BY 50 JUVENILE ARTISTS.
Evening, at 7½ o'clock.
Dr. J. L. THAYER. DUCROW.
THE BRIGANDS, MELVILLE.
NEVILLE, SIEGRIST, LENTON.
ALL THE TALENT. ALL THE ARTISTS.
Tickets, 50 cents; Children, 25 cents; Family Circle, 25 cents.
No performance on Saturday Afternoon.
MONDAY—First appearance of Van Amburgh's MENAGERIE and the ELEPHANT, TIPPOO SAIB.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
EIGHTH WEEK OF
MR. LESTER WALLACK'S PLAY OF
THE VETERAN.
FOURTEETH WEEK OF
MR. WALLACK.
COMEDY, DRAMA AND SPECTACLE
IN ONE PLAY.
THE THREE GRAND TABLEAUX,
ASSAULT!
VICTORY!!
MARCH!!!
The uninterrupted career of triumph achieved by this most interesting and exciting play induces the manager to announce it for EVERY EVENING until further notice.
Doors open at 7, performance to commence at 7½.

MR. LESTER WALLACK
Begs to announce that
HIS BENEFIT
Will take place on
MONDAY EVENING, March 14,
When
THE VETERAN
Will be performed for the 49th time.

PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE.
Chatham-st., near Roosevelt.
THIS EVENING, March 11,
The entertainment will commence with the
REVOLUTIONIST.
After which, the
NUBIAN TROUBADOURS.
The whole to conclude with the drama of
HANDY ANDY.
Handy Andy.....Gardiner Coyne.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
THIS EVENING, March 11, 1859,
Will be presented Shakespeare's tragedy of
ANTONY AND CLEOPATRA.
Mark Antony.....Mr. E. Eddy
To conclude with the farce of
SUDDEN THOUGHTS.
Doors open at 6½; curtain will rise at 7½ o'clock.

BOWERY THEATRE.
Lessee.....Messrs. G. L. Fox and J. W. Lingard
THIS EVENING, March 11,
The performances will commence with the new comedy of
OUR ENGLISH COUSIN.
To be succeeded by PADDY TAE PIPER.
After which THE FRISKY COBBLER.
To conclude with HANDSOME JACK.

WOOD'S MINSTRELS,
No. 561 and 563 Broadway.
OPEN EVERY EVENING.
THE OLDEST AND LARGEST COMPANY IN THE CITY.
SELECT NEGRO MINSTRELSY,
In Old Virginny style,
To conclude with the great original and highly successful pantomime, entitled
THE MYSTIC SPELL,
With new tricks, properties, changes, &c.
Doors open at 6½; to commence at 7½ o'clock.
Tickets 25 cents; children under 10 years, 13 cents.

WM. MASON AND THEODORE THOMAS'
FOURTH
CLASSICAL MATINEE
Will begin on TUESDAY, March 15, at Dodworth's Hall at 3 o'clock P. M., with the assistance of Mrs. J. M. MOZART (her first appearance in New-York) and Mr. J. S. JAMESON. A Sonate by Beethoven. Concertante by Mendelssohn, Quartet by Schuman, will be played.

MR. G. VANDENHOFF'S READINGS,
THURSDAY EVENING, 10th INST.,
At DODWORTH'S Saloon, No. 806 Broadway, will be in three parts
ENTIRELY FROM DICKENS.
1. Going into Society. 2. Sam Weller and Job Trotter. 3. Bob Sawyer's Soiree.
Commence at 8.—Tickets 50 cents.—Reserved seats $1.

THE EXHIBITION OF
GIGNOUX'S GREAT MOONLIGHT OF NIAGARA,
Will positively close the 10th inst.
GOUPIL'S GALLERY, No. 366 Broadway.
M. KNOEDLER.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
THE TESTIMONIAL TO J. B. BROWN
Will take place at the Academy of Music
On FRIDAY EVENING, March 11, 1859.
J. B. BROWN will recite several pieces and appear in scenes, assisted by Miss VICTORIA RANDOLPH, her first appearance in public. Other talented pupils will assist. Prof. M. COLBURN and a lady from private life, Mrs. Dr. J. J. O'BRIEN, in gems from the Opera. The wonderful child pianist, Miss LIZZIE HARRIS, in choice selections. GEORGE F. BRISTOW will preside at the Piano. Concert reading, with appropriate gesture, by thirty misses. The whole forming an entertainment varied, pleasing and instructive. Tickets, 50 cents, may be had at the Music and Bookstores, where programmes may be obtained.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM.—SUCCESSBEYOND EXample of the new Dramatic Company at this establishment. Engagement of Mrs. J. J. PRIOR, the popular American Actress. FRIDAY AFTERNOON at 3 o'clock, the amusing piece of THE DEAD SHOT; followed by the original Irish Farce of BRIAN O'LINN, the part of O'Linn by Mr. W. O'Neil. EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, THE HARVEST HOME, in which Mrs. J. J. Prior will make her appearance. No extra charge to see the Aquaris, Living Serpents, &c. Admittance, 25 cents; Children, under ten, 13 cents. Parquette seats, 13 cents additional.

GRAND VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT.—The first annual Concert of the Burns' Musical Society at Bleecker Buildings, corner of Morton and Bleecker sts, on THURSDAY EVENING, March 10, 1859. Several distinguished musicians have kindly volunteered to assist on this occasion. Master John Pickering will preside at the organ. Conductor, Mr. Jabez Burns. Doors open at 7; exercises to commence at 7½ o'clock. Admission, 25 cents. Tickets may be had of any of the members of the Society, or at the door on the evening of the Concert. N. B.—The Society meet every Tuesday evening at Hitzelburger's Hall, No. 206 8th-av. Free.

CITY ASSEMBLY ROOMS.—C. BERGMANN'S GRAND BENEFIT CONCERT, SUNDAY MARCH 13.—Sinfonie in B flat, No. 1—Robert Schumann; Overture, Ossian—N. W. Gade; Concert Overture—E. Mollenhauer; Concert in E flat for Pianoforte—L. V. Beethoven; Solo for Pianoforte, T. Chopin—Mr. Mills; Fantasie for Violine—E. Mollenhauer; Pilgrim Chorus from Tannhauser—R. Wagner; Arion and Teutonia. Admission 50 cents. Doors open at 7; to commence at 8 o'clock.

STRANGERS SHOULD NOT FAIL TO visit the chief attraction of the City—the famous DUSSELDORF GALLERY OF PAINTINGS. Open day and evening. No. 548 Broadway. Admission 25 cents.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING CLASSES,
No. 806 Broadway, New-York;
No. 127 Montague-place, Brooklyn.
Now open for the reception of pupils, who can commence at any time; will continue open until the end of May. Tuesdays and Fridays in Brooklyn; Wednesdays and Saturdays in New-York.

MR. CHARRUAUD'S DANCING CLASSES,
AT No. 54 EAST THIRTEENTH-STREET,
Will remain open until the 1st of June for the reception of pupils, who can commence at any time on TUESDAY and FRIDAY, at 3 o'clock P. M.; WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 12 noon, and 3½ afternoon.

E. SERRERO'S DANCING ACADEMIES—No. 59 West 14th-st., New-York, and No. 123 Clinton-st., Brooklyn, are open for the reception of pupils at all times. Afternoons for Misses and Masters; evenings for gentlemen. Saturday evenings, practicing class; "Empire Quadrilles" are being taught.

DRY GOODS.

SPRING TRADE NOTICE.
IMPORTANT
TO
EVERY DRY GOODS MERCHANT
IN THE UNION.
DE FOREST, ARMSTRONG & CO.
Are now receiving their Spring Importations, and are exhibiting at their
SALES ROOMS,
NOS. 80 AND 82 CHAMBERS-ST., N. Y.,
the most extensive, elegant, varied, and complete stock of
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC GOODS
ever before offered for sale by them, and presenting attractions and advantages to the trade generally, and from all parts, such as are to be met with in very few places. Their extensive Stores on Chambers-st., which they occupy entire, enable them to appropriate to each class of goods a separate department, and to have, in fact so many distinct stocks in their Warerooms, each of which will be complete. Without specifying the articles embraced, they would name the departments viz:
DRESS GOODS,
SILKS,
WHITE GOODS AND LINENS,
CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,
FLANNELS,
SHAWLS AND MANTILLAS
HOSIERY AND GLOVES,
YANKEE NOTIONS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
PARASOLS,
DOMESTICS AND PRINTS.
To their Domestic and Print Department they call particular attention, embracing all the leading makes and styles, which will be sold at the very lowest rates. They have the entire production of the
WARREN PRINTS,
A print which has done more good to the retailers through the country last season, than perhaps any other low-price print. Their Merrimack, Cocheco, Sprague, Garner, Dunnell and PACIFIC AMARANTH PRINTS are of the very best selections.
GLINTON, GLASGOW, LANCASTER and SCOTCH GINGHAMS in every variety.
Their
DOMESTICS
embrace the following Brands:

Wamsuttas,	Hill Manufacturing Company,	
Bate's Mills,	New-York Mills,	Merrimack,
Lonsdale,	Arkwright,	Pocassett,
Naumkeag,	Patterson,	Pepperill,
White Rock,	Hebron,	Cabott,
Kenmora,	Lawrence,	Atlantic.

All the well-known makes of TICKS, STRIPES and DENIMS, such as York, Hamilton, Pemberton, &c.
Soliciting trade on liberal terms, they invite notice to their House—street and number as above.

DOUGLAS & SHERWOOD'S
PATENT
TOURNURE CORSET.
This article confines in one garment A CORSET OF SUPERIOR SHAPE AND FINISH and a BUSTLE OF PERFECT MODEL, insuring free and healthful action to the lungs, and comfortable support to the spine. It has been pronounced by all who have seen it, (among whom are several eminent members of the Medical Faculty) to be *the only Corset without an objection*, either artistic or physiological. No lady can well do without it. D. & S. still manufacture their well-known
EXPANSION SKIRT.
Also, the celebrated
MATINEE SKIRT,
which, for COMFORT and ELEGANCE, is unsurpassed; together with over seventy other different styles—all of which are for sale at all the principal stores in the United States and Canadas.
All articles of their manufacture
ARE STAMPED WITH THEIR TRADE-MARK.

THE
WARREN PRINTS.
SPRING STYLES,
AT
DE FOREST, ARMSTRONG & CO.'S,
NOS. 80 AND 82 CHAMBERS-ST., NEW-YORK.
We are now receiving from the works these POPULAR PRINTS in
NEW & DESIRABLE SPRING & SUMMER STYLES.
Also,
50 cases ENGLISH PRINTS, just landed.

MANTILLAS.
BRODIE'S SPRING MANTILLAS
ARE NOW READY.
The greatest display ever made in this country.
WHOLESALE BUYERS FROM THE SOUTH
are particularly invited.
No. 300 CANAL-ST.,
New-York.

NEW MANTILLA STORE.
MANTILLAS, MANTILLAS.
GRAND OPENING
OF MANTILLAS
ON TUESDAY, MARCH 8,
At No. 317 Canal-st.
Our stock is made expressly for the Wholesale Trade, which will be offered at prices such as to hold out GREAT INDUCEMENTS TO CASH BUYERS.
Call and examine.
ABBOTT, POLLOCK & COCHRAN.

JOHN MORRISON & SON,
Importers, Jobbers and Retailers
of
SMALL WARES,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
RIBBONS,
&c., &c.,
No. 383 Broadway. No. 383 Broadway.

DRESS GOODS.
BOOTH & TUTTLE,
Corner Chambers, Church and Warren sts.,
Are constantly receiving fresh supplies of
New and desirable
DRESS GOODS,
To which they invite the attension of
CLOSE BUYERS
For cash or short credit.

A NEW SKIRT.
WOODWARD'S PATENT UNION COLUMBIAN SKIRT is a novelty, worthy the attention of the ladies and merchants generally. Unequaled by any known skirt for convenience, safety and durability. The lower part of the skirt may be detached in one minute, and washed without the removal of a spring. The Patent Columbian Attachments may be had separately, which can be connected to any ordinary skirt in five minutes, and may also be immediately applied to old skeleton skirts, rendering them superior to new. WOODWARD'S Patent Helix Bustle and Skirt Supporters are daily increasing in popular favor. For sale at his store, No. 385 Broadway. E. F. WOODWARD.

LACE MANTILLAS AND POINTS.

SCOTCH CHANTILLY	DO.	DO.
RICH FRENCH	DO.	DO.
RICH FRENCH PICCOLOMINIS (entirely new.)		

MANTLE AND STELLA SHAWLS.
All new style, received per steamers *Fulton* and *Asia*.
E. S. MILLS & CO.,
Nos. 342 and 344 Broadway.

INDIA-RUBBER GLOVES
Cure chapped hands, salt rheum, &c., protect the hands in all kinds of work, and render them soft, smooth and snowy white. Manufactured by GOODYEAR'S GLOVE COMPANY, No. 36 John-st., up stairs.

JOB LOT LADIES' MUSLIN NIGHT-CAPS—From 50 cents to $2. Very cheap.
For sale at GENIN'S BAZAAR,
No. 513 Broadway.

OPPOSITION TO MONOPOLY.—RIBBONS at Importers' prices for cash, at the Ribbon Store of LEWIS P. TIBBALS, No. 154 Bowery, 3d door above Broome-st. Examine the prices.

No. 1	Satin Ribbons. 12	No. 1	Taffetas..... 11½
No. 1½	Satin Ribbons. 16	No. 1½	Taffetas..... 15½
No. 2	Satin Ribbons. 22	No. 2	Taffetas..... 21
No. 3	Satin Riobons. 28	No. 3	Taffetas..... 26
No. 4	Satin Ribbons. 36	No. 4	Taffetas..... 36
No. 6	Satin Ribbons. 57	No. 6	Taffetas..... 55
No. 9	Satin Ribbons. 87½	No. 9	Taffetas..... 86
No. 12	Satin Ribbons $1 10	No. 12	Taffetas..... $1 10

Also No. 1 Picot Ribbons, 12c.; Paris Quilling, 12c. per dozen; French Flowers, Rushes and Straw Goods cheap for cash.
LEWIS P. TIBBALS,
No. 154 Bowery.

JOB LOT MISSES' DIAPER AND MUSLIN APRONS—From 75 cents to $2 25. At
GENIN'S BAZAAR,
No. 513 Broadway.

UNITED STATES JUVENILE WAREHOUSE, No. 503 Broadway, by the St. Nicholas Hotel. S CHAMBERS will open a new and splendid assortment of Ladies' and Children's clothing and fancy goods, having removed to the above magnificent store.

JOB LOT IMPORTED LINEN AND COTton chemises, drawers, night-gowns, corset-covers, &c., for ladies and misses. To be sold much below regular prices, at
GENIN'S BAZAAR,
No. 513 Broadway.

SKIRTS.—TWELVE-SPRING SKELETON SKIRTS, self-adjusting bustle, $1 31; 14 springs, $1 50, and 17 springs for $2. Dealers supplied with 9 springs for $8 per dozen; 12 springs, $11, and 14 springs, $14 per dozen. C. L. HARDING, No. 281 Spring-st., near Hudson.

JOB LOT BOYS' MARSEILLES PANTS, plain and embroidered, from $1 to $2 50—40 per cent. under value, at
GENIN'S BAZAAR,
No. 513 Broadway.

A CARD.—TO SOUTHERN AND WESTERN BUYERS.—Paris pattern bonnets, a large assortment of home manufacture, now ready for the wholesale trade, at the lowest cash prices, at WM. SIMMONS, 564 Broadway

JOB LOT MISSES' MUSLIN DRESSES—$1 25 each. Very cheap. GENIN'S BAZAAR,
No. 513 Broadway.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

NOTICE.—THE UNION RELIGIOUS SERVICES, heretofore held at City Assembly Rooms, have been removed to Niblo's Concert Room, Broadway and Prince-st., where preaching may be expected every Sunday evening until further notice. The Rev. HENRY E. MONTGOMERY, Rector of the Church of the Incarnation, will preach the next SUNDAY EVENING, March 13. Services to commence at 7½ o'clock. The Rev. A. KINGMAN NOTT, of the Broome-st. Baptist Church, will preach March 20. Seats free.

MASS MEETING OF THE PIANO-MAKERS OF NEW-YORK.—Next FRIDAY, March 11, will be held a meeting of the Delegates and the Committee on Finance, and on SATURDAY, the 12th, a mass meeting at the Social Reform Hall, No. 281 Grand-st., at 8 P. M

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—SITUATIONS, BY TWO RESPECTable young women—one is a chambermaid and fine washer and ironer; can do all sorts of finery and French fluting, and is a first-class laundress; she wishes a situation in a small private family;—the other does chamberwork, and a first-rate waitress; or would see to children; they can give the best of City reference from their last places. Can be seen till suited, at No. 227 East 14th-st., corner 1st-av., in dry goods store.

WANTED—BY A MOST RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation in City or country, as cook, washer and ironer, or to do general housework; is a good bread and pie-baker. Also, a neat young girl as chambermaid and waitress, or nurse and seamstress: would assist in washing and ironing. Apply at No. 378 6th av., up stairs.

WANTED—BY TWO RESPECTABLE WOMEN, SITuations; one as first-class cook, the other as chambermaid and the best of fine washing and fluting if required. Also by an American girl as waitress or to take care of children. Can procure the best of City references. Private families preferred. Call for two days at No. 228 West 26th-st., third floor, front room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as seamstress for a private family; is a neat, quick sewer, and understands making up all kinds of linen or other garments; is willing to assist with the chamber work and fine washing if required; has good City reference from where she has lived for 3 years. Apply for two days at No. 141 West 19th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant woman, as cook; one who is willing to assist with the washing and ironing; and also by a respectable girl, as waitress; willing to assist with the chamber work; good City reference; no objection to going a short distance in the country. Call, for two days, at No. 196 East 17th-st.

WANTED—BY A HIGHLY RECOMMENDED and experienced English Protestant woman a situation; she is a thorough bread and pastry cook, makes the best of bread, cakes and pies, and all kinds of preserves and soups; wishes a steady place more than high wages; would do her utmost to please her employer. Call at No. 275 Bowery.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTAble young women; one as cook, washer and ironer, and an excellent baker; the other as chambermaid and waiter; would like to live with one family; have the best of City reference from their last place. Call at No. 295 Hicks-st, fancy store, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK, BY A RESpectable young woman, in a small private family; is an excellent cook; understands her business in all its branches; an excellent baker of bread, biscuit and pies; understands making cake. No objection to the country. Can be seen this week at No. 91 East 16th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GIRL THAT IS a good shirt-maker and understands all kinds of family sewing and children's dresses; to take in work or go out by the week, or would assist in chamber-work, or the house-work of a small family, and do sewing. Call at No. 81 West 28th-st., third floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A NEAT GIRL OF SEVENTEEN, a situation to mind a baby or sew neatly; is kind and attached to children. Wages $8. Also, a girl of tidy habits, as general servant; makes bread, washes and irons well; will do the work of four persons. Wages $6. Call at or address No. 216 East 23d-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation to take care of children and do plain sewing, or chamberwork and sewing; has good City reference from her last place. Can be seen, for four days, at No. 268 1st-av., between 15th and 16th sts., third floor, Room No. 9.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman to do chamberwork and waiting, or to assist in the washing and ironing; no objection to City or country; has lived in New Haven; has reference for City and country. Call at No. 224 West 26th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

WANTED—SITUATIONS, BY A HIGHLY RESpectable young English woman, as infant's nurse, or seamstress; is thoroughly competent to take the entire charge of an infant. Also, by a professed cook; both can produce the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days, at No. 177 Adams-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTAble Protestant women—one as first-class cook, the other as laundress; both understand their business perfectly, and can produce good City references; have no objections to the country. Apply at No. 124 4th-av., near 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl to do chamberwork or waiting, or chamberwork and washing. Has no objection to the country, or would do general housework in a small family. Call for two days at No. 162 West 29th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID and waitress in a private family by a respectable young woman. She has no objection to assist in the washing and ironing. Best of City reference given. Apply for 2 days at No. 6 East 31st-st., near 5th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman as first class cook; can give the best of City reference; no objection to go a short distance in the country. Can be seen for two days at No. 81 3d-av., 2d floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A WIDOW WOman, in a nice private family; is a good cook, understands baking and pastry; would go as housekeeper; good reference given. Call at No. 163 Prince-st., corner of Thompson-st., room No. 13.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, as cook, who understands her business thoroughly, would assist in washing, or go as laundress; would have no objection to go to the country for the Summer months. Call at No. 294 9th st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN AMERICAN woman as cook and to assist in the washing and ironing. She thoroughly understands her business. Best of reference given. Call for 2 days at No. 68 East 13th-st., in the basement, near 4th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation at chamberwork and waiting, and to assist in the washing and ironing, or care children and do plain sewing; best of City reference. Call at No. 266 West 31st-st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl, a situation as nurse and plain sewer or chambermaid and sewer; would have no objection to travel; has good City reference. Can be seen at No. 109 West 25th-st., first floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as cook, washer and ironer in a respectable family; has no objection to go a short distance in the country; best of City references. Apply at No. 135 28th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion in a private family as chambermaid, and to do fine washing and ironing; can do up fine muslin in the neatest manner. The best of City reference. Call at No. 107 East 13th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as chambermaid, and to assist in washing and ironing, or to do housework in a private family; the best of reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 301 8th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion as chambermaid and waitress, or chambermaid and fine washer and ironer; the best of City reference. Call at No. 39 9th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant girl, as chambermaid and laundress, or to do the housework of a private family, with good recommendations; no objections to the country. Call at No. 269 1st-av.

WANTED—BY TWO GIRLS, SITUATIONS IN A private family; one to cook, wash and iron; the other to do chamberwork and waiting; both can give the best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 107 East 25th-st., between 1st and 2d avs., first floor.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl, a situation as chambermaid, to wash and iron, or sew; would do general housework in a small private family; has good City reference. Can be seen at No. 245 West 18th-st., northwest corner of 9th-av., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID, by an English Protestant girl. Can give the best City reference from a good family, with whom she has lived. Can be seen for two days at No. 341½ 2d-av., fancy store.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT COOK, EITHER colored or white, who is a good baker and understands making butter, in a private family, to go out of the City to Hyde Park. Call at No. 56 East 23d-st., near 4th-av., from 9 to 11 o'clock.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman, but lately landed, to travel with a gentleman's family, or with a captain's family. Can be seen for one week at No. 37 State-st., Brooklyn, back room, first floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG WOman as good cook and is willing to assist in washing and ironing; is very kind and willing; best of City reference. Call at No. 272 West 27th-st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUATION as chambermaid, and to do fine washing and ironing. Can come well recommended from her last place. Call at No. 175 East 12th-st., 2d floor, front.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl; is a good cook, washer and ironer; can do baking. Can give the best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 102 Warren-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION TO COOK, WASH and iron, for a respectable young woman; best City reference if required. Apply for two days at No. 103 17th-st., grocery store, corner of 3d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS SEAMSTRESS and to assist in nursing; understands hairdressing in the neatest manner; satisfactory City reference will be given. Call at 292 6th-av., between 18th and 19th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant girl as good cook, and to assist in the washing and ironing. Apply at No. 81 West 24th-st., near 6th-av., for two days.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOman a situation in a private family as cook. Best of City reference. Call for two days at No. 230 17th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A PROTESTANT, as chambermaid and sewer, or to do fine washing; the best City reference. Call at No. 84 West 17th-st., 3d floor.

WANTED—A HOUSEKEEPER'S SITUATION, BY an American woman, who is trustworthy and would be willing to devote her time to the interest of her employer. Apply at No. 679 6th-av.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISH GIRL, A SITUAtion to do chamberwork and waiting, or as good laundress; good City reference from last place. Call for two days at No. 20 Stanton-st., rear house, third floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, as cook in a private family; has the best of City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 224 9th-st., near 2d-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as plain cook, washer and ironer, or as laundress. Best of City reference given, if required. Call at 87 East 32d-st., between Lexington and 3d-avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT woman, either in the City or in the country, as cook. Is an excellent baker. Apply at No. 106 8th-st., top floor, front room, between 1st-av. and Avenue A.

GOOD ENGLISH, FRENCH, GERMAN, Irish and Scotch Servants may continually be had at the rooms of the Employment Society, Nos. 13 and 14 Bible House, 8th-st., between 3d and 4th-avs. A lady who speaks French and German in attendance.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—SITUATIONS, BY TWO RESPECTable young women, one as chambermaid and plain sewer; no objection to assist in the care of children. The other as cook and assist in the washing; understands her business well. Both can give the best of City reference; both are Protestants. Can be seen for two days at No. 370 3d-av., between 33d and 34th sts., top floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK AND TO ASsist with washing and ironing, by a respectable young woman, fully competent, and has the best City reference from her last place; no objection to go a short distance in the country. Apply for two days at No. 221 25th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

WANTED—BY TWO RESPECTABLE GIRLS, SITUations; one as seamstress and to assist in chamberwork or care of grown children; the other as chambermaid and waiter; two years' reference from their last place; have no objection to travel to any part. Call at No. 35 Christopher-st., for two days, in the basement.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman as cook in a private family; is an excellent cook, and fully competent to take charge of a gentleman's kitchen; can produce the best of testimonials as to character and capability. Can be seen till suited at No. 40 East 32d-st., near 4th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation to do chamberwork and waiting, or chamberwork, and to assist in washing and ironing; good reference. Apply at No. 83 West 26th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., second floor, front.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, as chambermaid and waitress; is willing to assist in washing and ironing. Has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 995 Broadway, between 26th and 27th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A COMPETENT woman, as cook; no objection to assist in washing if required; would go a short distance in the country; good testimonials for capability and character. Call at No. 119 12th-st., below 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman to do cooking, washing and ironing in a private family, or will undertake chamberwork and fine washing. The best of City reference given from her last place. Call for two days at No. 57 Main-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN to do chamberwork or tend children; has City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 91 West 26th-st.

WANTED.—A LADY WISHES TO OBTAIN A SITuation for a person now in her employ, as nurse or chambermaid. Apply at No. 16 University-place.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG LADY, A SITUATION as child's governess in a private family. Address FAMILY, Station A, Spring-st.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GARDENER OF experience, who has lived in some of the best families in this country and in England, who thoroughly understands gardening in all its departments, viz.: green and hot-house plants, hot and cold graperies, fruit and vegetables, the tastefully laying out and planting of new places; is a married man with a small family, of good moral character; reference highly respectable. Address, for one week, WALLACE, care of A. Bridgeman, Esq., No. 876 Broadway.

WANTED.—THE SUBSCRIBER WISHES A SITUation as gardener; has had long experience in England, and two years in this country; can adapt himself to any business on a gentleman's place, as gardener, vine or fruit grower or dresser, ornamental planting, landscape gardening, rustic works, or walks or roads; the best of references given. Address THOMAS, Box No 207 *Times* Office, or at Messrs. Thorburns', John-st., New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MARRIED farmer and gardener, without children. He will undertake all kinds of flowering, gardening, &c., and is experienced in managing farms. His wife is an excellent dairy-woman. He has lived 14 years with his last two employers. Would prefer to arrange for a house from his employer. Address C. B. H., Box No. 156 *Times* Office, till engaged.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION, BY A man of long and extensive experience in the department of greenhouses, graperies, vegetables, fruits and flowers; good City reference given. Any gentleman wanting a good man, address GARDENER, at John F. Lemoulnier's, Esq., architect, No. 746 Broadway. Call from 1 to 4 o'clock.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER AND coachman by a man who fully understands the business of both, and understands the laying out of new grounds in the best style; can be highly recommended from his employers; is twelve years in this country. Address M. H., *Times* Office, Box No. 180; which will be attended to.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY MAN AND WIFE, with no children, on a farm; the man understands the general work of a farm; is a good groom; is a smart young man of 25 years; the woman can attend to the dairy or do general housework; they have three years' reference from the last place. Address JOHN O'BRIEN, Jamaica Post-office, L. I.

WANTED—SITUATIONS FOR MAN AND WIFE; the man is a first-rate coachman and groom; an excellent gardener; is willing to make himself generally useful; the wife can do all kind of housework. Also, a young man as coachman and gardener; they can give most satisfactory reference; distance no objection. Apply at No. 378 6th-av., up stairs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE SINGLE MAN a situation as waiter in a private family, who perfectly understands his business; has the best of City reference; no objection to go a short distance in the country. Can be seen for two days at No. 290, in the drug store, corner 4th and Wooster sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SOBER AND competent and well-recommended young man; he understands farming in general, also the care and management of horses; is also a good vegetable gardener, &c.; has had many years experience, and will give satisfactory reference. Wages moderate. Call at No. 275 Bowery.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY A French married man, who has a thorough knowledge of gardening in general, the care and management of green and hot-houses, flowers, trees, graperies and vegetable garden. Good references can be had from his present employers. Apply at No. 82 West 20th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MAN, who has only been six months in this country from England, a situation as Porter in a warehouse or store. Not afraid of hard work. Best of City reference from the place now leaving. Address C. B., Box No. 194 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER, BY A competent man; is well qualified to take charge of a large place where flowers and grape-vines are cultivated under glass; also flower grounds and vegetable. Will be highly recommended. A note addressed to GARDENER, Box No. 112 *Times* Office, will be attended to.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE man as coachman. He thoroughly understands his business; is a careful driver; understands gardening; can make himself generally useful. Reference from his last place where he has been over two years. Address J. B., Box No. 199 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT PERSON, A SITUation as bookkeer, or in any other capacity where a thorough knowledge of accounts and business in general is requisite. No objection to go out of the City. Unexceptionable reference given. Address LEDGER, Box No. 113 Post-Office, Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY A competent young man, who thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; his recommendations will be found highly satisfactory from his last employer in the City. Address, P. S., Coachman, No. 568 Broadway, or Box No. 162 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE OR ATtendant to a gentleman in delicate health, by a man of long experience at such work. Can procure the best reference as to character and capability; a gentleman going to travel preferred. Address O. O. N., Flushing, L. I.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MIDDLE-AGED man as groom or coachman; understands his business in all its branches; wishes to make himself generally useful. Address JAMES KEENAN, Box No. 200 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE man as coachman; understands plain gardening; has the best of City reference. The advertiser is married but has no incumbrance, and is also a Protestant. Address COACHMAN, Box No. 166 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY A single man, who tho

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, MARCH 11, 1859.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

The NEW-YORK TIMES (Daily) is published every morning:—Price Two Cents served at 12½ cents a week; mailed Six Dollars a year.

The NEW-YORK TIMES (Semi-weekly)—Three Dollars a year; two copies to one address, for Five Dollars.

The NEW-YORK TIMES (Weekly)—Two Dollars a year; ten copies, to one address, for Twelve Dollars; twenty copies to one address for Twenty Dollars. *Any person sending us a Club of twenty or more will be entitled to an extra copy.*

Terms—Cash invariably in advance.

All letters to be addressed to the "New-York Times," New-York City.

Amusements this Evening.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE—Our American Cousin—Washington Talbaux.

WALLACK'S THEATRE—The Veteran, or France and Algeria.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—Nixon & Co.'s Great Equestrian Corps—Cinderella.

PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE—Revolutionist—Nubian Troubadours—Handy Andy.

BOWERY THEATRE—English Cousin—Paddy the Piper—Handsome Jack.

BROADWAY THEATRE—Antony and Cleopatra—Sudden Thoughts.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM—Harvest Home.

WOOD'S BUILDINGS—Select Negro Minstrelsy.

Mails Close at the Post-Office.

North—Albany, Buffalo and Canadas.....3 P. M.
North and West Way Mail.....5½ A. M.
Western Mail *vid* Erie Railroad..8½ A. M. and 3 P. M.
South and Southwestern Mail.....7 A. M. and 4½ P. M.
East for Boston, by Railroad.....8½ A. M. and 1½ P. M.
East for Boston, by Steamboat.....4 P. M.

The Overland Mail for California leaves St. Louis every Monday and Thursday, at 8 A. M. Letters designed for it should be marked "Overland, *vid* St. Louis."

The Overland Mails from St. Joseph, (Mo.,) to Placerville, *vid* Salt Lake City, leaves St. Joseph every Saturday, at 8 A. M. Letters should be marked "Overland *vid* St. Joseph."

Ocean Mail Steamers.

The European mails by the *City of Baltimore*, hence for Liverpool, to-morrow, March 12, will close at the New-York Post-Office at 10½ o'clock.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The arrival of the steamship *Arabia*, at Halifax, furnishes European advices to Feb. 26—one week later. The intelligence is of a more pacific character than that brought by the *Europa*. The British Foreign Secretary had announced in the House of Lords that there was reason to anticipate the withdrawal of the Austrian and French troops from the Ecclesiastical States; and it was also stated that Lord Cowley, the English Ambassador at Paris, had departed for Vienna, on a special mission looking to the accommodation of the Italian difficulty. The effect of these publications upon the English stock market had been favorable; and momentarily so at Paris, but there the unremitting energy of the preparations for war, had overcome the rise, and *rentes* had again receded. Lord Lyons, the new British Envoy to the United States, sailed for New-York, Feb. 22, in the steam-frigate *Curacoa*. The revival of the Atlantic Telegraph project is considered probable. Government had, on certain conditions, offered a guarantee of 8 per cent. upon an additional investment of £600,000. It had also tendered a subsidy of £3,000 per voyage to the Galway line of steamers.

The business for which the extraordinary session of the United States Senate was called having been concluded, that body adjourned yesterday.

Before the adjournment of the Senate, James McGuffie was appointed and confirmed as Superintendent of Indian Affairs in California. McGuffie was appointed Marshal of California by President Pierce, but resigned the position in consequence of the outcries made against the appointment because he had been the keeper of a gambling house. Gen. Denver, Commissioner of Indian Affairs, protested against the present appointment, and threatened to resign if it should be made, but he was overruled, and it is believed that he will carry his threat into execution to-day, and give up his position of Commissioner.

The funeral of the late Postmaster-General Brown took place yesterday afternoon. The remains lay in state in the East Room of the White House until the time fixed for the ceremonies, and were visited by crowds. The procession was very long, and the streets along its route were thronged by spectators. The remains were deposited in the Congressional Cemetery, but will hereafter be removed to Tennessee.

Although the Legislature keeps hard at work, day and evening, it makes very little progress with the immense accumulation of business before it. In the Senate yesterday, two bills were reported relative to the Washington Market property—one to authorize a sale for the benefit of the State, and the other confirming the title in the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund of the City. The bill to extend the provisions of the Exemption law, which has already passed the Assembly, was reported favorably. The bill to provide for the payment of the deficiency in the revenue of Brooklyn, was ordered to a third reading. In the Assembly, the bill relative to the indictment of the Quarantine incendiaries was ordered to a third reading by a decided vote. The general orders were then considered. During the evening session the Canal Auditor sent in a communication enumerating the number of collectors and other officers in the Department which can be dispensed with. The Governor sent in a Message relative to the proposed monument in Independence-square, Philadelphia, and announcing that the State would probably be called upon soon to pay its share towards it. The General Appropriation bill was then debated until the adjournment.

Yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock an attempt was made to set fire to the Massachusetts State House, while both Houses of the Legislature were in session and a great number of spectators were in the building. The fire was kindled in a large bin containing shavings in the basement. The flames were extinguished without much damage, being fortunately immediately discovered.

A resolution in favor of placing the fire telegraph under the control of the Police Commissioners was offered at the meeting of the Board of Aldermen last evening. It was laid on the table. A Committee of five was appointed to confer with a committee of the Board of Supervisors with regard to the location of a new County Jail. Donations of $250 for the widow of Policeman Goshario, who died of injuries received in the discharge of his duty, and $150 for the Sixteenth Baptist Church, were made. The consideration of the majority and minority reports of the Committee on the Croton Aqueduct Department with regard to the award of the contract for the construction af gate-houses for the new reservoir, occupied a great deal of time. The majority report, in favor of awarding the contract to Baldwin & Jaycox, was finally adopted.

In the Board of Councilmen the ordinance to prevent frauds in the sale of coal was adopted. The Mayor's veto of the assessment list for regulating Lexington-avenue, on the ground of informality in Geo. C. Harsin's contract, was overruled by a vote of 20 to 2.

Another action of assault and battory against Ex-Mayor Wood and his policemen, was brought to trial, yesterday, in the Superior Court. The present suit arises upon alleged violence used in putting the plaintiffs off the *Joseph Walker* at the time when Mayor Wood assumed the charge of raising and removing her. The Court was occupied all day with empanneling a Jury.

A fire occurred at No. 41 White-street at 8½ o'clock last evening, which is supposed to have been set by a female inmate of the premises, which have heretofore borne a bad reputation. The damage is covered by insurance. After the fire two men were run over in Broadway by fire apparatus. One of them, James Butterly, was run over by Engine Company No. 23, and died immediately on his removal to the Hospital, and the other, Thos. Geraghty, by Hook and Ladder Company No. 2. The latter was injured so badly that it is thought he cannot recover.

An interesting lecture on the Liberian colonization experiment, and the advantages and necessity of inducing a free colored emigration from the United States to the colony of Liberia, was delivered last night in the Academy of Music, by the Hon. John H. B. Latrobe, President of the American Colonization Society. The audience was pretty large, but comprised few if any of the class most directly interested in the colonization movement.

The Sailor Boarding-house keepers met in Convention last evening at the Hall corner of Henry and Oliver streets, and voted to advance the rate of wages for seamen out of this port, as follows: To Europe, $18; China, $12; Mediterranean and South America, $14; West Indies, $15; with the customary advances; and coastwise, $18, with, and $20 without advance. The new regulations go into effect this morning. There were about one hundred landlords present.

The trial of James Stephens was resumed yesterday in the Court of Oyer and Terminer. Miss Fanny Bell was the principal witness. Her evidence was very important, and the interest of the trial has increased considerably. The remains of the deceased have been again exhumed and brought to this City for purposes immediately connected with this present trial. The trial itself will probably not be finished for eight or nine days more.

There were no trials in the Court of General Sessions yesterday. Thomas Michaels pleaded guilty to an attempt at burglary in the third degree, and was sentenced to the State Prison for two years. James Williams and John Sheppard, for an attempt to commit burglary in the third degree, were sent to the State Prison for two years and six months. The same punishment was awarded to James Anderson for an attempt at grand larceny.

The Commencement exercises of the College of Physicians and Surgeons were held last evening in the Rev. Dr. Parker's Church, Fourth-avenue. Drs. Delafield and Alexander Stephens delivered addresses.

The Republicans of Brooklyn met in Convention last night, to nominate their candidates for City officers. John A. Cross was nominated for Mayor, William B. Lewis for Comptroller, Ezra Baldwin for Treasurer, and Daniel L. Northup for Auditor. Resolutions were adopted in favor of a Registry law, and urging the Representatives in the Legislature from Kings County to continue their most active efforts in its behalf.

Cotton was quite active yesterday, sales having been made of 7,000 bales at full prices. A restricted inquiry prevailed for the principal kinds of Breadstuffs, Groceries and Oils, as well as for Hops, Metals and Tobacco. Pork was brisker and dearer. Beef was in good demand and prices favored sellers. Whisky was more sought after at firmer rates. Common Resin and Spirits Turpentine were in request. The Freight engagements were moderate.

Entangling Alliances.

There is a forgotten play of Shadwell, in which the character who does the comic business is of a diplomatic turn; and upon the announcement of any surprising development in the world of politics, is ready, with a significant tap on the nose, and shrug of the shoulders, to intimate his previous acquaintance with all the particulars. The spirit of this ingenious personage seems to possess the actual Government of these United States. It was only a few months ago that the Times published the surprising information that a Plenipotentiary of Great Britain was negotiating a Central American treaty precisely similar in character to that which the Government of Nicaragua had repeatedly refused to conclude with the United States; and that a British fleet was lying off the mouth of the San Juan River, to aid Mr. President Buchanan in suppressing the strictly American plague of fillibusterism. The public were naturally amazed, for they had been led to suppose that Mr. Buchanan was quite prepared, not merely to blow the whole English West India fleet out of water, if the Union Jack should be hoisted within sight of Greytown, but also to inflict upon any English Envoy who should dare sign his name to a Central American treaty, the historical humiliation of compelling him to eat his own words, parchment, great-seal, red-ribbon and all. Not so the Administration. The President winked, so to speak, like Shadwell's hero, laid his finger on his nose, and pooh-poohed the astonishment of the nation. It was all right—all just what he expected. He had arranged the whole affair with his friend Sir Gore Ouseley, at Bedford Springs, months before. For the matter of searches and inquisitions at sea, that was merely a conventional thing, of not the least consequence. The Monroe Doctrine was maintained—we might be sure of that—wherever the President and his friend Sir Gore were at work. And all that the people had to do in the business was simply to adopt the wise rule of St. Ambrose, and believe the more stoutly in the President just in proportion as they could less understand what he was about.

Subsequent events have a little disconcerted this facile grace of the Presidential *nonchalance*. Mr. Buchanan in his turn is startled into confessing himself nonplused by the non-ratification of his treaty with Nicaragua. Sir Gore Ouseley is all right, of course; but the President really can't quite understand how it comes to pass that England has her very sensible treaty quietly settled and dismissed into history, while our own negotiations continue to hang fire. It may occur to the country at large that the presence of Gen. Lamar in Nicaragua, as American Envoy, has possibly contributed to this result. The President, however, appears to be still a long way off from this most natural, and therefore to him, remote conclusion.

We entertain no doubts whatever of Sir Gore Ouseley's integrity and good faith. All the slanderous insinuations of the *Herald* can do little to affect the character of Sir Gore or of his accomplished wife; and we are quite confident that the great influence which Lady Ouseley wielded at Washington was used as she had a right to use it, in behalf of a better understanding between the English and American Governments on this Central American question. But what avail good understandings or the "best-laid schemes of mice and men," when the execution of them is confided to men who, like the unhappy Gen. Lamar, always end the day at eleven o'clock in the morning, and open their dispatch-bags on the pier of a small half-breed town? Sir Gore Ouseley, after all, can hardly be blamed for declining to do the whole duty of an American Minister, while receiving the pay of an English Envoy.

The Nicaraguan drama is now reënacting in Mexico. The squadrons of England and France are masters of the situation before Vera Cruz. Of course, they have nothing to do with the domestic affairs of Mexico, but in doing that nothing they have already contrived to deal the "Liberal Party," with which Mr. Buchanan professes so warm a sympathy, several sturdy blows in the ribs. Meanwhile America looks on sadly and sternly from the bow-ports of the sloop-of-war *Saratoga*, and plays the part of patient Protestant against these auxiliary attentions bestowed upon Church faction in Mexico. Once more the innocent public stares incredulously and bewildered. Once more the oracle at Washington smiles benignly upon this ignorant amazement. People think the independence of Mexico slightly compromised. "Not at all," says the President. "The whole thing was arranged here. The programme was made up at the State Department. The *Saratoga* makes up a cozy family party with the English and French vessels; and Mr. McLane will find himself acting in the most cordial harmony with the French Minister and the sprightly English *Chargé*, Mr. Matthews, who is well known to cherish the most grateful recollections of the summary way in which he was ejected from his Philadelphia Consulate by Mr. Secretary Marcy."

All this is perfectly delightful and satisfactory. Still it may not be wholly out of place to inquire what has become of Secretary Cass, and of his famous letter to Lord Napier on the Chinese question? In that striking composition, if we mistake not, Mr. Everett's letter on the proposed tripartite treaty for the settlement of Cuba was virtually reproduced, with emendations and additions. The Scottish thistle was adopted as the emblem of our diplomacy. "Hands off!" was to be the invariable rule of the Foreign office whenever subtle envoys should come slyly suggesting joint action with one or another European State. Even in a case so outlandish as that of the Celestials, this traditional policy was not to be abandoned. Have we so soon changed all this? Is what was all wrong in a case of the antipodes, all right in a matter touching our next door neighbor? Does the venerable Secretary think it safer to aid European States in settling the affairs of our republican allies, for the sake of saving them from vanishing into the area of our own expansion, than in battering down the Ta-ku forts, or breaking through a half-dozen booms across the Pei-ho?

Secretary Cass could not bear to think of firing a single American shot into the quarters of Yeh at Canton, for the purpose of securing a treaty by which we were specially to profit in the case of its success. Is he perfectly reconciled to a bombardment of Vera Cruz in behalf of a Government which will assuredly turn its back upon all American counsels and interests as soon as it shall come into power? We merely ask for information, and shall not be "astonished" at any possible reply.

The War Abroad and at Home.

If the *dénouement* of the Austro-Italian question were to be looked for in Central Italy, the European news which reaches us to-day from the *Arabia*, at Halifax, might be regarded as definitively pacific and conciliatory. Two leading members of the British Cabinet, Lord Malmesbury in the House of Peers, and Mr. Disraeli in the Commons, had stated with official emphasis that there was reason to hope for a speedy withdrawal of the Austrian and French forces from the territories of the Church; and that the English Minister at Paris, Lord Cowley, had been dispatched to Vienna, doubtless with the advice and possibly at the request of the French Emperor, for the purpose of attempting a diplomatic solution of the existing difficulties. This step will be interpreted throughout Europe as well as in Austria to signify an undiminished harmony between the Governments of France and England. It will indeed carry with it almost the weight of a moral demonstration on the part of England in favor of the Imperial policy of Napoleon, and it may, therefore, finally constrain Austria into surrendering her unfounded pretensions and her military usurpations in Central Italy. But the issue of war and peace lies further on, and the question of Central Italy is but the knot of the situation. Austria, in retiring from the Legation—France, in retiring from Rome—must not leave behind them the flames of revolution. A catastrophe sure to involve the Peninsula can only be prevented by further concessions from Austria in the Duchies and within her own Italian dominions, which there is, as yet, no reason to suppose that the English Cabinet have ventured to propose to her, but which Napoleon III. is not the man to leave unenforced. It would appear that the Austrian Emperor himself anticipates this natural development of the position, and is resolutely preparing for the conflict. Should Austria concede enough to prove that she recognizes a European urgency in the measures of France, but not enough to make her concessions final and satisfactory, it is easy to see that France will have won a great advantage in point both of policy and of principle. The mission of Lord Cowley, therefore, must be regarded rather as an advance in the diplomatic campaign of Napoleon, than as a new guarantee that diplomacy shall not, at an early day, give way to arms.

In this aspect of affairs, it is well for us to take some serious thought of the probable influence upon our own affairs of the war which seems to draw nearer to the world with every fresh arrival from Europe.

The anticipation of this catastrophe has already begun to produce its usual effects on both sides of the Atlantic. The nerves of commerce shiver, its muscles are relaxed, its heart fails. Hundreds of gentlemen in this City will take up their morning paper to-day with an anxious and tremulous glance at the quotations of Consols in London; and will then hurry down town with many forebodings as to the oscillation of values in New-York.

Ask these gentlemen, the most intelligent and best informed, precisely why the advance or decline of Consols in England should send despair or hope thrilling through the veins of American enterprise, and, in nine cases out of ten, they will either answer you wholly at random, or give you the facile commonplaces of the market for a reply. They will assure you that the fall of Consols means the impending paralysis of English capital; that this means trouble with the discounters and the discountees; and this, plague, pestilence and famine throughout the world commercial, and naturally, therefore, in America as well as in Europe. In nine cases out of ten you will find that their perturbed spirits have clean forgotten the facts of a history so recent as that of the Russian war; and that the wisdom of the world to-day is after all quite as much a matter of tradition in the haunts of business, and quite as little a matter of patient reflection there, as anywhere else. What does it signify to the alarmists that in 1854 the coming storm of the Russian conflict rising black, thunderous and sudden upon a sky serene with the evaded tempests of thirty years, not only failed to shake the prosperity of America and Europe, but even in its utmost raging left that prosperity still increasing, and developing with an ever accelerated speed? The year 1856 was certainly not the least flourishing of the century. It may well be doubted, indeed, whether the world has ever seen anything comparable to the general activity and general well-being of the human race during the twelve months which followed the conclusion of the Peace of Paris.

Let such a war break out upon Europe, as now appears imminent, and what are we justified in expecting as its immediate consequences upon the commerce of the world? Are we to look for a vast financial catastrophe in England and France, in Germany and America; for the stoppage of international exchanges; for the decay of manufactures; for the wasting of the cotton in our fields, and for the famishing of the European millions in their streets? That war is a calamity to be deprecated, save when it is called in to avert the greater calamities of an unsettled policy and of threatening discontent in the heart of nations, we need hardly say. But it becomes all careful men to weigh matters as they are and as they promise to be, dispassionately and without rhetoric, in the presence of every important crisis.

Suppose, then, that Austria and France come to the arbitrament of the sword in Italy. As a first step France will unquestionably throw her Mediterranean naval forces into the Adriatic, and cut off Austria from her vast commercial connection with Egypt and the East. This measure will stimulate afresh the commerce of France herself, as well as of England, and of whatever other Powers, including Sardinia, now possess a nucleus of Mediterranean trade.

At the same time, the increased expenditures of the French Government will make it necessary for the Emperor to do everything in his power towards increasing the tax-paying capacity of France, by increasing the export of French productions and the import of such raw material as America in particular contributes most largely to the trade of the world. Once settled upon a war basis the financial transactions of the greater Governments will go on as usual, and commerce will rapidly accommodate itself as it did in 1854 and 1855 to the new level of its operations. The carrying trade of all maritime Powers will receive a fresh impetus, while even the best of European harvests will not prevent the development of an extraordinary demand for the food-staples of our Western country.

It will depend only on our own diplomacy to secure for us new and reciprocal commercial advantages, from France in particular, in the event of an Austro-French war; and it will happily *not* depend even upon our diplomacy to secure for us, in such a case, a general increase in our production and trade. No settlement of the issues which now agitate Europe can retard; even an armed settlement must advance and aid the natural restoration of the world's commercial equilibrium, already so fairly begun. Meanwhile the home demand for capital in Europe will effectually kill that great system of living by loans which has so long been allowed to emasculate our most important corporate enterprises. And as the signs of the times begin to be truly read; as the real consequences of the present position of affairs and the genuine present tendencies of the commercial world begin to be calmly understood, we shall find the public at large taking up our railroads, our mining corporations, our manufactures of all kinds just where the speculators lay them down, summoning hitherto irresponsible managers to account, inaugurating new economies, new principles of business, forcing liquidation where liquidation is inevitable, pressing for progress where progress legitimately opens before them. If the people of this country will but be true to themselves—if they will but apply the simple reform of honesty and capacity to the immense accumulated interests we possess—the coming Summer will see us more fairly launched, than we have ever yet been, in the right way to recover our national and our corporate reputation, to make our colossal resources independently available, and to reëstablish our shaken prosperity on a firmer and more permanent basis than ever.

A Counterfeit Registry Law.

This evening the Registry bill is to be again considered as a special order in the Assembly. The measure is the great embarrassment of the session, a fact which appears not only remarkable but paradoxical, when it is considered that both political parties will, in the end, concur practically in their action. The Democrats openly oppose it on the pretended ground of unconstitutionality, but really because its operation would deprive them of illegal votes; and the Republican members, approving the principles of the bill, are yet driven to contrive means for its defeat, lest it might offend the handful of Irish and Germans who adhere to that party. Knowing the popularity of the measure with their constituents, while seeming to favor the passage of a Registry, they contrive "how not to do it." Two substitutes, one in each house, have been introduced. Each of these is the play of Hamlet with the Prince's part omitted. They are Registry bills, without the Registry principle.

Both provide for making a list previous to the election, but neither requires that such list shall determine the right to vote. Any person who does not choose to place his name thereon before election day,—and all bogus voters will be found in that category,—may nevertheless compel the reception of his ballot by his oath, backed by the oath of any friend who is a voter. The Senate bill adds the requirement that such friend shall be a householder. Now we are not prepared to say that these substitutes would be wholly without value. But that as a check to illegal voting they would amount to very little, is abundantly manifest. To style either of them a Registry is a gross misnomer. The existing law, which also requires a list to be made by the election clerks, equally deserves that name. There can be no efficiency in a measure of the kind, unless the registration of each man's name is made essential to his being permitted to vote. Let the machinery be as cheap and simple as possible, but do not eliminate that indispensable feature. If oaths at the polls, amid the hurry-scurry of an election, can force votes into the box, they will not be wanting, and we shall be substantially where we have hitherto been. Who does not know that in this City, for example, bogus voters can find swearing friends in abundance to help them through any difficulty; friends who will swear first if necessary that they are voters and householders, and who cannot be found to respond to a charge of perjury? No; the only safeguard is a Registry worthy of the name, by which lists shall be made out and published, subject to deliberate scrutiny before the day of election. Anything short of this is an evasion and a sham.

Hayti and its President.—The conqueror of Soulouque is experiencing the difficulties which befall all moderate men in seasons of public excitement. While in the field, at the head of his revolutionary troops, he met fully the expectations of his friends. His courage was equal to the task of driving Faustin from the capital, and the far greater trial of initiating the revolutionary movement. But now those whom he led to victory complain that he tempers his triumph with too much clemency. It was all very well they aver to banish Soulouque, though most of them had hoped to see his throat cut; but it annoys them to see so many adherents of the runaway tyrant suffered to remain quietly in Port-au-Prince. This spirit the President resolutely opposes, thereby elevating his reputation in the eyes of impartial foreigners, and eventually we should trust in the estimation of his own countrymen also. What has transpired in reference to Gen. Geffrard's policy is creditable to his judgment and honorable to his character. He appears to have none of the cruelty attributed to his race, and which so disgracefully distinguished his predecessor. His views in respect to commerce are liberal, and in regard to the neighboring Dominican Republic peaceful. If he shall be inclined and permitted to persevere in the course he has marked out, the result must be fortunate for Hayti, so long vexed by Faustin's truculent tyranny.

An Appeal to the Compassionate.—In view of the fact that at this late period of the session the State Legislature still has under consideration over "four hundred bills," we really think that the attention of the compassionate ought to be called to the State Legislature. No one who is acquainted with the earnest devotion to duty of Senators and Assemblymen, can fail to entertain the deepest respect for the self-sacrifice of those immortal, not to say eternal, men. Danger may scowl upon the State—infuriate Sepoys may threaten the dignity of the Commonwealth—a leak in the Canal may menace its treasury—or a question of privilege may dispel harmony and forbid peace—but the Senators and Assemblymen are "there," at Albany, continually immolating themselves on the altar of their country's interests; or in the barrooms of the capital, resigning themselves to the indifferent beverages therein compounded. Still must we hear? Must hoarse Spinola forever bawl the evils of corruption? Still must Littlejohn speak (in Committee, when, though speaking, he is not exactly Speaker) the wrongs of New-York in contradistinction to the rights of Richmond County? Still must the undaunted Tuthill recount the wants, defend the excesses, and proclaim the interests of all Long Island? Still must the bold Brandreth apply the pill of reform to the diseases of our social system, and spread the plaster of consolation on the wounds of trouble? Yes, through four hundred long and dreary bills, whereof few Senators or Assemblymen know, and fewer still will probably take the trouble to inquire, the purport. Is nothing to be done for these martyrs to the *cacoethes loquendi*? Are they not also men and brethren?

AFFAIRS AT ALBANY.

Personal Liberty—Lighterage in New-York Harbor—A Bludgeon for the Tender Heads of all New Savings Banks—Shall we be Charitable or Economical?—Bare Ground under the Appropriation Bill—Senate Debate on the New-York Port Regulations, &c., &c.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Albany, Thursday, March 10, 1859.

Last evening the Assembly had another pleasant entertainment. The Personal Liberty bill was the Special Order. Mr. Batchellor, (Rep.,) of Saratoga led off, approving the bill, but on the ground that there was a law still unrepealed on the Statute Books, which was enacted in 1840, entitled, "To extend the right of trial by jury," and that it covered all the ground which this would. Mr. Holmes, (Rep.,) of McGrawville, read a good wholesome speech in defence of the bill. He said that he did not stop to ask whether his constituents approved this, and scorned the "Fugitive Slave Act;" if they did not deem the latter outrageous, unconstitutional and insulting, he would tear up his commission, and refuse to be reckoned as the representative of such poltroons.

Major Schoolfield (Republican) was very happy. He wanted the bill passed, though there might be twenty just as stringent, but all forgotton, now among the statutes. Being damned up a good deal by the minority in the flow of his remarks, which treated freely of such departed worthies as John Tyler and Frank Pierce, the spirit of the stamping ground descended upon the Major, and he made the House roar with laughter, in spite of the Chairman's hammer, as he portrayed pathetically the sorrows of poor, banished Pierce, wandering homeless among the rocks of Switzerland, and the terror of Buchanan at his Belshazzar feast, on the eve of the Pennsylvania election.

Mr. Gover, of New-York, ripped out the bowels of the bill and sliced off pieces of its quivering liver. Mr. Gover is always eloquent, though his sentences are a little loose in their construction—always amusing and vigorous, though many widowed verbs go in weeds waiting their lost nominatives, through his orations.

Mr. Wheaney, (Dem.) of Rockland, coolly defended the Democratic Presidents, whom Major Schoolfield had abused, and was proceeding to denounce the bill, when Mr. Hutchinson begged him not to omit paying his respects to Millard Fillmore, which Mr. Wheaney proceeded to do.

The last speech made was a stunner—by Mr. Ranney, (Rep.,) of Onondaga. Mr. R. is one of the quiet, hard working men, who ought to be ashamed of himself that he has not gone in before, seeing what an elephant he takes into the menagerie. He reviewed the opposition to the bill, showed how it was consistent with the United States Constitution and how he should believe in it even though the Constitution had erected itself against it; and closed with a thrilling appeal. At 10½ there was a feeble effort to move the bill into the House, but Mr. Meeks resolutely set himself against that door. It wanted to be more discussed before disposing of it—he deprecated improper haste. Mr. Spencer (politely) was sure *he* was in no haste; everybody should be amply heard; the bill should be fairly considered; but wasn't it time to be getting along a little faster? Mr. Meeks let down his chin at full length as he replied that the gentleman himself, (Mr. Spencer,) not ten minutes before, had whispered him that he should have the bill ordered to a third reading that night. Mr. Spencer (doubly polite) reminded the gentleman that he was retailing private conversation. Mr. Meeks—(more solemnly than before)—"I know no private conversation on this floor; what the gentleman said, he told me publicly in my seat." Mr. Spencer, with a still sweeter smile on, assured the gentleman that it would be long before he should repeat the offence. Mr. Meeks—"Will the gentleman suspend one moment?" Mr. Spencer—"Nothing will give me greater pleasure." Mr. Meeks—"I only wish to say, that I hope the gentleman will not inflict any more of his conversation, either private or public, on me." The Speaker's hammer restored order, brought back the usual smile to Mr. Meeks' face, put Mr. Spencer all right, and opened the way for an adjournment.

To-day the lighterage bill was up again,—and was met with some serious objections. Hauling off to repair, its friends carried it to a Select Committee where it will be overhauled and recaulked, and when reported to the House, will go into the first Committee of the Whole. The German Savings' Banks was up again, but courtesy to Mr. Opdyke, who desires to brain it and all other new Savings' Banks, induced a postponement. Mr. O. holds that there are enough already, and every one additional he thinks weakens the credit of all.

The Appropriation Bill engaged the House from 1 to 2 o'clock. The original bill gave to only the following of our charities: The N. Y. Hospital..$22,500
Deaf and Dumb Asylum..... 33,000
Blind Asylum..... 27,000
House of Refuge..... 25,000
Juvenile Delinquent Association..... 24,000

An amendment is pending in the Committee of the Whole, giving to the New-York Eye and Ear Infirmary.....$1,000
New-York Dispensary..... 1,000
Eastern Dispensary..... 750
Northern Dispensary..... 750
Women and Childrens' Infirmary..... 750
Demilt Dispensary..... 750
Brooklyn Dispensary..... 575
Brooklyn Central Dispensary..... 575
Williamsburg Dispensary..... 500

Probably *all* these will be added or the whole kept out. The City delegations do not unanimously agree in urging them. Some would be willing to cut all off and make the bill as it professes to be, in all things an economical one.

The Senate in Committee of the Whole, to-day, Mr. Hubbell in the Chair, considered the bill to amend the act establishing regulations for the port of New-York. I cut the following report of the debate from this evening's *Journal*, as I was unable to be present, personally, while it went on:

Mr. W. A. Wheeler moved to amend by striking out $10,000 to Pilot Commissioners. He stated that the fees received by the Commissioners only amounted to $300.

Mr. Ames remarked that the Harbor Commissioners received their appointment from the Chamber of Commerce. If they were entitled to any compensation whatever for their services, this amount was not extravagant. The vigilance of the officers had prevented the accumulation of fines and penalties, and the receipts during the past year from this source amounted to but $1,500 or $2,000.

Mr. Ely stated that the offices were kept up to accommodate certain, no doubt, respectable members of the Republican party.

Mr. W. A. Wheeler inquired if there were not offices connected with the City Government of New-York, whose duties were similar to those discharged by those for whom this bill provided.

Mr. Ely remarked that there was a bureau in that City which had ample power over the wharves of that City, and that took good care of them, and had for one hundred years.

Mr. W. A. Wheeler was certain that the City of New-York could not be so negligent of its true interests, and the interests of the commerce of her port, as to permit injuries to her commerce which this bill was designed to remove. He was happy to be assured by the Senator from the Fifth, (Mr. Ely,) as he had already been by citizens of that City, that the City paid full attention to this subject, and had for years. He was opposed to a measure which would bring the two organizations in conflict, and to the expense falling upon the State, while the duties were already discharged and paid by the City.

Mr. Spinola cited the duties of the Pilot Commissioners, the prompt discharge of which had reduced the fees. The wharves and docks were kept in excellent condition, which was beneficial to the merchants in the interior of the State doing business in that City. Their strict observance of their duties prevented the docks and slips from becoming filled up, and kept the approaches thereto free and unobstructed.

Mr. Ames stated that the Commissioners had already contracted debts to the amount of some $9,000 or $10,000, which was due and would be paid from this fund. He would present the bill of items to-morrow, if desirable.

Mr. W. A. Wheeler was more fully convinced than before that it was unnecessary that the Commission should be a charge upon the people of the State. It was the interest of those owning piers and slips in the City of New-York—and they were either the property of the City or individuals—to keep the approaches free. They wanted their docks patronized, [illegible]. It is quite unnecessary that the [illegible] share the responsibility with the City [illegible] fundamentally able to perform this service [illegible] of her commerce, has always done [illegible] continue to whether this bill pass or not agreed with the Senator from the Twenty-fifth (Mr. Truman,) that a tax on the people of the State, [illegible] purpose, was quite unnecessary. He moved to [illegible] out the enacting clause of the bill, but withdrew [illegible] motion for the present for an amendment.

Mr. Ely further opposed the bill, remarking that these gentlemen were appointed some years since by the Chamber of Commerce of New-York City, a body having no legal existence, and some two years since the same gentlemen foisted themselves upon the State—to receive the fees, their salary. Last year the law was amended by paying them $10,000, the fees to be paid into the State Treasury. The result was no fees, and now we were called upon to give them additional powers.

Mr. W. A. Wheeler discovered $5,000 additional in the bill.

Mr. Ely moved an amendment repealing the law of 1858, or so much as gives the Pilot Commissioners $10,000, and leaving them the fees of the office. Agreed to.

Mr. Truman was opposed to the bill *in toto*. He regarded that the sooner the State got rid of these hangers-on on the State Treasury, the better for all concerned. This, from all representations we had received, was one of the Treasury leaks, for which we had been looking, and which we were in duty bound to check. The tax-payers of the State demand that our whole duty shall be discharged in this respect, and that their burdens, which were already onerous, should be made as light as possible. He was willing, usually, to allow Senators from their several districts to take care of their own localities. As a general rule, it was the safe course on local matters about which we could know but little; but when it came to a State Commission, payable out of the State Treasury, and for such a purpose as is this—a purpose which New-Yorkers were bound to provide for in justice to themselves and their own interests—and when some $15,000 were at stake—it was due to our constituents, due to the people of the State, that an interested locality should not decide the question. He hoped the bill would be reported.

Mr. Ely moved an amendment to the bill, repealing the laws of 1857 and 1858, on the subject of Police Commission. Agreed to.

The Committee rose before the pending bill was disposed of.

The following Notaries Public are announced to-day as confirmed:

Queens—Henry W. Eastman, of Roslyn.

Kings—Seth B. Cole, George L. Fox, Oren M. Beach, J. Brainerd Taylor, Bernard Casserly, Adrian Van Sinderin, Charles H. Dougherty, Frank H. Dikeman, Harman C. Westervelt, John W. Grieff, Thos. Ripton, of Brooklyn.

New-York—John Townsend, Jr., William C. Nicoll, Wellington Wells, Thomas P. Okie, Jr., Thos. L. Thornell, Augustus C. Graham, Isaac L. Taylor, R. Carlton Overton, John P. Emmet, William H. Browne, Francis S. Banks, of New-York City.

GLAUCUS.

NEW-YORK LEGISLATURE.

Senate....Albany, Thursday, March 10.

Mr. Ames reported for the consideration of the Senate a bill to authorize the sale of the Washington Market property, the avails to go for the benefit of the general funds of the State.

Mr. Ely also introduced a bill from the Select Committee, of which he is Chairman, confirming the title of the property above referred to in the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund of the City.

Mr. Ely reported favorably the bill to pay the Croton Aqueduct Department $2,600 per year for the water used by the Sing Sing Prison for two years past.

Mr. Ely introduced a bill (the same as the House Bill,) raising the rates of legal advertising.

The New-York Public Health bill was recommitted, and made the special order for Tuesday next.

The following bills were reported favorably: To extend the Exemption laws; to allow Notaries Public to act as Commissioners of Deeds. These have already passed the Assembly.

Mr. O. B. Wheeler presented the testimony taken before his Investigating Committee. Laid on the table.

The Canal Appropriation bill was then taken up and debated at length.

Evening Session.

The bills to provide for the payment of the deficiency in the revenue of the city of Brooklyn, and to amend the charter of the People's College, were ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Pratt gave notice of a bill to incorporate the South Pacific American Steamship Company, an opposition American line to the British line between Panama, Valparaiso, etc., connecting with the Aspinwall line.

Mr. Mather presented the Minority report against any registry law, on the ground that it was unconstitutional and oppressive. The report quotes liberally from Ex-Governor Seward's suppressed veto and Governor Clark's veto in support of his position.

The Senate then resumed the consideration of the resolution declaring that a vacancy exists in Mr. Mandeville's seat.

Mr. Divin made an able argument against the opinion of the Attorney-General, holding that under a clause in the Constitution Mr. Mandeville had, by accepting his appointment as Postmaster and entering on the duties of his office, clearly forfeited his seat. He declared it as his (Divin's) opinion that the Attorney-General's letter must have been hurriedly written, and without duly considering the case. He accused the Democrats of throwing factious opposition in the way of a final decision on this case.

Mr. Spinola replied warmly in defence of the action of the minority, and declared that Mr. Divin had taken his seat at the commencement of the session with prejudices against Mr. Mandeville, and that he had not lost those prejudices yet.

Mr. Noxon spoke forcibly in support of the resolution.

The Senate, without taking the question, adjourned.

Assembly....Albany, Thursday, March 10.

The bill to authorize the indictment of the Quarantine incendiaries in any County in the Second Judicial District was, under the operation of the previous question, ordered to a third reading by 62 to 31.

The Committee of the Whole took up the bills on the general orders.

The bill to incorporate the German Savings Bank, New-York, had progress reported upon it.

The bill to license lighters in the port of New-York was opposed by Mr. Meeks and recommitted for amendment.

The following bills were ordered to a third reading: To record notices of suits pending in Kings County Courts, and to print the calendar.

To amend the laws relative to the collection of demands against vessels.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the General Appropriation bill.

Evening Session.

The Canal Auditor sent in a communication respecting the number of collectors, assistants, and clerks, with their salaries, employed on the State Canals, and stating that the collectors can be dispensed with at New-York, Ithaca, Scottville, Jordan, and Medina or Albion; that a number of the assistants may be dispensed with, and that the clerks may be dispensed with at all the offices not kept open in the night.

The Governor submitted a Message announcing that the State would probably be shortly called on to pay its share towards the erection of the monument in Independence-square, Philadelphia, under the law of 1853, authorizing Commissioners to consult with like Commissioners from eight other States, and agree to pay stipulated sums toward such monument. The Governor

A Personal Controversy.

THE HON. F. P. BLAIR, JR., AND EX-INDIAN COMMISSIONER MANYPENNY.

Mr. GEORGE W. MANYPENNY, formerly Commissioner of Indian Affairs, is now Editor of the *Ohio Statesman*, at Columbus. He has just published a correspondence which has passed between himself and Senator JEFFERSON DAVIS, in relation to a statement of the Hon. F. P. BLAIR, Jr., in Congress, to the effect that MANYPENNY, while holding the office of Commissioner, "placed arms in the hands of hostile Indians, knowing them to be so, to be used against the whites." This assertion is emphatically denied by Mr. MANYPENNY, and Mr. DAVIS backs him in his denial. The *Statesman* thereupon abuses Mr. BLAIR in unmeasured terms. The following is the correspondence:

COLUMBUS, Feb. 21, 1859.

SIR: By the official report of the proceedings in the House of Representatives on the 16th inst., (in the *Globe* of the 17th,) Mr. BLAIR, of Missouri, says: "Not only are the remarks I made upon the floor true as to the fact that the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Mr. MANYPENNY, furnished the Indians with arms who were hostile with the white people—not only is that true, but Mr. JEFFERSON DAVIS, at the same time Secretary of War, declared in his place in the other House that when the War Department was sending out troops against them, the Commissioner was arming those Indians to fight those troops."

I have not been able to put my hand on the *Globe* containing any remarks of yours from which Mr. BLAIR would be authorized to make the above statement. As, however, his remarks, as well as your own, if made, are published in the records of Congress, and thus endure in the official debates of the country, I beg leave to call your attention to them, and if such statement was made by you, have to ask that you reexamine the facts upon which you based it. The charge is groundless, has no foundation in truth, and I am quite sure you will recognize the obligation resting on you to make the appropriate correction upon proper and further examination, if you find that no arms were furnished the hostile Indians during the Sioux Expedition, or from the time of the Massacre at Laramie to the close of HARNEY'S campaign.

Very respectfully, your ob't servant,

GEO. W. MANYPENNY.

The Hon. JEFFERSON DAVIS, U. S. Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24, 1859.

SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 21st inst., containing an extract of the reported speech of the Hon. Mr. BLAIR, of the House of Representatives, and informing me that you had not seen the remarks cited as having been made by me.

Inclosed herewith I send you the *Globe* containing the only remarks which I recollect to have made during the present session, on the subject of supplies furnished to hostile Indians. You will find that no reference is made to yourself, and my recollection is that the supplies were intended for various bands upon the Upper Missouri, whose relations to the hostile Sioux were such that it was deemed hazardous to allow their distribution, and Gen. HARNEY was directed to prevent it. It was not, therefore, consistent with my recollection of events, that I should have said "the Commissioner was arming the Indians to fight the troops."

I hope you do me no more than justice in assuming that I would be ready to correct any error into which I had fallen and had communicated to others, and that you will see that my remarks have not justified the language quoted from a speech of Mr. BLAIR.

Very respectfully yours, JEFF. DAVIS.

Hon. GEO. W. MANYPENNY, Columbus, O.

Great Windfall—A Penitentiary Convict Heir to a Fortune and a Title.

The Lockport (N. Y.) *Advertiser* has a story of a young man confined in the Erie County Penitentiary having fallen heir to an immense estate and a title, as follows: "Some two weeks since, a young man of gentlemanly address, and who from appearance bore evidence of having seen better days, arrived at Tonawanda, and calling at the house of Mr. BROWNING, of that place, begged for something to eat and asked for a situation. He gave a history of his circumstances, as follows: He said his father was wealthy, lived in France, and that he left his home in that country on a pleasure trip to the United States, bringing with him $63,000 for spending money and other purposes. On landing in New-York, and after sojourning in that City a short time, he deposited $20,000 with a banker, who was a Jew. He was then led by some new-made acquaintances into scenes of dissipation and gaming, where he lost the remainder of his money. To add to his misfortunes, the Jew banker also failed, swindling him out of the money he had deposited with him. His father, he said, had a banker in New-York from whom he might have obtained assistance, but he determined, from motives of pride and chagrin, not to appeal to him in his extremity, by giving a statement of his condition.

On receiving, with some doubts as to its truthfulness, the above statement, Mr. BROWNING took the young man into his employ for a few days and set him to work "packing shingles." He afterwards went to Buffalo. Mrs. BROWNING, however, in the meantime, out of motives of curiosity, wote a letter to the above-mentioned banker, whom the young man stated was doing business for his father, inquiring of him in regard to the truth of the matter. The banker, on receipt of Mrs. B.'s letter, immediately repaired to Tonawanda and confirmed the truth of the statement, and also related other facts in connection with the case more wonderful still. He stated that he had recently learned of the decedease of the young man's father, who had died leaving the young man heir to $2,000,000, and also that $60,000 had already been remitted and was in the hands of himself. The banker on receiving the news and not finding the fortunate inheritor of this vast sum, advertised for him in the papers. The banker then gave Mr. BROWNING $25 to prosecute the search for him in Buffalo, where it was supposed he had repaired. After two days spent, the object of search was found in the Erie County workhouse, where he had been committed a few days previous as a vagrant. He was very sick and his disease was pronounced by the doctors to be incurable.

The *Advertiser* says that he still remains at the house of Mr. BROWNING, in Tonawanda, where he was removed when released from confinement. He has received large remittances from his banker, and it is not at all probable that he will ever enter a penitentiary again as a vagrant.

Singer's Sewing Machines.

The immense increase in the demand for these admirable Machines—it has trebled within four months—indicates the reviving prosperity of the country. The prices of our Machines have been greatly reduced.

I. M. SINGER & CO., No. 458 Broadway.

Take Healthful Physical Exercise,

At WOOD'S Gymnasium,
No. 6 East 28th-st.

Ho! for Pike's Peak!

AND THE GOLD DIGGINGS!

No mother's son should be allowed to go to the Gold Diggings without one of those VOLCANIC-REPEATING RIFLES or PISTOLS, which carry from seven to thirty balls.

Without doubt, they are the most complete weapon ever introduced with the water-proof ball, which is not effected by any changes of climate, or subject to the many mishaps to which the ordinary revolver is liable to.

With a good conscience and a Volcanic Pistol, you may sleep soundly and safely, with your hard-earned nuggets by your side.

My friend, if you have regard for your life or your scalp, do not fail to get one or more of these invaluable weapons before starting on your journey. Buy for yourself, and advise your friends to do the same. A word to the wise is sufficient.

Rifles, Carbines and Pistols, carrying from 7 to 30 balls, twenty-five per cent. less than Colt's, and so much better.

JOSEPH MERWIN, Agent,
No. 267 Broadway, New-York.

Also, Sole Agent for the American G. D. and Waterproof Percussion Caps.

A. Annan's

Patent Knife and
Scissor Sharpener.

"Superior to the grindstone."—*Home Journal.*
"A convenient contrivance."—*Commercial Advertiser.*
"The best thing for sharpening knives and scissors."
Day Book.

For sale at house-furnishing and hardware stores.

A. ANNAN,
No. 67 Pine-st.

Second Hand Safes.

We have just received a few second-hand Safes which we will sell very low.

STEARNS & MARVIN { No. 40 Murray-st., New-York. No. 29 North Main-st., St. Louis. No. 57 Gravier-st., New-Orleans.

Also a large assortment of our
WILDER PATENT FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFES FROM $80 TO $1,000.

Grover & Baker's Celebrated FAMILY SEWING-MACHINES.

NEW STYLES AT REDUCED PRICES.
NO. 495 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.
NO. 102 FULTON-ST., BROOKLYN.

Cristadoro's Hair Dye.—The conspirators against CRISTADORO are defeated. Dr. Chilton testifies that his Excelsior Hair Dye is chemically pure and safe, as well as matchless in the color it imparts. Sold everywhere and applied by experienced artists at CRISTADORO'S, No. 6 Astor House.

Barry's Tricopherous
is the
BEST AND CHEAPEST ARTICLE
For DRESSING, BEAUTIFYING, CLEANING, CURLING, PRESERVING and RESTORING THE HAIR. Ladies, try it. For sale by all druggists and perfumers.

The Metallic Tablet Strop—Invented by GEORGE SAUNDERS, A. D. 1816. This, the genuine article, has never been equaled for producing the keenest possible edge to a razor. Can be obtained of the subscribers and sole manufacturers, J. & S. SAUNDERS,
Store No. 7 Astor House.

Batchelor's Hair Dye, Wigs and Toupees.—This celebrated establishment is at No. 233 Broadway. Twelve private rooms for the application of his famous Hair Dye, the best extant. BATCHELOR'S Wigs and Toupees have improvements over all; this is the only place where these are properly understood and made.

A. W. Faber's Lead Pencils sold at Retail by all stationers. At wholesale only by EBERHARD FABER, (sole agent,) No. 133 William-st.

Sewing Machines.—All persons who have been induced to buy Sewing Machines which will not perform the work that purchasers expected them to do, are informed that Singer's Machines never fail to do any kind of work. No one is ever disappointed in these Machines.
I. M. SINGER & CO., No. 458 Broadway.

McLaughlin's Improved French
YOKE SHIRTS, READY MADE,
or made to measure at the shortest notice, at
No. 269 Greenwich-st., corner of Murray.

Merchants and other Strangers can obtain Phrenological Examinations, with Charts and Written Characters, with advice as to defects, talents and proper pursuits, daily, at FOWLER & WELLS', 308 Broadway.

Herring's Patent Champion Safe.

LATE FIRE AT DUBUQUE, IOWA.

DUBUQUE, Jan. 7, 1859.

MESSRS. S. C. HERRING & Co.—Gents: I am requested by Mr. T. A. C. Cochrane, of this place, to say to you that on the morning of the 4th inst., about 3 o'clock, his store took fire, and the entire stock of goods was destroyed. The heat became so suddenly intense that none of the goods could possibly be saved; but fortunately his ... and papers, which were in one of your Champion Safes were all preserved perfectly. And well they may be called champion, for during the whole conflagration there was one incessant pouring of flame directly upon the safe which contained them. And still, upon opening it, the inside was found to be scarcely warm, while the outside was most severely scorched. Yours truly,

N. A. McCLURE.

HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF SAFES, with HALL'S PATENT POWDER-PROOF LOCKS, afford the greatest security of any safe in the world. Also Sideboard and Parlor Safes, of elegant workmanship and finish, for plate, &c.

$1,000 REWARD will be paid to any person that can show that a HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION SAFE ever failed to preserve its contents in an accidental fire.

S. C. HERRING & CO.,
No. 251 Broadway, corner Murray-st.,
opposite City Hall, New-York.

Singer's Sewing Machines.

The new Family Sewing Machines, at $50 and $75, are attracting universal attention. In all essential good qualities they are much the best Machines ever offered at a low price. I. M. SINGER & CO., No. 458 Broadway.

Be not Stiff-necked, and Reject what Experience Teaches.—Fevers, sore throats, agues, rheumatism, dropsies, bilious affections, headaches, all affections of the stomach and bowels, both of a costive and dysenteric character, and all the maladies of women and children, have been cured by the use of BRANDRETH'S PILLS. To tell you that I have paid two millions of dollars to make this truth known, is of itself an astounding fact; and yet, never was a truer word spoken. And what is the result? Why, that about three million persons in the United States partially believe in their efficacy, and have a general idea of the benefits to be derived from purgation in sickness. But what a field for philanthropy! What millions remain to be converted! And let me say that this knowledge is second only to Christianity in the benefits it is capable of conferring upon mankind. Let not medical men persuade you Brandreth's Pills are a quack remedy. It is no such thing. What I sell to you for two shillings, these men could not supply for a dollar. My herbs and extracts are all prepared in my own laboratory, where a steam engine of one hundred and forty horse power is employed exclusively for this purpose, besides an extensive water-power. In using these Pills you risk nothing, for they have been used by millions; so that, should you feel disposed to take a six dose, you will be able certainly to live through the operation—and you may have the laugh on your side when the doctor tells you that he hit your case exactly with that last medicine. Go on in the use of the Pills. They will cure you without hurting your teeth or gums, and in every way improve your health.

B. BRANDRETH, M. D.

Sold at No. 294 Canal-st., Brandreth Building, and by all respectable dealers in medicine.

Leary & Co.
Leaders and introducers of fashion for gentlemen's hats will this day issue the Spring style of gentlemen's hats to which the attention of their customers and the public generally is invited.
Nos. 3, 4 and 5 Astor House, Broadway.

Trusses, Elastic Stockings, for enlarged veins, Shoulder Braces, Female Supporters, Belts, Instruments for weak ankle joints, club-feet, bow-legs, etc, with Dr. GLOVER'S new Lever Truss, which effects radical cures. No. 4 Ann-st., under the Museum.

Tracy's Celebrated Shirts made to Order, with plain or Bayadere bosoms, and warranted to fit, at the Shirt and Collar Dépôt, Nos. 87 and 89 William-st., one door north of Maiden-lane.
GEO. M. TRACY, Agent.

Gentlemen's Hats, Spring Styles.—C. P. MELLENEY is now prepared to offer to the public an extensive assortment of Gents, and Boys' Spring Styles of Hats and Caps, of every variety, unsurpassed by any in this City, or elsewhere, either in quality or price, at the well-known hat and cap store, No. 90 Fulton-st., wholesale and retail. C. P. MELLENEY.

Hatters' Plush in all Grades.
UNDER-BRIM SATINS AND CLOTHS.
BANDS AND BINDINGS, black and in colors.
TIPS AND SIDES, new and choice designs. For sale by ROBERTS & CATHELL, No. 113 Broadway.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines.
PRICES GREATLY REDUCED.
They are the favorites for families.—*New-York Times.*
We prefer them for family use.—*New-York Tribune.*
Office, No. 505 Broadway, New-York.

Rupture Cured—By MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss. Also Silk Elastic Stockings for varicose veins, supporters and shoulder braces. Instruments for deformities made to order. No. 2 Vesey-st., Astor House, N. Y. Ladies' private rooms and female attendant.

Shirts—French Yoke style, made to Order and warranted to fit, of a superior make and finish, of the best materials, and at less than usual prices, at BALLOU BROTHER'S, Shirt and Gentlemen's Furnishing Establishment, No. 409 Broadway, New-York.

Ladies, the Spring-time of the Year is Coming and if you wish handsome gaiter boots, 12s. to 20s.; slippers, 6s. to 10s. with Boys' Misses', and Children's Boots and Shoes, of all kinds and prices, patronize MILLER & CO.'S, No. 387 Canal-st.

Smithsonian House, BROADWAY, CORNER OF HOUSTON-ST.—Conducted on the European Plan. Single Rooms, 50 cents, 75 cents and $1 per day. Double Rooms and Parlors, $1 50 to $3. Meals as ordered.

MARRIED.

VAIL—DEVOE.—On Tuesday, March 8, by the Rev. Mr. Mickels, Mr. J. VAIL, of Yonkers, to Miss KATE S. DEVOE, of New-York.

HOLLEY—BATES.—At North White Creek, N. Y., on Thursday, March 10, by the Rev. Merritt Bates, Professor WILLIAM A. HOLLEY, Editor of the *Fort Edward Institute Monthly*, to MARY T., daughter of the officiating clergyman, and recently Preceptress of Stanstead C. E. Academy.

PALMER—WINTRESS.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, March 8, by the Rev. J. B. Hagany, Mr. WILLIAM P. PALMER, of Nyack, to Miss SARAH J. WINTRESS, of Brooklyn.

DIED.

BLUNT.—In this City, on Wednesday, March 9, MARY AGNES, oldest daughter of Orison and Eliza Blunt, aged 4 years and 3 months.

Funeral will take place on Saturday, the 12th inst., from No. 117 9th-st., at 2 o'clock. Friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, without further notice.

HOMAN.—In this City, at the residence of her son-in-law, Chas. Homan, No. 223 Sullivan-st., BATHSHEBA widow of David Homan, in he 86th year of her age.

Her remains will be taken to South Haven, L. I., for interment.

GAUNT.—In this City, on Wednesday, March 9, JAMES GAUNT, a native of Scotland, in the 47th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, this (Friday) afternoon, at 1 o'clock, from his late residence, at the foot of 61st-st., near the East River.

CARTER.—In this City, on Thursday, March 10, HENRY C. CARTER, son of Edward and Elizabeth Carter, aged 8 years, 9 months and 21 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Saturday, the 12th, at 2 o'clock, from No. 228 West 32d-st.

GAMBLING.—In this City, on Wednesday evening, March 9, ALLEN, nephew of Wm. M. Gambling, aged 11 years, 3 months and 12 days.

His funeral will take place this (Friday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from No 273 6th-av.

BROWN.—In this City, on Thursday, March 10, OLIVIA BELDEN, daughter of Horatio S. and Matilda A. Brown, aged 11 months and 10 days.

COLLINS.—In this City, on Thursday morning, March 10, IDA COLLINS, youngest daughter of John and Elizabeth Collins, aged 2 years and 3 months.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, No. 28 Suffolk st., this (Friday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock, without.

BRINKERHOFF.—At Brooklyn, on Wednesday afternoon, March 9, after a long illness, ELIZABETH FREDERICK, wife of Jacob Brinkerhoff, aged 69 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, Classon av., between Myrtle and De Kalb avs., on Friday afternoon, at 4 o'clock. The remains will be taken to Hackensack for interment on the following day.

HAYES.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday morning, March 9, MRS. MARGARET HAYES, aged 64 years, 9 months and 4 days.

Her friends and acquaintances, and those of her sons, Arthur, John, Thomas, and Joseph, also of her sons-in-law, Jasper Coghlan, John and Daniel Sullivan, are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence, No. 175 Fulton-st., on Friday morning, at 10 o'clock, whence her remains will be taken to the Church of the Assumption, corner of York and Jay sts., where there will be a Requiem Mass, after which they will be taken to Flatbush for interment.

out further invitation.

MALTBY.—In this City, on Thursday, March 10, Mr. ELBRIDGE MALTBY, in the 68th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his son, No. 205 West 31st-st., on Saturday morning, 12th instant, at 10 o'clock, without further notice.

CARY.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, March 9, WM. H. CARY, Jr., only son of Geo. S. and Mary W. Cary, in the 18th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his father, No. 21 Smith-st., Brooklyn, (near Fulton av.,) on Saturday, the 12th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M.

DAWSON.—At Newark, N. J., on Thursday, March 10, WILLIAM C. DAWSON, of typhoid fever, in the 30th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services, from his late residence, No. 62 Commerce-st., on Saturday, the 12th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M., without further notice.

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The squirrel leaps through sporting branches;
Old Winter worn is nigh forlorn,
And Spring's young hounds toil at his haunches.
Oh, month whose breath requires a sheath
On all the buds of tenderer promise,
Though keen and blind, thy dusty wind,
At least thou'st ta'en old Winter from us!
Soon shall be seen, in dimpled green,
The earth from frosty chains emerging,
And Summer's breeze will fan the trees
With clouds of new-blown blossoms surging!

To thee we owe this healthy glow
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FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY, BASEMENT and under-cellar brick house, next to the corner of South 5th and 6th sts.; also the three-story and under-cellar brick house, No. 10 South 4th-st.; both fitted up with all the modern improvements, ranges, chandeliers, water, &c., in complete order. Terms easy. Inquire of J. V. MESEROLE, basement Williamsburg City Bank.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—IN BROOKLYN, E. D., a three-story corner brick house, with vaulted cellar, cistern in the yard, stable and two brick shops, together with two lots of ground. Stages from Peck-slip and Grand st. ferries running every fifteen minutes in front of the house. Terms easy. For further particulars apply at No. 64 Nassau-st., Room 6.

FOR SALE—TWENTY-TWO DESIRABLE LOTS on New-York-av., Brooklyn, between Wyckoff and Warren sts., adjoining the residences of A. F. Hatfield and George D. Arthur, Esqs.; will be sold on favorable terms in one parcel or divided, as may be required by purchasers who intend to build. Apply to JAMES D. FISH, No. 105 South-st.

HOUSE FOR SALE IN FIFTY-FIRST-STREET.—The new 3-story brick house No. 8 Mansfield-place, 51st-st., between 8th and 9th avs. Price, $4 800; not over $1,000 will be required to be paid down; the balance can, if desired, remain on bond and mortgage. The house can be seen at any hour of the day. Inquire on the premises.

FOR SALE—NO. 301 SECOND-AVENUE, SOUTH-west corner of 19th-st., four-story brick private residence, with large front on the avenue; could be conveniently changed for business purposes; lot 20 by 75, house 28 by 42; range, bath, gas, laundry tubs, &c.; built expressly for the owner's occupation; price, $14,000. Apply to E. H. BROWN, 121 Nassau-st., from 1 to 3 P. M.

FOR SALE—THE SUBSTANTIAL BRICK HOUSE and lot, No. 278 Houston-st. near Suffolk-st. Lot 21x100 feet. House 44 feet. Bath, gas, range, hot and cold water. Price $7 500. $5,000 on mortgage if desired. Apply to E. H. BROWN, No. 121 Nassau-st., from 1 to 3 o'clock, P. M.

FOR SALE AT LOW PRICE—AN ELEGANT, spacious five-story brown-stone house, No. 32 East 21st-st., close to Broadway; well built, and replete with every modern convenience; has been lately painted in an elegant manner, and is in perfect order. Apply on the premises, from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY—A country store, dwelling-house, and out-buildings, with five acres of land, all in good order, situated on Long Island, 28 miles from the City, and two minutes' walk from depôt. Inquire of W. L. SCHOENER, No. 221 Pearl, corner Platt-st.

FOR SALE—THE FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY house No. 67 Madison-av., 25x58, lot 25x100. The property is first-class in every respect, being close to Madison-square, one of the best locations in the City. The house can be seen from 10 to 12 and 3 to 6 o'clock. Terms easy. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—A THREE-story English basement brick house, 250 feet from Myrtle-av., in Hamilton-st. The above house has marble mantels, dumb waiter, gas-pipes and range in. Will be sold low on very easy terms. Inquire of WM. F. HALL, No. 69 Wall-st., at Nathan Lane & Co.'s.

FOR SALE—IN THE MOST DESIRABLE PART of Brooklyn, a large double house, eight full lots, brick stable, cow-house, &c., one block north of Fulton-av. cars. Apply on the premises, in Putnam av., between Classon-av. and Butler-st., or No. 50 Dey st., New-York. CHARLES PARKER.

VALUABLE HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE—On foreclosure by Sheriff of Kings County, on the 14th inst., at 12 o'clock, at No. 343 Fulton-st., Brooklyn. The property is No. 52 Pierrepont-st., 25x200, running through to Hicks-st., and contains the best of furniture to be sold at the house at 1 P. M. on same day.

FOR SALE—A HOUSE AND LOT NO. 118 VARick-st., between Dominick and Broome sts., with stable in the rear. The lot is 24 feet 6 inches by 100 feet. This property is well calculated for a bakery, milkman or butcher's stand. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Metropolitan Buildings, Pine-st.

CHICAGO.—A VALUABLE PROPERTY ON EM-pire-slip and South Branch, 2,000 feet water front, occupied for lumber yards, &c., with tracks connecting with the railroads leading out of the city. For sale by A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., No. 7 Broad-st., New-York.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A FIRST-class four-story brown-stone house in 31st-st., near 8th-av.; has all the modern improvements, and in perfect order; a smaller house, or good City lots, would be taken in part payment. Apply to JOHN WAITE, No. 932 Broadway, or address WM. DAY, Box 772 Post-office.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A LARGE MANU-facturing building, with a strong light on all sides, nearly 50x100 feet, five stories high. With it is connected a twenty-five horse engine, tubular boiler and shafting. No. 67 Crosby-st., from the first of May next. Address, by note, J. B. CORLIES, No. 22 West 26th st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—NO. 59 WEST 14th-st., a three-story and basement house, 25x112; house full size of the lot, in complete order, with all the modern improvements. Apply to JOHN LLOYD & SONS, No. 15 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE LOW—THE ELEGANT HOUSE NO. 5 Washington-place, two doors from Washington-square, in fine order; early possession given. Terms easy. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 14 Pine-st., or Box No. 3,707 Post-office.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE ELIGIBLY-SITuated, small, three-story, brown-stone house, No. 45 West 26th-st. Possession early in April. May be seen only between 2 and 5 P. M. Apply to H. K. BOGART, No. 14 East 25th-st., or No. 49 William-st.

FOR SALE—A LARGE FOUR STORY HIGH-stoop brown-stone front house No. 56 St. Mark's-place. The house has all the modern improvements, and halls and rooms are elegantly papered to 4th story. Terms reasonable. $16,000 can remain on mortgage.

FOR SALE—THE FOUR-STORY BROWN-STONE house, and lot, No. 56 East 21st-st., north side, between Broadway and 4th-av. House 26x65, lot 98.9. All modern improvements, and built in best manner. Price low and terms easy. Apply on the premises.

FOR SALE—THE FIRST-CLASS, FOUR-STORY house No. 109 West 14th-st., complete in every respect, with stable attached, having a front of 37 feet, and comprising nearly two lots of ground. Apply to J. H. GIFFING, No. 5 Tryon-row, from 1 to 2 P. M.

FOR SALE—THE FOUR-STORY HOUSE AND lot No. 26 Lamartine place, 26th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.; the house has Croton water to the third story, bath, gas, water-closets, speaking-tubes, &c. Apply on the premises, from 2 to 5 o'clock.

FOR SALE—THE FOUR STORY BRICK HOUSE, with all the modern improvements, in good order, No. 211 West 32d-st. For particulars, apply to M. V. B. SWART, No. 169 Broadway, Room No. 43.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE HOUSE AND store No. 110 9th-av. Inquire of WM. SMITH, No. 276 West 19th-st.

FOR SALE.

HOUSE ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS FOR SALE.

A first-class brick three-story dwelling-house in Columbia-st., overlooking the City and Bay of New-York; house 30 by about 60 feet; very roomy, and replete with every convenience; lot 30 by 150; gardens well stocked with fruit, &c. The house was built for the present owner, and is occupied by him, and has recently been put in perfect order throughout. For terms, which will be made easy to a good purchaser, apply to H. G. LAPHAM, Nos. 26 and 28 Ferry-st., New-York. Also, an elegant span of gray carriage horses for sale, the owner being about to leave the City. Apply as above.

FOR SALE—ON ACCOMMODATING TERMS, property located at Yonkers, Hastings and Williamsburg. The Yonkers and Hastings property is beautifully situated, commanding a view from the Highlands to New-York, some of which are situate on Warburton-av., Willow-st., Hudson-st., (or Ravine-av.,) and Gold-st. The property at Unionto wn, (near Hastings,) containing about 76 acres very high land, commanding fine view of surrounding country, East River, Long Island Sound, Hudson River, &c. Good land well adapted to vineyards, fruits, &c., very cheap. Williamsburg property situated at Nos. 167 and 171 South 5th-st., five minutes' walk from Peck-slip Ferry; brick houses three stories high.

Also, at Yonkers, two lots, each about four acres, on Albany Turnpike-road, (Broadway;) also, one lot containing about 20 acres with house on it, and light water-power. One of the above lots in Yonkers contains about four acres convenient of access to both depôts and steamboats. The above property will be sold in lots to suit purchasers, both as to size and payments. Apply at H. G. LAWRENCE'S book-store, 1 Vesey-st., Astor House.

TO MECHANICS, &C.—THE SUBSCRIBER offers for sale to mechanics and others of small means, several three-story brick dwellings in VanBrunt-st., near the Atlantic Docks, Brooklyn; also, several dwellings in Williamsburg at from $1,800 to $2 500 each. They are in complete order, and will be sold very low to close an estate. Parties wishing to purchase can pay a small amount down, and the balance in small sums, from time to time, to suit their convenience. Apply to E. R. KELLOGG, executor, No. 90 Beaver-st., New-York.

MOUNT VERNON LOTS TO BE SOLD FOR TAXES.—Central, West and East Mount Vernon, Wakefield, Washingtonville and Fleetwood. Taxes may be paid on THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY of this week, at the Fourteenth Ward Hotel, corner Elizabeth and Grand sts., after which the books will be closed, and lots sold according to law.
F. SEDER, Collector.

FOR SALE—WITH OR WITHOUT FURNITURE, the 4-story brown-stone, English-basement house No. 34 West 32d-st., between Broadway and 5th-av., newly painted and papered throughout, and in perfect order, with all the modern improvements. For cards of admission and terms, apply to BURRILL, DAVISON & BURRILL, No. 40 Wall-st., or to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE FIRST-CLASS FOUR STORY brown stone house and lot, No. 17 East 33d-st., near 5th-av., lot 25x99, house 25x60, nearly new, built in the best manner, and with all the modern improvements, location unexceptionable; price $22,000, which is $2,000 less than its real value. For further particulars, apply on the premises, No. 17 East 32d-st., or address Box No. 1,798 Post office.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT ON THE SOUTH-erly side of 18th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.; size of lot 20 by 78 feet; house 20 by 46 feet, three stories and basement, with brown-stone front and all the modern improvements. Inquire of JOHN EDWARDS, at stone-yard, corner of Avenue A and 16th st.; residence, No. 182 Waverley-place.

FOR SALE—IN A BEAUTIFUL LOCATION, (Murray Hill,) a new 3-story high-basement and under-cellar brown-stone front house and lot, with every modern improvement, situated on Lexington-av., forty feet north of 38th-st. For sale low and on easy terms. Inquire of B. WISE, on the premises, or at No. 97 38th-st., near by.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—NO. 201 MONROE-ST., in the VIIth Ward, a very convenient three-story house, with basement and sub-cellar, gas, Croton water, bath-room, with hot and cold water. For sale low, or if rented, to only one family. Apply to
PRESTON SHELDON,
No. 92 Market-slip.

FOR SALE—NO. 118½ EAST EIGHTEENTH-st., near Irving-place, the very neat, modern three-story brick house, with the marble mantels, Croton water, bath, gas, speaking-tubes and dumb waiter. For further particulars and cards of admission, apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Pine-st.

TO MANUFACTURERS, &C.—FOR SALE OR to let near the Atlantic Docks, Brooklyn, a brick building, 100 feet square, and a first-class engine, &c., with an ample supply of water; will be sold low, to close an estate. Apply to E. R. KELLOGG, executor, No. 90 Beaver-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY BROWN-STONE basement high-stoop house No. 48 Barrow-st., and lot. The house is in superb order, having been just painted, and possessing all the modern improvements. $1,500 can be left on bond and mortgage for four years. Apply on the premises.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THOSE BEAUTIFUL 3-story and basement high-stoop houses in Mansfield place. Also, one of the cottage-houses; has all the modern improvements; finished in the best manner. Inquire at No. 12, on the premises, 51st-st., near 8th-av.

FOR SALE.—CANAL STREET.—LOT ON THE north side, between Broadway and Elm-st., belonging to Devisees, under will of Ann Jay, dec'd., as tenants in common. Apply to FRANCIS T. GARRETTSON,
Attorney, &c., No. 74 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—A MODERN-BUILT BRICK-FRONT, high-stoop house, with bath, hot and cold water, gas, marble hall, &c.; cheap for cash. Apply to R. PETTON or S. W. CRONK, No. 168 West 37th-st.

FOR SALE—CENTRAL PARK LOT—LOT SOUTH side 98th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.; 100 feet east of 9th-av. Price, $550; $240 on bond and mortgage. Inquire at No. 3 Nassau-st., 3d floor, front room.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE HOUSE AND LOT NO. 320 Pearl-st., Brooklyn, between Myrtle and Fulton avs. Inquire of J. B. HALL, No. 60 Lawrence-st.; or No. 17 Burling-slip, New-York.

FOR SALE—NO. 34 PIKE-ST.—THIS IS A FIRST class house, 27 feet front, three stories high, with all the modern improvements. Apply to PRESTON SHELDON, No. 47 Pike-st., or 92 Market-slip.

TO LET.

TO LET OR LEASE—A FURNISHED COUNTRY PLACE.—The stone house and grounds, some 35 acres in extent, recently occupied by Mr. John Jay, at Hedford, Westchester County, N. Y., two miles from Katonah station, on the Harlem Railroad, about two hours from town. For particulars, inquire at Mr. JAY'S office, No. 20 Nassau-st., or of E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 14 Pine-st.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY BRICK DWELling houses No. 11 Carroll place, and 119 Waverley-place; both houses are in wet painted inside and out, and are in perfect order, and complete with all modern improvements, water, gas, &c. They will be rented low or leased to good tenants, and immediate possession given if required. Apply to VYSE & SONS, No. 61 Broadway, or to RICHARD B. FOSDICK, No. 145 5th av.

TO LET—THE FIRST-CLASS HIGH-STOOP brown-stone front house No. 120 West 39th-st. containing all the modern improvements. The prem ses can be seen from 2 to 4 o'clock P. M. For further particulars, inquire of WM. VENVILL, No. 142 Broadway, rear building.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE No. 145 East Broadway; has all the modern improvements; a very desirable residence for a private family; will be rented to a respectable family at a moderate rent. Can be seen from 3 to 5 o'clock P. M. Inquire of HARRIS SOLOMON, No. 98 Chatham-st.

TO LET—THE FOUR-STORY BRICK BUILDING No. 73 Hudson st., opposite Worth st., with the stable in the rear, on Staple-st., lately occupied by Messrs. Bunker & Lewis. Can be altered for business purposes, if required. Terms moderate. Apply to D. A. & R. JACOT, Jr., No. 2 Harrison-st.

TO LET—EXTENSIVE PREMISES, WITH STEAM-POWER.—The premises No 463 Houston st., near Bowery, being 50 feet front, and 125 feet deep, on which there is an engine of 25 horse power. For further particulars, inquire on the premises, or at No. 287 Bowery, of JOHN T. FISHER or CLINTON G. BIRD.

TO RENT—SALOON IN BROOKLYN; THE basement and under-cellar, 70 feet deep, of the brown-stone store No. 345 Fulton st., Brooklyn, opposite City Hall, and second door above Post-Office, being an old-established saloon. Rent $400. Apply at No. 42 Pine-st., Room No. 8, from 12 to 4.

TO LEASE—ON BROADWAY, FOR A TERM OF years, northeast corner of 9th-st., No. 772, 29x106. Also, adjoining buildings, Nos. 774 and 776, each 26 feet wide, making a front of 81 feet on Broadway by 106 feet on 9th-st. Inquire at No. 772 Broadway, from 9 to 11 A. M., or 5 to 7 P. M.

TO LEASE—ON WARD'S ISLAND, ABOUT 11 acres, fronting on Harlem River; very suitable for foundry, cooperage, or other mechanical business. Abundance of water for wharf purposes. Immediate possession, if required. Terms moderate. Apply to E. H. BROWN, No. 121 Nassau-st., from 1 to 3 P. M.

FURNISHED FOUR-STORY HOUSE TO lease, on Thirty-fifth-st., Murray Hill. A very handsome brown stone English basement, three rooms, 65 feet deep, in perfect order, all furnished but the parlors. Possession on or before the 1st of May; rent $1,500. Inquire, of GEO. E. TOWNSEND, No. 42 Pine-st.

TO LET—TO A SMALL AMERICAN FAMILY, without children, part of house No. 11 10th-st., consisting of second-story—three rooms—and two bedrooms in attic. Has gas and water. Rent, $275. Can be seen between 10 and 12 A. M., and 2 and 4 P. M.

TO LET—A FIRST-RATE FIVE-STORY BRICK store, large size, 26 feet by 75 deep, No. 368 Washington-st., next door to North-Moore-st. Inquire of D. A. & R. JACOT, No. 2 Harrison st.

TO LET—THE DESIRABLE THREE-STORY dwelling-house No. 26 West 36th-st., eligibly situated near the 5th-av. Rent $450 and the Croton water tax. Apply to T. R. JACKSON, Architect, No. 279 Broadway.

TO LET—THE FIVE STORY MARBLE STORES Nos. 631 and 633 Broadway, 25 feet by 100 feet each, with a cart-way to Mercer-st. Apply to
ROBERT GOELET, No. 857 Broadway.

TO LET—THE UPPER PART OF BUILDING COR-ner of Barclay-st. and College-place, over the Grocers' Bank, containing thirty rooms. Will be put in good order. Inquire in the Bank.

TO LET—A DESIRABLE PART OF A HAND-some two-story house, consisting of eight rooms, besides pantries; gas, Croton water and bath. Inquire at No. 11 Vandam-st.

TO LET—THE FIRST-RATE FIVE-STORY FIRE-proof store No. 30 Moore st., 3 doors from South-st., in complete order. Inquire of SACKETT, BELCHER & CO., No. 26 Pearl-st., corner of Whitehall-st.

TO LET—SOME OF THE BEST OFFICES IN THE Park Bank Building; also, the 4-story house No. 62 St. Mark's place, 8th-st. Apply at the Bank, No. 3 Beekman-st.

TO LET OR LEASE—A FURNISHED HOUSE in 28th-st, near 4th av. Terms reasonable to a good tenant. Apply to G. W. DUER, Bank of the State of New York.

TO LET—THE UPPER PART OF THE HOUSE No. 93 Henry-st., with joint use of easement with other occupant. Apply on the premises.

TO LEASE—ONE OR MORE LOTS, SITUATE ON Charles-st., near West-st. Apply to J. H. GIFFING, No. 5 Tryon-row, near City Hall, from 1 to 2 P. M.

TO LET.

TO LET—HIGH BASEMENT THREE-STORY brick house, with all modern improvements, No. 160 West 21st-st.; rent, $700; may be seen from 11 to 1 o'clock; also, first-class high basement modern built three-room deep house, No. 34 Hamilton-place, six blocks from South 10th-st. and Peck-slip Ferries, Brooklyn; rent $500. Apply to Dr. GLOVER, No. 4 Annst., or No. 162 West 21st-st., New York.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY BRICK DWELling-house No. 322 4th-st., a few doors west of Broadway; replete with all the modern conveniences. Dining-room on first floor, dumb waiter, laundry, bath room, water closets, gas, &c; has eight good-sized bedrooms, and is in first-rate order throughout. Will be leased to a desirable tenant. Inquire on the premises, or at No. 29 Maiden-lane, of E. H. WEYMAN.

BEEKMAN AND SPRUCE STREETS.—TO lease, the elegant and substantial store No. 26 Beekman st., extending through 185 feet to and fronting on Spruce-st., six stories, basement and cellar. Very suitable for wholesale grocery, hardware, or other business. Lofts very light and roomy. Alterations will be made, if desired, giving extensive additional light to the store, basement, etc. Apply to JAMES PRICE, 200 Hudson-st.

TO LET—HOUSE AND STORE NO. 210 William-st., the store and basement is 100 feet by 22, with thirty bedrooms, occupied for seven years as a lagerbier saloon. House and store No. 204 William-st.; the second and third floors, 100 by 25 feet, with offices, &c., in house No. 113 Nassau-st. Inquire of M. J. GILHOOLY, No. 78 Nassau-st.

TO RENT—DESIRABLE FRONT ROOMS ON BROADWAY.—One room, second floor, 39x22; one on the third, measuring 40x22, and one on the fourth, 40x22, as well as several eligible rooms of various sizes suitable for offices, to rent in Appleton's Building, corner of Leonard-st. and Broadway. Apply to D. APPLETON & CO., Nos. 346 and 348 Broadway.

FOR RENT OR LEASE—WALL AND PINE-ST. OFFICES—One room on the second floor No. 56 Wall-st.; also, several rooms, in suites or singly, in No. 59 and 61 Pine-st., with entrance from Wall-st. These rooms are airy, light and commodious, and well calculated for business requiring abundant space. For terms, apply to WM. S. WETMORE, No. 59 Pine-st.

TO LET—BROOKLYN, EASTERN DISTRICT—A neat and convenient residence—a brick and brown-stone building on Broadway—within five minutes' walk of the Peck-slip Ferry; the house is 20 feet front and contains 12 rooms, gas and water; rent $400; possession May 1. Apply at Room No. 138 Merchants' Hotel, Cortlandt-st., New-York.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.—A SUITE of furnished rooms to let, consisting of parlor, bedroom and closets, on second floor. House contains all modern improvements, and is within two minutes' walk of 2d and 3d av. cars. Apply at No. 159 East 35th-st, No other boarders in the house.

TO LET—THE UPPER PART OF A FIRST-CLASS house (with the water, bath and gas) in Pacific-st., between Bond and Nevins sts., Brooklyn. For further particulars, inquire of C. W. CARY, No. 302 Pearl-st., New-York.

TO LET—THAT SPACIOUS ROOM, KNOWN as Thalian Hall, the second story No. 492 Grand-st., 25x100 feet; would answer for a lodge or any business requiring much room. Inquire in the carpet store; rent moderate.

TO LET—A PART OF A HOUSE.—A FAMILY OF 4 adults and servant occupying a house with modern conveniences, will let three large rooms. Also, (if desired,) one for servant, with the other privileges. Apply at No. 168 East 23d-st., near 2d-av.

TO LET—THE FOUR-STORY MODERN-BUILT house No. 220 West 35th-st., in complete order to suit the tenant's taste. Also, a 3-story cottage, south side 59th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., fronting Central Park.
F. M. CURRY, No. 212 West 35th-st.

TO LEASE—THE DWELLING PART OF HOUSE No. 862 Broadway, above and fronting toward Union-square; the location is very desirable for business purposes. Apply to J. H. GIFFING, No. 5 Tryon-row, near City Hall, from 1 to 2 P. M.

SCHOOL-ROOMS TO LET—IN THE BIBLE House, Astor-place, a suite of rooms well adapted for the purpose and occupied for the last six years by a first-class school. Offices to let in the same building, which are very desirable. Apply at the Treasurer's Office, in the Bible House, entrance on 4th-av,

FINE OFFICES TO LET.—THE SECOND floor of the Commercial Buildings, Nos. 57 and 59 William-st., offices in suites, suitable for bankers and others; also the fourth floor—front offices connected. Apply to SCHEIFFELIN, BRO. & CO., No. 170 William-st.

HOUSES TO LET—THREE STORIES, HIGH-stoops, modern improvements, three rooms deep gas, bath, water closet, range, &c. &c. No. 199 East 19th-st. Rent $750. No. 269 same block. Rent $725. No. 189 same block. Rent $825. Apply at 136 1st-av., corner of 8th-st.

TO LET OR LEASE—OFFICES IN THE BUILDing of the Bank of the State of New-York, No. 35 William-st. Light excellent. Building fire-proof. Apply at the Bank.

TO LEASE—FOR 3 YEARS, A FINE HOUSE, with every modern improvement, on 125th-st., 2 doors from 7th av. Stable in the rear. Apply on the premises, or to E. W. LEGGETT, No. 296 Pearl-st.

LOFTS TO LET.—LOFTS OF NOS. 104 AND 106 John-st., fronting Cliff-st. Lofts of No. 78 Maiden-lane, 5 floors, for $700. Apply to SCHIEFFELIN, BRO. & CO., No. 170 William-st.

TO LET.—THE LOWER PART OF HOUSE, NO. 12 Charlton-st.; can be seen from 10 o'clock, A. M. to 5 P. M.

TO LET—THE FIVE-STORY STORE NO. 31 FULton-st., opposite Water-st. Apply to OSBORN & SWAN, No. 31 Fulton-st.

TO LET—A SUITE OF OFFICES SECOND FLOOR of the Times Building. Immediate possession can be given. Apply at the office of the *Times*.

FARMS.

FARMS FOR SALE—IN AND NEAR MADISON, MORRIS CO., N. J.—Several very good farms, from 10 acres up to 206 acres; these are all good farms, and worthy to be looked after; good buildings, &c., and well located; abounding in all kinds of fruit; two of them are 40 acres, and one 64 acres, situated within 15 minutes' walk of the depôt. These are very superior places, abounding with fruit and shade trees, and very valuable as country residences. Also, one large house, with three acres of ground, all into garden, grapery, &c. Also, building sites. Inquire of S. D. HUNTING, Waverley House, Madison.

FOR SALE—A FARM, BEAUTIFULLY SITUated, one mile from the Morristown Court-house, New-Jersey, containing about 70 acres, well divided into meadow, plow and woodland; is in a high state of cultivation, newly fenced, watered by a stream running through the centre, and is well stocked with fruit, such as apples, pears, cherries, &c. The accommodations are a commodious dwelling, barn, cowshed, granary, &c., with a never-failing well of water. For further particulars, inquire of GILBERT HOPKINS, No. 37 Fulton-st., second story, from 11 to 12½ o'clock.

FOR SALE—PART OF A FARM, FROM 40 TO 60 acres, as the purchaser may require; said farm is situated in the town of Greenburg, Westchester County, 3½ miles from Tarrytown, 4 miles from Dobbs' Ferry, and 4 from White Plains, with splendid building site, well watered, with 10 acres woodland; will be sold cheap if applied for soon. For all information necessary, inquire of M. S. LEE, No. 64 Troy-st., or No. 586 Hudson-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—A PORTION OF THE HALSTEAD estate, one mile from the depôt of Rye, Westchester County. The plot offered for sale contains 26½ acres, upon which there is a good orchard and fruits on Rye Beach and Milton Road. The view is unrivaled, and the location one of the most desirable in the county. Apply to P. C. BULKLEY, No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey-court.

FARM FOR SALE CHEAP—OF 100 ACRES, IN Westchester County, handsomely situated, 45 minutes' ride from New-York and 5 minutes' walk from the Hart's Corner depôt, bounded on the west by the Bronx River, on the east by the Post Road, with a plain farm-house and barn. Inquire of W. PINKNEY, 40 Exchange-place.

WESTERN LANDS.—SELECTED LANDS IN various localities in the State of Wisconsin for sale, very low, or would be exchanged for available City property or merchandize. Address Box No. 2,910 Post-office, which will receive prompt attention.

FARM FOR SALE—IN NEW-JERSEY, ON THE line of the Philadelphia Railroad, and about 50 miles from this City, containing 100 acres of land. Apply to the Receiving Teller, Bank of North America, 44 Wall st.

TO LEASE—A FARM ON THE LONG ISLAND Railroad, twelve miles from the City, and all kinds of buildings erected for the tenant.
STUART, WHITEHEAD & STEWART, No. 54 Wall-st.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—BY A SMALL GENTEEL FAMILY, from the 1st of May next, a two or three story, high stoop house with modern improvements, in a good location, not above 21st-st., and at a rent not exceeding $600 per annum. References unexceptionable. Address TENANT, Box No. 4,137 Post-Office, for one week, with particulars.

WANTED.—A GENTLEMAN AND HIS WIFE will hire, and furnish themselves, if a suitable offer meets them, the whole of the second floor of a roomy house, in Brooklyn within 20 minutes' or less of Wall-st. ferry. The neighborhood must be clean pleasant and healthy, and the apartments in first rate order. Address X. X. X., Box No. 494 New-York Post-Office.

WANTED—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR GENTLEman, wife, child and servant, with conveniences for cooking; lower part of the house preferred; must contain all the modern improvements; location east side, near 4th-av., between 8th and 30th sts. Address L. B., Box No. 162 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SUITE OF PARLORS TO BE OCCUpied between the hours of 9 A. M. and 6 P. M. Want the location to be between 6th-st. and 16th, and 4th and 5th avs. For which a liberal compensation will be given, and the best of reference. Address A. B. C., Box No. 156 *Times* Office.

ROOMS WANTED.—A PRIVATE FAMILY HAVing one or two rooms, unfurnished, to let, on the third or fourth floor, at a low price, situated above 8th-st., and between 1st and 6th avs., can hear of quiet and respectable occupants, a young gentleman and wife, by addressing W. L., Union-square Post-office, for two days.

HOUSE WANTED—THREE-STORY, MODERN improvements; rent from $700 to $850; location from 8th to 25th sts., and between 4th and 6th avs. Apply at No. 73 Bleecker-st., or No. 96 Franklin-st.
W. H. DAYTON.

PELLHAM FARM SEEDLING POTATOES

FOR SALE—Perfected in ten years from the seed; they are white, mealy, prolific, and from three to four weeks earlier than any potato grown with them in this country or Europe; are warranted not to rot in the ground, even if all other varieties rot all around them, and will keep a year perfectly. Two crops may be obtained simultaneously by planting the sprouts and sets, each producing equal quantities; they are packed in new flat-hoop barrels, containing 2½ bushels each, and can be delivered immediately. Apply to ROBERT L. PELL, New-York City.

OHIO CLOVER SEED.—A VERY FINE LOT of Ohio Clover Seed, free from foul seeds; also, Illinois reaped Timothy Seed, Red-top Orchard Grass and Blue Grass Seeds, for sale at the United States Agricultural Warehouse and Seed Store.
MAGHER & McNABLY, 197 Water, near Fulton-st.

BELGIAN SEED OATS.—VERY EARLY SEED oats mature ten to fifteen days before common oats. For sale by MAYHER & McNALLY, United States Agricultural Warehouse and Seed Store, No. 197 Water-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

FOR SALE—A GENTEEL COUNTRY RESIDENCE, containing 4 or 5 acres of highly cultivated land, at Fordham Westchester County, one mile northwest of the depôt at Fordham, and 8 miles from 27th-st., New-York, by Harlem Railroad. A large and splendid private house, with out-buildings, including a bowling alley, and fifteen acres of land, with a great variety of fruit and ornamental trees. Also, a desirable moderate-sized house, with out-buildings and ten acres of land. For beauty of scenery, location and healthfulness these places are unequalled. Possession as soon as desired. Address W. H. W., Box No. 342 New-York Post office.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A COUNTRY RESIdence in Orange, N. J. A healthy and convenient location for a New-York merchant, being within three minutes' walk of the railroad station and 60 minutes from the foot of Cortlandt st. House new, with nine rooms, cellar and attic; lot 75 by 300 feet on high ground with a beautiful view of the mountain; neighborhood excellent, fine well and cistern, fruit trees, &c. Apply to ROWLAND JOHNSON, No. 54 Beaver-st., New-York, or Orange, N. J.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A LARGE MANsion-house, with bath, range, &c.; also, a barn and nine lots of ground, on "Mount Prospect," corner of 93d-st. and 4th av., over the Tunnel at Yorkville—commanding an unsurpassed view of Westchester County, the Palisades on the Hudson, Hell Gate, East River, Long Island, City of New-York, its environs, &c. Possession soon, if desired. Apply to E. H. BROWN, No. 121 Nassau-st., from 1 to 3 P. M.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE.—A VERY pleasant and healthy place, of about 40 acres, in a high state of cultivation, at Sing Sing, ¾ mile out of the village; cottage-house, farm house, carriage-house, barn, &c., &c.; a great abundance of very choice fruit, of every description. Terms easy. Will sell cattle, farming utensils, &c., &c., and possession immediately. Apply on the premises, or to E. D. TRUESDELL, No. 376 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE SITE FOR A COUNtry seat at Hastings, Westchester County, within five minutes' walk of the Hud

AUCTION SALES.

E. H. LUDLOW & Co., Auctioneers.
PARTITION SALE
OF
VERY DESIRABLE LOTS AND GORES,
ON THE 8TH AND 9TH AVENUES AND 54TH-STREET,
NEAR THE
CENTRAL PARK.

54TH-STREET IS GRADED, from the 8th to the 9th Avenues, with curb and gutter stones set therein.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, March 16, 1859, at 12 o'clock, at the MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE, New-York:

8TH-AVENUE—7 full lots and 1 gore lot, on the westerly side of the 8th-av., between 53d and 54th sts., including the southwest corner of 54th-st. and 8th-av.

8TH-STREET—24 full lots, being the entire front on the southerly side of 54th st., from the 8th to the 9th avs., with

24 gore lots in the rear of the above.

9TH-AVENUE—5 full lots and 1 gore lot on the easterly side of the 9th-av., between 53d and 54th sts., including the southwest corner of 54th st. and 9th-av.

9TH-AVENUE—2 full lots and 1 gore lot on the easterly side of the 9th-av., between 54th and 55th sts., including the northeast corner of 54th-st. and the 9th-av.

54TH-STREET—21 gore lots on the northerly side of 54th-st., being nearly the entire front from the 8th to the 9th avs.

All of the above-described lots are well located, and in a situation for immediate improvement, being in the vicinity of valuable buildings, of a most desirable grade, and free from rock, with sewers, Croton water and gas pipes in the adjacent avenues; and resolutions have been introduced in the City Councils to extend them through 54th st. from the 8th to the 9th avs.

60 per cent. of the purchase money can remain on mortgage for a term of years at 6 per cent. interest.

The title of the above-described property is now held direct from the original grantees, being one of the oldest on the Island of New-York, and belonging to the estate of Jacob Haven, deceased.

Maps and other particulars can be obtained at the Auctioneer's, No. 14 Pine-st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
SUPREME COURT—IN PARTITION.
NO. 33 TROY-ST.

Will be sold at auction by ADRIAN H. MULLER, on TUESDAY, March 15, 1859, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, by order of the Supreme Court, under the direction of F. A. Coe, Esq., Referee, the valuable premises known as No. 33 Troy-st., north side, between Greenwich-av., and 4th-st., being about 53 feet front.

For further particulars apply to the Auctioneer, No. 35 Wall-st.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer—Salesroom 23 Nassau-st.
HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL at auction, on the evenings of WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, March 16th and 17th, at 7½ o'clock, each evening, at the National Academy Rooms, 10th-st., near Broadway:

SUPERB COLLECTION OF PICTURES—Exceeding in quality any sale ever made in this country. The Foreign Pictures have been received from Messrs. Goupil & Co., of Paris, through their successor in this city. Among them will be the great picture

FLORINDA, by WINTERHALTER,

valued at over $6,000. Also, a superb picture recently painted by Verboeckhoven, received per last steamer, said to exceed anything ever painted by this artist. Also, superb pictures by Beaume, Lafont de Mets, Muller, Rossean, Isambert, De Dreux, Hillmacher, Gosse, Gendon, Brochart, Mozin, Van Schendel, Sharpe, T. W. Edmonds, a master-piece by Schleesinger, &c., &c. Also, pictures of the great American artists, Durand, Church, Cole, Huntington, Kensitt, Gignoux, Cropsey, Rossiter, Wier, Hays, Cummings, Oddie, Mignot, Lang, Stearns, F. O. C. Darley, Tait, Gifford, W. S. Mount, Eastman, Johnson, James M. Hart, Wm. Hart, Casilear, T. Hicks, G. H. Hall, Shattuck, Brown, Hubbard, Banvard, the first picture ever offered for sale in this country; Blauvelt, Hotchkiss, D. Johnson, Nichols, Annilli, Carter, Bellows, Dix, Lazarus, and others; T. H. Hinckley, of Boston; Lambdin, of Philadelphia; Durrie, of New-Haven, and others of this class. It will be seen by the above names that no sale of this character has ever been made in this City, where so many of the highest class of artists are associated. Every picture guaranteed. They are now on exhibition, day and evening, from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M., at the above rooms, with catalogues. Ladies and gentlemen are invited to examine this beautiful collection. Admission free.

DANIEL S. HOUGH, Auctioneer—Office No. 220 Broadway.
AUCTION NOTICE.—D. S. HOUGH WILL SELL at public auction, THIS DAY, (Friday,) March 11, at 10½ o'clock precisely, all the furniture, carpets, decorations, works of art, &c; also, a general assortment of table ware, such as China, dinner and tea sets, silver service, tea urn, salvers, cut-glass ware, cutlery, spoons, forks, &c., contained in the first-class residence No. 35 Clinton-place (in fact, between Broadway and 4th-av., a partial list from the catalogue is here subjoined:

In the basement are tapestry carpets, extension-table, buffet and chairs, China tea sets, ivory cutlery, cut-glassware, silver-plated tea sets, forks, spoons, castors, &c., together with all the kitchen utensils belonging to the house.

The parlors are furnished with velvet carpets, three-carved rosewood parlor suites, and rosewood centre, side and pier tables; corner and wall etageres, pier and mantel glasses, mantel ornaments, bronze figures, classical groups, rich embroidered lace window curtains, French plate pier and oval glasses, easy, reception and recumbent chairs; meritorious oil-paintings, bronze gas fixtures, a rosewood library and secretary book-case; elegant rosewood seven-octave piano, pearl keys and fruit; ladies' work-tables, music cabinet together with an infinite variety of works of art and decorations too numerous to mention.

In the chambers are superbly carved rosewood bedsteads, bureaus and commodes, couches, cottage chairs, side and dressing-tables, fine hair mattresses, spring beds, bolsters, and pillows, curtains, shades, &c.

The upper stories are furnished with fine mahogany single and double bedsteads, and the corresponding furniture to match. Also, very superior suits of richly enamelled bedroom furniture. Catalogues to be had at the house only.

RICHARDS KINGSLAND, Auctioneer.
REGULAR SALE OF HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS, &c.
RICHARDS KINGSLAND & CO. will sell at auction, THIS DAY, (Friday,)
At 10 o'clock, at No. 158 Broadway,
400 packages and lots of foreign and domestic hardware, consisting in part of shovels, hoes, screws, augers, saws, axes, hatchets, hammers, horse-shoes, hinges, brass and copper wire, fine-irons, drawing knives, door springs, padlocks, stair-rods, screw-drivers, saw sets, wrenches, ship and box scrapers, scythe stones, auger and axe-handles, mallets, whips, boring machines, liquid glue, &c., &c., &c.

200 gross table and desert cutlery; ebony, cocoa and buck handles;
40 gross superior ivory-handle table and desert cutlery.
100 dozen pocket-knives.
Also,
Lanterns, sand-paper, plated-ware, &c.
100 gross brushes, of every description.
Sample cards, cutlery, &c., &c.

J. W. PORTER, Auctioneer.
AUCTION SALE OF RICHLY-CARVED ROSEWOOD AND MAHOGANY FURNITURE.—J. W. PORTER will sell on SATURDAY, March 12, at 10¾ o'clock, by catalogue, the entire contents of the large 4-story dwelling house, No. 218 West 16th-st., near 8th-av., containing superior household furniture, of first-class workmanship, made to order, and in excellent condition. Parlor furniture—Rich velvet carpets, three magnificent parlor suites, covered in elegant satin brocade; large easy Voltaire and reception chairs to match, two rosewood etageres, with marble tops and mirror doors and shelves, lined with satin wood, very expensively carved; elegant rosewood centre, side and work tables, rosewood secretary, with elegant carving, made to match the rosewood parlor furniture; rosewood corner and music stands, splendid 7-octave rosewood premium piano-forte, richly inlaid with pearl and real pearl keys—decidedly one of the best instruments ever made—with richly embossed cover and stool; French plate mirrors, expensive lace and brocatel window curtains. Also, a great variety of elegant China ware, crockery, cutlery, silver ware, bedroom furniture, hair mattresses, &c. &c.

THOMAS M. FRANKLIN, Auctioneer.
SALE, BY ORDER OF THE SURROGATE, OF THE SPLENDID HOMESTEAD PROPERTY OF THE LATE JOHN RICE, AT PENN YAN, YATES COUNTY, N. Y.—FRANKLIN BROTHERS will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, March 16, at 12 o'clock, at the Court House in the village of Penn Yan, Yates county:

The Homestead property of the late John Rice, deceased, situated in the village of Penn Yan, Yates County, N. Y., containing about 20 acres, with large and commodious dwelling-house, barn, spring-house, milk-house, ice-house, smoke-house, &c., &c. The buildings and condition of the place are in every respect unexceptionable.

Also, Flouring mill, mill-sites, warehouse property, &c., &c., belonging to the same estate, and situated near Penn Yan.

For further particulars, apply at the office of the auctioneers, No. 23 Wall-st., corner of Broad.

GEORGE HERKIMER, Administrator.
TRACY, WAIT & OLMSTEAD, Proctors.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer—Salesroom 23 Nassau-st.
HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL at auction, on FRIDAY, March 11, at 11 o'clock, at our Gallery, No. 23 Nassau-st., between Pine and Cedar sts., elegant Engravings, just received from London, in rich satin and rosewood frames and plate glass. About 150 splendid Engravings, elegantly framed, received direct from a well-known English publishing house, being choice engraved subjects from the celebrated pictures by Landseer, Herring, Collins, Wilkie, Anadell, William Peel, William Drummond, Charles Gillespie, C. Hancock, Kirboe, Barrande, J. F. Herring, Sr., Chas. Tompkins, J. Lamut, Brodie, J. Absalom, and others of equal celebrity. They will positively be sold without reserve. They will be ready for exhibition, as above, three days before the sale, with catalogue.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer, Salesroom 23 Nassau-st.
HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL, at auction, on FRIDAY, March 11, at 11 o'clock, at No. 43 9th-st., near 6th-av., genteel household furniture, consisting of velvet carpets, carved rosewood parlor furniture, covered in damask and brocatel; rosewood marble-top centre and side tables, etageres, mirrors, curtains, &c.; mahogany and black-walnut furniture, consisting of bedsteads, bureaus, washstands, &c.; beautiful carved rosewood suites, mahogany rockers, sofas, tête à-têtes, etageres, with carved doors and marble tops, pier-glasses, window curtains, &c.; Brussels carpets, ingrain carpets, cottage suites, and other furniture, in variety. Also, porcelain and glass ware, and an assortment of kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer—Sa'esroom 23 Nassau-st.
HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL, at auction, on SATURDAY, March 12, at 10½ o'clock, at the salesroom No. 23 Nassau-st., a general assortment of household furniture, removed for convenience of sale, consisting of Brussels and ingrain carpet, rosewood parlor suites, mahogany rockers, sofas, divans, arm chairs, easy chairs, ottomans, mahogany and rosewood bookcases and secretaries, wardrobes, oak bookcases, falling-leaf tables, hall-stands, office chairs, oak chairs, dining-room arm chairs, corner etageres, mahogany marble-top dressing bureaus, marble-top side, pier and centre tables; also, the stock of a daguerrean artist, consisting of cameras, rosewood frames, show-cases, &c.; also, to the trade, a large invoice of plated ware, consisting of tea sets, castors, &c., &c. Sale without reserve.

E. H. LUDLOW & Co., Auctioneers.
EXECUTORS' SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—On THURSDAY next, March 24, at 12 o'clock, will be sold at public auction, at the Merchants' Exchange, by E. H. LUDLOW & CO., the three-story brick dwelling and stable situated No. 29 Market-st., the late residence of Isaac Newton, deceased. The house is thoroughly well finished throughout, with solid mahogany doors in principal story, and is in excellent order. It is supplied with gas, Croton water and furnace; has a commodious stable in the rear; lot 25x115 feet, with right of way from the stable to Henry-st. $7,000 on bond and mortgage. An order to see the premises may be had on application to the Auctioneers.

WILLIAM KELLY,
JNO. C. HEWITT,
Executors of Isaac Newton, deceased.

THEO. GOULDSMITH, Auctioneer.
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, AT THE residence on 11th-st., near 5th-av., commencing at 10½ o'clock, costly piano-forte, stool and cover, rosewood suites of parlor furniture, velvet carpets, rugs, paintings, pier mirrors, curtains, side-boards, rosewood and mahogany bedsteads, marble-top bureaus, washstands, hair mattresses, feather beds, blankets, sheets, basement and kitchen furniture of all kinds.

AUCTION SALES.

WILLIAM TOPPING & Co., Auctioneers.
AUCTION NOTICE.
WILLIAM TOPPING & CO.,
No. 119 Broadway,
Will sell THIS DAY,
(Friday,) March 11,
One of the largest and most attractive sales of
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS
That has been offered at auction this season.
They invite the particular attention of all cash buyers to their catalogues, which are now ready.

J. J. RENNIE, Auctioneer—Office No. 289 Broadway.
LARGE SALE OF ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—Superb drawing-room suites, 7-octave piano forte, bookcase, oil paintings, statuary, vases, bronze and ormolu chandeliers, solid silver ware, wines, &c., on THIS DAY, (Friday,) at the private residence No. 68 West 28th-st., near 6th-av. Drawing-rooms—Etageres, secretary and bookcase, ladies' work table, side and card tables, statuary, marble-top centre tables, Turkish couch and reclining chair, French plate pier and mantle mirrors, lace curtains, velvet carpets, rugs, rosewood hat-stand, oil cloth stair carpet, dining-room extension table, buffet arm chairs, rich cut glassware, silver-plated castors, spoons, forks, and ivory-handle knives and forks, napkin trays, French China dinner and tea sets, oval mirrors, bright-day clock. Chambers—Rosewood and mahogany bureaus, commodes bedsteads to match, hair mattresses, feather beds, blankets, sheets, quilts, counterpanes, sofas, lockers. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock precisely with a large assortment of basement and kitchen furniture.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., Auctioneers.
WILL SELL AT AUCTION ON FRIDAY, March 11, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, the two lots with buildings Nos. 12 and 14 Fell st., together 50x80 feet, well adapted for buildings for manufactories, or tenements, or for a coal-yard, or similar purposes. Sale absolute and without limit. Terms liberal. Maps at No. 7 Broad-st.

TO BREWERS.—AUCTION SALE BY ORDER of the Sheriff. On MONDAY next, 14th March, will be sold on the premises, Sands' Brewery, No. 223 10th-av., near 25th st. The stock and fixtures, &c., complete. Sale peremptory, to the highest bidder.

FINANCIAL.

JOHN MUNROR & CO.,
AMERICAN BANKERS,
NO. 5 RUE DE LA PAIX, PARIS,
AND NO. 8 WALL ST., NEW-YORK,
GRANT LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR MERCANTILE PURPOSES. Also, CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT on all the principal Towns and Cities of

FRANCE,	BELGIUM,	ITALY,
GREAT BRITAIN,	SPAIN,	GERMANY,
IRELAND,	PORTUGAL,	RUSSIA,
HOLLAND,	SWITZERLAND,	SWEDEN,

ALSO ON
ATHENS, CONSTANTINOPLE, ALEXANDRIA,
CAIRO, BEYROUT, JERUSALEM,
&c., &c.

BILLS ON PARIS, and Sterling Bills, at short or 60 days' sight, for sale in sums to suit.

H. S. LANSING & CO.,
European Shipping and Commission Merchants, and proprietors of the old-established
AMERICAN-EUROPEAN EXPRESS,
No. 72 Broadway, New-York.
LANSING, STARR & CO. ..... Liverpool and London
LANSING, BALDWIN & CO. ..... Havre and Paris,
Will attend to shipping goods and forwarding parcels from either of the above places at reduced rates.

AUGUST BELMONT,
BANKER,
NO. 76 BEAVER-ST.,
Issues Letters of Credit for travelers, available in all parts of the world, through the Messrs Rothschilds, of Paris, London, Frankfort, Naples and Vienna, and their correspondents.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,
BANKERS,
CORNER PINE AND NASSAU STS., NEW-YORK,
ISSUE
CIRCULAR NOTES AND LETTERS OF CREDIT, for travelers, available in all the principal cities of the world.

EDWARD C. BOGERT,
(LATE OF BOGERT & KNEELAND.)
BUSINESS PAPER NEGOTIATED.
No. 52 Exchange-place.

LAND WARRANTS
BOUGHT AND SOLD,
By
TAYLOR BROTHERS,
NO. 76 WALL-ST.

DENNISTOUN, WOOD & CO.,
NO. 33 WALL-STREET,
Buy and sell Sterling Exchange, and issue Commercial and Travelers' Credits, available in all parts of the world.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, New-York, Feb. 8, 1859.
PROPOSALS FOR CENTRAL PARK FUND STOCK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.—Sealed proposals will be received at the Comptroller's Office, No. 8 Hall of Records, until FRIDAY, March 11, 1859, at 2 o'clock P. M., when the same will be publicly opened, for the whole or any part of the amount of THREE HUNDRED NINE THOUSAND SEVEN HUNDRED DOLLARS of Central Park Fund Stock of the City of New-York, authorized by an act of the Legislature of the State, entitled "An act to alter the map of the City of New-York, by laying out thereon a public place, and to authorize the taking of the same," passed July 21, 1853, and amended Feb. 13, 1857; and by an ordinance of the Common Council, approved by the Mayor Feb. 29, 1856.

The said stock will consist of three thousand and ninety-seven shares, of one hundred dollars each share, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable quarter-yearly, and the principal redeemable on the first day of July, 1887.

The proposals will state the number of shares desired and the price per share. The persons whose proposals are accepted will be required to deposit with the Chamberlain of the City the sum awarded and covered by the bid, together with the premium, if any, thereon; and on presenting the receipt of the Chamberlain to the Comptroller will be entitled to receive a certificate for the par value of the number of shares, carrying interest from the date of the deposit.

Each proposition should be sealed up, and indorsed "Proposals for Central Park Fund Stock," and the proposal thus sealed and indorsed put in a second envelope, sealed, and directed "Robert T. Haws, Comptroller, No. 5 Hall of Records, New-York."

The right is reserved on the part of the Comptroller to reject any or all of the bids, if considered necessary to protect or promote the interests of the City.

ROBERT T. HAWS, Comptroller.

OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES LIFE INS. CO., No. 40 Wall-street.
NEW-YORK, March 9th, 1859.
AT AN ELECTION FOR TEN DIRECTORS of this Company, to serve for three years,
Messrs. DAN. H. ARNOLD,
JOHN C. BALDWIN,
WILLIAM B. BOLLES,
JOSEPH B. COLLINS,
WILSON G. HUNT,
JAMES MARSH,
JOHN J. PHELPS,
JOSIAH RICH,
AUGUSTUS H. WARD, and
FRANCIS SKIDDY,
were chosen unanimously, being re-elected except the last named, who was chosen to fill a vacancy, created by the decease of GERARD STUYVESANT.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Drectors, held this day, JOSEPH B. COLLINS, Esq., was unanimously re-elected President of the Company.

Messrs. STACY B. COLLINS, D. CUSHMAN, and ISAAC A. QUACKENBOSS were elected Inspectors of the next annual election. By order,

JOHN EADIE, Secretary.

NEW-YORK CONSOLIDATED STAGE CO., New-York, March 1, 1859.
DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF this Company have this day declared a Semi-Annual Dividend of Four per Cent., payable on and after the 15th inst. at the Pacific Bank.

The transfer books will be closed from the 10th to the 15th prox., inclusive. J. CAMPBELL, Jr., Treasurer.

WANTED—A LOAN OF $4,000 OR $10,000 ON 1,568 acres of timber land (100 acres cleared) in Chemung County, New-York, valued in 1856 by the Loan Commissioners of Chemung County at $10 per acre, after the timber is removed. There is a steam saw-mill in complete order on the premises, and other improvements, valued at $5,000. At a low estimate, the property is worth $25,000. For particulars, apply to MOORE & LEWIS, Counselors-at-Law, No. 60 Wall-st., New-York.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN Election for six Directors of the American, Atlantic and Pacific Ship Canal Company, will be held at the office of the Company, in the City of New-York, on MONDAY, the 2d day of May next, from 12 to 2 o'clock P. M. JOHN P. YELVERTON, President.

ISAAC C. LEA, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, March 1, 1859.

DIVIDEND.—GROCERS' FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—No 48 Wall-st., (Bank of New-York Building,) New-York, March 1, 1859.—The Board of Directors of this Company, have this day declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Six (6) per Cent., payable to the stockholders on demand. JAMES G. PLATT, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE PHŒNIX FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—BROOKLYN, March 8, 1859.—The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a Semi-Annual Dividend of Ten per Cent., payable on demand at their Branch Office No. 62 Wall-st, New-York. PHILANDER SHAW, Sec.

FIRST-CLASS INVESTMENTS FOR SALE.—Camden and Amboy Railroad, and Delaware and Raritan Canal Joint Six Per Cent. Bonds; Troy City Bonds; Cleveland City Bonds; Gas-Light Stocks; Buffalo City Water Bonds; Oswego & Syracuse Railroad Stock. JOHN B. MURRAY & CO., No. 40 Wall-st., N. Y. City.

DIVIDEND.—THE JEFFERSON INSURANCE Company will pay a Dividend of Three Dollars per share to the stockholders on demand, at their office No. 60 Wall-st. GEO. FARMER, Secretary.

$3,500, $4,000, $2,000, $1,500—TO LOAN on real estate. EDWARD A. FRASER, Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law, Commissioner of Deeds, and Notary Public, No. 303 Broome-st., New-York.

$9,000, $3,000, $1,200.—THESE SUMS TO loan on bond or mortgage on real estate. Apply to AMHERST WIGHT, Jr., Attorney-at-Law, No. 229 Broadway, room No. 27, third floor.

$7,000—SECOND-AVENUE RAILROAD 1st mortgage 7 per cent. Bonds $500 each. Interest payable June and December. For sale by GEO. C. SMALLEY, No. 11 Wall st.

BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA AND BALTIMORE paper wanted by JOHN B. MURRAY & CO., No. 40 Wall-st.

DUBUQUE CITY 10 PER CENT. BONDS for sale by MORSE & WOLFF, No. 41 William-st.

TEXAS DEBT OF EVERY DESCRIPTION bought. GEO. K SISTARE, 50 Exchange-place.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST AT THE CHARITY BALL.—THE gentleman who picked up, at the Charity Ball, on Thursday last, an enameled EYE-GLASS, set with brilliants and attached to a gold chain, which he exhibited to one of the managers, will confer a favor by sending his address to the Editor of the *Times*, that the owner may reclaim the said property and duly acknowledge his politeness.

LOST—ON SUNDAY LAST, ON OR BETWEEN 19th and 28th sts., a purse containing about $80; the finder of which will be rewarded by leaving it at No. 8 West 19th-st., or at No. 118 Wall-st.

WM. G. TURNER, DENTIST, (LATE) OF No. 36 Bond-st., with Dr. Farmly,) is now at No. 14 Bond-st., near Broadway.

INSURANCE.

GERMANIA
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OFFICE NO. 5 BEEKMAN-ST.
(The Park Bank Building.)

CASH CAPITAL.....$200,000
(ALL PAID IN.)

This Company having all its Capital paid in, and in process of investment, is now ready to receive applications, and to issue POLICIES OF INSURANCE on Merchandize, Buildings, Ships in Port, and other property on favorable terms.

MAURICE HILGER, President.
RUDOLPH GARRIGUE, Secretary.

DIRECTORS.

MAURICE HILGER.....	
MICHAEL LIENAU.....	Firm of M. Lienau & Co.
RICHARD HARDT.....	Firm of Hardt & Co.
HENRY BALL.....	Firm of Ball, Black & Co.
EDWARD BECH.....	
C. POPPENHUSEN.....	Firm of Poppenhusen & Koenig.
JOHN POTTS BROWN.....	Firm of Brown, De Rosset & Co.
LOUIS F. MACK.....	Firm of Mack & Bunker.
C. GODFREY GUNTHER..	Firm of C.G.Gunther& Sons.
CLEMENT HEERDT.....	
JACOB R. SCHUYLER....	Firm of Schuyler, Hartley & Graham.
HERM. A. SCHLEICHER..	Firm of Herm. Boker & Co.
WM. LOESCHIGK.....	Firm of Loeschigk, Wesendonk & Co.
RICH'D M. HOE.....	Firm of R Hoe & Co.
CH. F. DAMBMANN.....	Firm of C. F. Dambmann & Co.
L. E. AMSINCK.....	
JOHN F. SCHEPELER....	Firm of Lobach & Schepeler,
HERMAN MARCUSE.....	Firm of G. Vom Baur & Co.
C. BREUSING.....	
RUD. C. BURLAGE.....	Firm of Bunge, Burlage & Co.
JACQUES SCHIEB.....	
CALEB BARSTOW.....	Pres. St. Nicholas Bank.
GEO. F. THOMAE.....	Firm of W. W. DeForest & Co.
PETER MURRAY.....	
E. KAUPE.....	Firm of E. Kaupe & Cummings.
JOHN H. ABEEL.....	Firm of John H.Abeel & Co.
WM. H. SMITH.....	
JOHN CHETWOOD.....	Counselor at Law.
HENRY G. EILSHEMIUS..	
HENRY BECKER.....	Firm of H. Becker & Graeve.
E. H. C. DOHRMANN.....	Firm of Dohrmann & Bernitt.
CHAS. R. CORNWELL.....	Firm of Robins, Powell & Co.
REUBEN W. HOWES.....	Pres. of the Park Bank.
MELVIN S. WHITNEY.....	
GEO. I. BYRD.....	Firm of Byrd & Hall.
ROBERT SQUIRES.....	Firm of Freeland, Squires & Co.
DIETRICH WESTFALL....	Firm of J. & D. Westfall.
FRANCIS BOLTING.....	Firm of F. Bolting & Co.

METROPOLITAN
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
NO. 108 BROADWAY,
CORNER OF PINE-ST., NEW-YORK.

CASH CAPITAL.....$300,000.

This Company, having a cash capital exceeded by those of only three other City Companies, continues to insure all kinds of Personal property, Buildings, Ships in port, and their Cargoes, on terms as low as are consistent with the security of the insurers and the insured.

DIRECTORS.

JAMES LORIMER GRAHAM, President.	
JOSEPH B. VARNUM,	WARREN DELANO, Jr.
LEONARD APPLEBY,	HENRY V. BUTLER,
FREDERICK H. WALCOTT,	JOSEPH B. VARNUM, Jr.,
WM. K. STRONG,	JAS. LORIMER GRAHAM, Jr.,
MOSES TAYLOR,	BOWES R. MCILVAINE,
JAMES O. SHELDON,	GILBERT L. BECKMAN,
DANIEL PARISH,	JOHN C. HENDERSON,
GUSTAVUS A. CONOVER,	LORRAIN FREEMAN,
MARTIN BATES, Jr.,	EDWARD MACOMBER,
DUDLEY B. FULLER,	WATSON E. CASH,
CHARLES L. VOSE,	CHARLES E. APPLEBY,
SAMUEL B. BRADFORD, Jr,	
EDWARD A. STANBURY, Secretary.	

ROBERT C. RATHBONE, Assistant Secretary.

ÆTNA
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF NEW-YORK,
No. 56 Wall-st.

CAPITAL $200,000. CHARTERED 1824.

This Company continues to insure against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE on the most favorable terms.

JACOB BROUWER, President.
LIVINGSTON SATTERLEE, Secretary.

THE
GROCERS' FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
Have removed to
No. 48 Wall-st., Bank of New-York Building.
SAMPSON MOORE,
President.
JAMES G. PLATT,
Secretary.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN—THAT ALL the remaining stock of goods, consisting of neckties, shirts, unmanufactured stock of silk, trimmings, &c., of the late firm of A. RAYMOND & CO., together with the fixtures, furniture, good will of the business and lease of the premises No. 297 Broadway, lately occupied by them, will be sold in bulk at auction upon the premises on SATURDAY, the 12th inst., at 10 A. M., for cash. The stock will be sold by an inventory, which together with the stock, can be seen and examined on the premises in the meantime. LEWIS B. LODER, Receiver.
NEW-YORK, March 9, 1859.

TO LET OR LEASE—SOAP AND STARCH FACTORIES.—The extensive soap, candle and starch factories, with steam engine, boilers and fixtures, all in prime order and ready for immediate use. Also, a new dwelling-house, 45 by 45 feet, with out-houses, barn, stable, sheds, &c., situated on Newtown Creek, between Penny Bridge and Maspeth Road, Brooklyn, E. D., with or without 30 acres of land. Apply to LYLES, POLHAMUS & CO., No. 120 Front-st.

$20,000.—WANTED, A PARTNER WITH this amount of capital, to invest in the manufacture of cotton goods. The object is to secure the services of a competent business man to attend to the interest of the company in this City. The best of references given and required. Address A. N. D., Box No. 131 *Times* Office.

TO CONFECTIONERS, BAKERS, RESTAURATEURS AND OTHERS.—For sale, a 'five-years' lease of the large and magnificent confectionery and ice-cream saloon, covering the whole lot of ground 244 Grand-st., near the Bowery, together with the stock and fixtures of the same, the good-will of the business, &c. For further information apply on the premises. E. T. FANNING.

A GENTLEMAN, AGED 32, WORTH A large property, but no money, who has had an active business experience, would be glad to connect himself with some established house, as a laboring partner. Address BLAKE, care of A. W. DAVISSON & CO., No. 74 Wall-st.

WANTED—AN ENERGETIC MAN, WITH A FEW hundred dollars, to engage in the manufacture and sale of an improved article of great demand and necessity, and affording ample profits. Address GENIUS, Box No. 101 *Times* Office, stating when and where an interview may be had.

FOR SALE FOR CASH—THE STOCK, FIXtures and unexpired term of lease (three years from 1st May next,) of one of the oldest established retail dry goods stores in this City, in an excellent locality and doing a good cash business. Address W. X. M., *Tribune* Office.

A YOUNG BUSINESS MAN OF ACTIVE habits, with from $1,000 to $2,000, wishes to engage in some safe and profitable business, either with or without a partner: responsible parties only attended to. Address JARVIS, Box No. 131 *Times* Office. Agents need not apply.

TO LET.—RIPPOWAM IRON WORKS, AT STAMford, Conn., with water and steam power, suitable for any kind of manufacturing purpose. For particulars, inquire at the Morgan Iron Works, foot of 9th-st., E. R., New-York, or to SANDS SEELY, Esq., Stamford.

A YOUNG MAN—WITH A CASH CAPITAL, DEsires to form a copartnership with an established jeweler. He has a thorough knowledge of the business, and will devote his whole time and attention to it. Address JEWELER, Box No. 139 *Times* Office.

TO WATCH-MAKERS AND JEWELERS.—FOR SALE—The stock and fixtures of an established Watch and Jewelry Store, in a good location. Will be sold low. Inquire of P. DURYEE, 315 Greenwich-st.

MACHINERY FOR SALE BY ORDER OF ASSIGNEE—Patternmaker's lathe, several hand and screw-cutting lathes, small engine, bolt-screwing machine, &c., &c. Also, a lot of bar iron. Metropolitan Works, 238 East 12th-st., near avenue C.

DRUG STORE FOR SALE—SITUATED IN a populous part of the City; a real chance for physician or druggist with small capital. Apply to HENRY R. HAYDOCK, wholesale druggist, No. 278 Pearl-st.

TO GROCERS—A SMALL ENGINE, OF A NEW and ornamental design, suitable for a grocery store window. For sale cheap at the Metropolitan Works, No. 26 East 12th-st. near av. C.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FINE HORSES FOR SALE.—I AM AGAIN ready to offer for sale forty first-class horses, which I have selected with the greatest possible care and attention. Among them I have fifteen pairs of very superior close-matched coach horses, which I have matched myself, regardless of expense and labor. I have some very desirable single horses, and a few first-class speed horses. I shall remain with them at my place at Whitestown, Oneida County, N. Y., until the 15th day of March inst., and after that I can be found at Post's Stable, 34th-st., New-York, where I invite all who are desirous of purchasing first-class matched, single or speed horses to call and examine for themselves. WM. JORALEMAN, Agent.

HORSES.—ARRIVED FROM THE WEST, SIX first-rate horses, suitable for draft or express, warranted sound and not over seven years old. Also, a bright bay pony, 14 hands high, spirited in harness, and gentle. Apply at No. 557 Washington-st., near King, of ROBERT STODDART.

FOR SALE—HORSES.—A FINE PAIR OF WELLmatched carriage horses, bays, gentle and kind, eight years old, suitable for a family, together with carriage, top wagon, &c., the property of a lady. Address Box No. 123 *Times* Office.

FOR SALE—A SORREL MARE, 14 HANDS HIGH. Can trot a mile in 3 minutes.
T. HOWARD, No. 37 East 33d-st.

SHIPPING.

TAPSCOTT'S LINE—LIVERPOOL PACKETS.

The subscribers continue to grant Certificates of Passage to or from Liverpool by their favorite line of packets, comprising in part the following ships, viz.:
WM. TAPSCOTT, EMERALD ISLE, ALBION,
DREADNOUGHT, MIDDLESEX, VICTORY,
BENJ. ADAMS, CONSTELLATION, JOHN J. BOYD,
WEST POINT, PHŒNIX, SWITZERLAND,
UNDERWRITER, SHAMROCK, CAMBRIA,
making together, with others, a ship every five days.
The subscribers are also agents for the
"X LINE OF LONDON PACKETS,"
and
"GLASGOW LINE OF STEAMERS,"
for all of which they grant certificates on liberal terms.
T. & CO. also continue to issue drafts, payable on demand, throughout England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales.
Circulars, with full particulars, may be had on application (if by letter inclose postage stamp) to
TAPSCOTT & CO., No. 86 South-st., New-York.
TAPSCOTT, SMITH & CO., Liverpool.

PRICE REDUCED TO $60.
UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE
FOR
CALIFORNIA,
vid Panama Railroad.
The steamship ILLINOIS, JOHN MCGOWAN, Commander, will sail on MONDAY, March 7, 1859, at 2 o'clock P. M., from pier foot of Warren-st., North River, connecting at Panama with the steamship Golden Age, Capt. J. T. Watkins.
For passage apply only to I. W. RAYMOND, at No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren.

COLEMAN'S
CALIFORNIA LINE FOR SAN FRANCISCO,
SAILING REGULARLY ON ADVERTISED DAYS.
CLIPPER OF SATURDAY, MARCH 12TH,
THE CELEBRATED AMERICAN CLIPPER SHIP
DAVID CROCKETT, SPENCER, COMMANDER,
Is now rapidly loading at Pier No. 15 East river, foot of Wall st. She made the last passage in 115 days; insures at the lowest rates, and will be dispatched on or before her advertised day. For balance of freight apply to
WM. T. COLEMAN & CO., No. 86 Wall street.
Agents at San Francisco, Messrs. WM. T. COLEMAN & Co.

THE NEW LINE FOR SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.
GREAT REDUCTION OF FARE.
The favorite steamship NORTHERN LIGHT, Captain TINKLEPAUGH, will leave New-York, from Pier No. 3, North River, MONDAY, April 11, at 2 o'clock P. M., connecting *vid* Panama Railroad with the steamship UNCLE SAM, now in the line on the Pacific Ocean.
For passage or freight, apply at the only office of the Line, No. 1 Bowling-green. D. B. ALLEN, Agent.
N. B.—All persons are forbid trusting any one on account of the above ships or owners.

THE NORTH GERMAN LLOYD'S STEAMSHIP BREMEN,
H. WESSELS, Commander,
Carrying the U. S. Mail,
Will sail, positively,
SATURDAY, March 19, at 12 M.,
For BREMEN, *vid* SOUTHAMPTON,
taking passengers for
London, Havre, Southampton, and Bremen,
at the following rates:
First Cabin, $100; Second Cabin, $60; Steerage, $50.
For freight or passage, apply to
GELPCKE, KEUTGEN & REICHELT,
No. 84 Broadway.

FOR HAVANA AND NEW-ORLEANS.
To sail WEDNESDAY, March 16, at 12 o'clock, (will receive freight March 10.)
The Louisiana Tehuantepec Company's steamship
COATZACOALCOS.
This magn

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

COMMENCEMENT OF THE COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.—The Commencement exercises of the College of Physicians and Surgeons were held in the Rev. Dr. PARKER's Church (corner Fourth-avenue and Twenty-second-street) last evening. Quite a numerous audience was in attendance. The Faculty and Trustees of the College, with invited guests, occupied seats in the spacious pulpit. Among the number were the Rev. Drs. Potts and Phillips, Drs. Cox, Floyd, Smith, Alexander Stevens, and the Hon. Luther Bradish. After prayer by the Rev. Dr. Perry, the names of the graduating class were read, the degrees conferred, the Hippocratic oath being administered by Dr. DELAFIELD to each individual—rather a tedious operation, by the way, as there were thirty-nine persons in all to receive it. Of this number 11 hail from this State, and 8 from the City; 5 from New-Jersey, 3 from Nova Scotia, 2 from Massachusetts, 1 from Cuba, and the balance from the United States, miscellaneously. Besides these, the names of eighteen who graduated in Oct., 1858, were read. Dr. EDWARD DELAFIELD, the President of the College, then delivered an address to the graduates, which embodied much valuable advice. He urged his former pupils to remember that the great aims of their lives should be to discover truth. Everything else should be made subservient to this. They should, moreover, deal with disease as a skillful commander would with an enemy, the extent of whose resources he did not know, remembering that they would accomplish more good by aiming at the reputation of being cautious rather than bold practitioners. After the venerable gentleman had concluded his address, Professor SMITH announced the names of the successful competitors for the prizes offered for the best medical theses. Fifty-eight papers had been handed in since the prizes were offered a year since. Of these the best were those written by ROBERT F. WEIR, of New-York and Geo. MCCUNN, of Indiana. The first received $50, the latter $25. These announcements were received with deafening applause. RUFUS O. MASON, of the graduating class, then delivered the valedictory oration. It sketched in a lively and entertaining manner the difficulties with which young physicians must contend. Dr. ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS then made a few remarks announcing himself as "a retired physician" and the audience dispersed pleased with their evening's entertainment.

MEETING OF SAILOR LANDLORDS—ADVANCE IN SEAMEN'S WAGES.—The sailor landlords of New-York held a meeting last evening at Warren Hall, corner of Henry and Oliver streets. There were about one hundred persons present. JOHN MCCLELLAN was elected President, and JAMES CASEY Secretary. Mr. MCCLELLAN read the call for the meeting, and then stated more fully its object, which was to secure an advance upon the present rates of wages paid to seamen out of this port. They were very low now, and were growing smaller by degrees and beautifully less. It was desirable that the meeting should agree upon some scale of wages which would be at once fair to the merchant, and just to the sailor. The present rates paid to seamen were:

To Europe, $12 per month, and one month's advance.
To China, California and Australia, $16, and two months' advance.
To the Mediterranean and South America, $11 and $12 per month.
To the West Indies, $12 per month.

He proposed, as the new rate to be demanded:

To Europe, $18 per month.
To China, Australia and California, $12 per month.
To the Mediterranean and South America, $14 per month.
To the West Indies, $15 per month, and the usual advance for each of these voyages.

He had conversed with some of the leading merchants, who told him these rates would meet the views of the generality of shipowners; and he believed those rates could be secured by a resolute stand out on the part of the boarding-house keepers. On motion of Mr. JOHN SWAN it was voted that these rates be agreed upon, and that they go into effect to-day. Another resolution was adopted, fixing the rate of wages coastwise at $18 per month, and half a month's advance, or $20 per month without advance. It was agreed that those seamen who are already shipped, and are on board of their vessels at work shall not be required to break their contracts, but may, at the discretion of their landlords, be permitted to go to sea without molestation.

ALLEGED ARSON CASE IN DIVISION-STREET—ARREST OF TWO MEN ON SUSPICION.—On Monday night, Feb. 28, a fire occurred in the clothing store of ABRAM M. BROWN, at No. 120 Division-street. Fire-Marshal BAKER was soon on the premises, and went into an investigation as to the origin of the fire, since which time some curious facts have been developed, throwing suspicion upon A. M. BROWN, the proprietor of the store, and a man named TOBIAS BROWN, said to be his uncle. Two witnesses swear that on the evening in question they saw the above-named men come from the store, each having a large bundle, apparently containing cloths or ready-made clothing; that the proprietor of the store locked the door, and each conveyed his bundle to the residence of TOBIAS BROWN, No. 69 Chrystie-street. This occurred before 9 o'clock, and the fire took place between 10 and 11 o'clock. It was also shown by the witness that in December last, when BROWN applied for insurance upon his stock, he placed a quantity of borrowed clothing and other goods in his store to make a show when the surveyor of the Insurance Company examined it, and after the surveyor went away the goods were returned. BROWN wanted $700 insurance, but the surveyor thought $500 sufficient on the stock and $30 on fixtures, for which amount the St. Nicholas Insurance Company issued a policy on the 23d December, 1858. At the time of the fire, it is alleged, there could not have been over $100 worth of stock on the premises. On these facts and suspicious circumstances Justice CONNOLLY issued a warrant for the arrest of the two BROWNS, and on Wednesday night the Fire Marshal, assisted by Officer WOOD, of the Tenth Precinct, took them into custody. Justice CONNOLLY detained the accused for examination.

A CORPSE CARRIED OFF BY AN EXPRESSMAN.—Mr. FREDERICK LANE, of No. 13 William-street, appeared before the Mayor yesterday, and represented that the remains of HUGH C. BAKER, late of Hamilton, Canada West, arrived at this City, from Savannah, Ga., in the steamer *Florida*, last Tuesday, and that while he (LANE) was absent, getting a permit from the authorities to remove the remains, the corpse was carried off by an expressman attached to WESTCOTT's Express. After much searching, LANE says he found the corpse at No. 61 Hudson-street, where it had been placed by the person who had carried it off. The man who had it in charge would not give it up unless LANE paid him $5. LANE further stated that he went to the office of WESTCOTT's Express, in Broadway, where it was agreed that the corpse should be surrendered on the payment of $3. This unjust claim was only acceded to on account of the distress caused by the detention, among the friends of the deceased, and the necessity of immediate removal. Mr. LANE said that the expressman must have known that the box contained a corpse, and gave this as an excuse for his exorbitant demand, and that the expressman had no authority from any of the friends or accompanying relatives to make the removal. An officer was sent to cite the expressman to appear before the Mayor to-day.

ANOTHER MOCK AUCTION SWINDLE.—DAVID R. TYLER, of Warren, Mass., yesterday complained at the Mayor's office that he had been imposed upon at the auction store kept by ALONZO S. MORTIMER, at No. 122 Broadway. The auctioneer was selling watches which he said were gold when TYLER entered the store, and shortly after proceeded to sell a watch which he said was of heavy gold. TYLER bid on it and it was knocked down to him at $20. He paid the money and took the time-piece. As soon as the transaction was completed, a person who pretended to be a jeweller came up, looked at the watch through a glass and said it was not worth five shillings and there was no gold about it. Then TYLER demanded a return of his money, but the auctioneer refused. TYLER asked him if the watch would keep good time. The auctioneer said he guessed it would not, but that it was "a good watch to trade on." TYLER asked him if he considered it gold. The auctioneer answered that he did not and did not sell it as gold. Another man stepped up and offered to exchange a light gold watch, which he valued at $40, for the brass watch just purchased by TYLER. The latter concluded that he had been defrauded enough and proceeded to the Mayor's office. The auctioneer and his confederates were arrested and the case will be investigated to-day.

TICKET SWINDLING.—GEORGE L. WARD was yesterday brought before the Mayor charged with defrauding WM. J. THOMPSON, of New-London, Conn., in the sale of a ticket for Chicago. THOMPSON came to this City in the steamer *Commonwealth*, on the 10th ult., and he alleges that a man who undertook to have his baggage checked to Chicago for him came to him in the baggage-room, and, having taken his baggage, directed him to purchase his ticket at the corner of Liberty and Greenwich streets; he went thither, and after he had paid $22 50 for his passage to Chicago, found that his ticket was an emigrant ticket, and entitled him to a passage on the Pennsylvania Railroad, instead of the New-York and Erie Railroad, for which road he thought he was purchasing a first-class ticket. He demanded his money back, but WARD refused to return it. An offer was afterwards made to compromise matters by returning $12 of it, but this THOMPSON would not agree to. He repaired immediately to the Mayor's Office, and procured the arrest of WARD. The Mayor told WARD that he must refund the money, or give THOMPSON a first-class ticket by the Erie Railroad to Chicago. WARD promised to furnish a proper ticket, and an officer was sent with him to see that he did so.

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married man, and his money was part proceeds of the sale of a grocery store in which he was formerly interested. It is not known that he has any relatives in this country. Coroner O'KEEFE held an inquest, and the Jury rendered a verdict of death from drowning while laboring under an attack of delirium tremens.

FIRE IN WHITE-STREET—FIREMAN KILLED.—A fire broke out last evening, at 6½ o'clock, in the dwelling-house No. 41 White-street, occupied by F. BAUMANN. This is the same house on which a descent was made by the Detective Police on Monday last, on a charge of its being a panel house. Immediately after the descent by the Police, it is alleged that BAUMANN moved into the house from No. 489 Houston-street, but had considerable trouble with a number of girls who remained on the premises. Last evening, it is supposed one of them, name KATE TERBOR, fired the premises on the third floor, and she was arrested, as also were three other girls, who gave the names of MARY BELCARDO, ANNIE STORY, and MARY QUINN. The damage done was about $300 to the furniture of BAUMANN, who is insured for $500. The building is damaged about $200 and said to be insured. A fireman named JAMES BUTTERLY was run over by Engine Company No. 23, in Broadway, near Houston-street, and sustained a fracture of ribs and internal injuries. He was removed immediately to the Hospital and died just as he was put into a ward. Fifteen minutes after the accident to BUTTERLY, a man named THOMAS GERRAGHTY was run over almost at the same spot, by Hook and Ladder Company No. 2, and sustained a severe contusion of the chest. He was removed to the Hospital, but it is thought cannot survive his injuries.

SALE OF RICHARDT'S COLLECTION OF PAINTINGS.—The auction sale by LEEDS & Co., at the Academy of Design, last evening, of the large collection of paintings by the Danish artist FERDINAND RICHARDT, was well attended, and the bidding spirited. The catalogue comprised 84 paintings, mostly of American scenery, the productions of that industrious artist's pencil during the last two years of his residence in this country. The highest prices paid were for the views of Trenton Falls and Chaudiere Falls in Canada, each of which brought $70, The Natural Bridge of Virginia brought $62 50. Several views of White Mountain scenery and Lake Winnepiseoga, ranged from $40 to $60 each. The total receipts of the collection fell a little short of $1,500. The names of WEIR, HOWE, HIRSBURN, BEAUMONT, PEPPOON, ALBRO and RAYMOND, were prominent among the purchasers. The last picture on the catalogue, being a view of Grace Church in this City, was withdrawn from the sale, as no one present appeared willing to start it above the figure of $300, a price which Mr. LEEDS announced had already been offered for it at private sale.

RUNNING AWAY WITH ANOTHER MAN'S WIFE AND FURNITURE.—MARTIN FRITCH, an unmarried and good-looking German, was yesterday arrested on a charge of running away with the wife of MATHIAS KIRSCHNER and taking with him $50 worth of furniture. The derelict wife and her paramour were found at No. 15 Thomas-street, where they were keeping house and enjoying the use of the stolen furniture. The woman followed the prisoner to the Tombs, and said she would not live again with her husband. KIRSCHNER declared with emphasis that he would not have her live with him any way, and expressed his entire satisfaction at having got back his missing household goods free from the incumbrance of his treacherous spouse. FRITCH was locked up to answer the charge of grand larceny.

DR. D. B. REID ON VENTILATION.—The first of a series of lectures on the progress of civil and naval architecture in relation to ventilation, Quarantine and the acoustics of public buildings, was delivered by Dr. D. B. REID, of Edinburg, last evening, at the hall of the Historical Society. The claims of life on the resources of science, the habitations, occupation and recreations of the people, the revision of education in relation to art, manufactures and sanitary improvement, and the mutual influence of agriculture, architecture and medicine were considered. Then the principles of ventilation were spoken of and the importance and methods of heating, cooling, moistening and drying air were explained and illustrated. The audience was not large and the lecture was completed at an early hour.

STRUCK WITH A SLUNG-SHOT.—WM. MILLERLY was brought to the New-York Hospital at 8 o'clock last evening, with a severe contused wound of the head and face. He said he was walking in Mulberry-street, and, when near the corner of Worth-street, some one came behind him and struck him, it was supposed, with a slung-shot. The Police were unable to tell anything about the matter.

COUNTERFEIT BILLS.—New counterfeit $5 bills on the Mystic Bank of Connecticut were put in circulation last evening. The vignette is a bust of HENRY CLAY; on the right, a farmer with a basket of corn.

SUICIDE.—JOSEPHINE WILLIAMS, a young colored girl, while being conveyed to Blackwell's Island in a row boat yesterday afternoon, jumped overboard and was drowned. She had been sentenced to the Island as a vagrant.

NAVIGATION ON THE HUDSON.—On the 17th of December last the steamboat *Hero* was caught by the ice from the Mohawk which dammed up the North River, just below Hudson. Yesterday she got loose and came down to this City. Between Kingston and Milton, a distance of 23 miles, the ice has not moved at all as yet, and it will probably be a week before the river will be fully open.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES AT NIBLO'S.—The services heretofore held at the City Assembly Rooms have been removed to Niblo's Concert Room. The Rev. H. E. MONTGOMERY, Rector of the Church of the Incarnation, will preach there next Sunday evening, March 13. The Rev. A. KINGMAN NOTT will preach Sunday, March 20.

Police Reports.

BEARDING THE LION IN HIS DEN.—Police Justice BRENNAN resides at the corner of Leonard and Elm streets. A young burglar, probably unaware of the official character of the occupant of the house, yesterday morning by means of a false key entered the dwelling, and commenced a professional examination of the magistrate's household property. The bold adventurer compiled a choice selection of silver ware and clothing, and would have made a successful exit with his booty, had not the noise of his footsteps awakened a sister of the magistrate. She gave an alarm, and the burglar was soon in the stout clutches of Mr. BRENNAN. He gave his name as Timothy Crain, and the magistrate gave him a lodgment in Essex Market Prison.

BURGLARY IN ST. MARK'S-PLACE.—Some unusually audacious burglars yesterday morning paid a visit to the residence of Mr. Albert Welles, No. 40 St. Mark's-place. They stole money, silver ware, jewelry, and clothing to the value of nearly $500. The burglars entered the front door with false keys, and escaped through the basement door. The vile perfume of cheap tobacco smoke left behind them showed that their operations were conducted with remarkable coolness. They entered the room occupied by Mr. Welles and his wife, rifled his pockets, scattered his papers over the floor, extracted a gold watch from a bureau drawer, and overhauled the wardrobe and general contents of the room. Mr. Welles thinks that the burglars must have administered to him and his wife a dose of chloroform prior to commencing their operations.

DESPERATE ATTEMPT OF A BURGLAR TO ESCAPE.—About 2 o'clock, yesterday morning Officer Rice, of the Second Precinct, discovered a man running down Beekman-street at a suspiciously rapid pace. The officer pursued the fugitive, who instantly increased his speed, but kept down Beekman-street. On nearing the foot of the street, the officer was close upon his heels, and seeing that his chance for escape was desperate, he leaped into the river, and, Brutus-like, "struck out" for the Brooklyn shore. He had not gone far before, after the manner of Brutus, he importuned the officer's assistance. The officer rescued him, brought him to shore, and took him to the Station-house, where he gave the name of Cornelius Price. He was subsequently identified as a burglar who had a short time previous broken into the store of Leroy & Co., No. 61 Water-street. He was taken before Justice WELSH, and committed to answer.

SUSPECTED FEMALE SHOP-LIFTERS.—Two good looking women giving their names as Mary Moore and Ann West were yesterday arrested in a Canal-street stage on suspicion of being shop-lifters. Two pieces of uncut silk were found in their possession, which it is supposed they had purloined from some store. The silk was detained for identification and the prisoners were locked up.

ALLEGED SEDUCTION.—Lewis Tirney was yesterday committed to the Tombs to await trial on a charge of seducing Eliza Norton under promise of marriage. Both parties have for the past six months been servants together at the New-York Hotel.

MUNICIPAL.

Board of Aldermen.

THE CONTROL OF THE FIRE TELEGRAPH—DONATIONS—SITE FOR A NEW COUNTY JAIL—GATEHOUSES FOR THE NEW RESERVOIR.

At the meeting of the Board last evening a resolution in favor of placing the fire telegraph under the control of the Police Commissioners, but prohibiting them from removing the operators appointed by the Mayor, or filling vacancies, was offered by Alderman SMITH. It was laid over till Monday.

A resolution was adopted, directing that the rooms now occupied by the Comptroller, in the basement, southeast corner of the City Hall, when vacated by him, and Room No. 3, City Hall, be assigned to the Police of the Twenty-sixth Precinct, together with the cells in the basement for the custody of prisoners.

A communication from the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors, requesting the appointment of a Committee of Aldermen to confer with a Committee of the Supervisors, with regard to the location of a new county jail, was referred to a Committee of five—Aldermen Peck, Stephens, Henry, Starr and Darragh.

It was resolved that the ordinance licensing charcoal venders be so amended as to include venders of kindling-wood.

The report of the Committee on Finance, in favor of donating $155 99 to the Trustees of the Sixteenth-street Baptist Church—Sixteenth-street, near Eighth-avenue—to cover the amount of an assessment on the Church property for constructing a sewer, was adopted.

The report of the Committee on Finance, in favor of donating $250 to Mrs. Ellen Gasharic, widow of Policeman James Gasharic, who died from injuries received in the discharge of his duties, was adopted.

The report of the Committee on Finance, in favor of paying Mrs. Maria M. Camman $30, for a fence destroyed by a mob on election day, Nov. 3, 1857, and paying Mrs. Elizabeth P. Durand $25, for a fence destroyed by a mob, Nov. 2, 1858, was laid over.

The Board directed that $100 be paid Lawrence O'Reilly for the loss of a horse, backed off the pier foot of Watts-street.

The special order was the consideration of the majority and minority reports of the Committee on the Croton Aqueduct Department with regard to the award of the contract for the construction of gate houses for the new reservoir. The majority report in favor of awarding the contract to Baldwin & Jaycox, as the lowest bidders, was read.

The Clerk commenced to read the minority report in favor of awarding the contract to Fairchild, Walker & Co.

Alderman GENET moved that the reading be dispensed with, and hereupon arose a debate with regard to the merits of the reports.

Alderman PECK said the Croton Aqueduct Department had made a complete contract with Baldwin & Jaycox, and they had partially executed it. Fairchild, Walker & Co. claimed the job with the contract for the new reservoir as part and parcel of that contract. He was in favor of giving the contract to the latter; it would save $150,000 and save litigation.

The Board refused to adopt the minority report, (ayes 3; nays 13.) The majority report was adopted, (ayes 13; nays 3.) The Board then adjourned.

Board of Councilmen.

PERMANENT AWNINGS—BILL FOR MEDICAL SERVICES—ORDINANCE TO PREVENT FRAUDS IN THE SALE OF COAL.

The Board met last evening at the usual hour. Messrs. Simmons, Newkirk and others presented a petition asking that the permanent awnings in Washington, Murray and Greenwich streets, might be allowed to remain. Referred to Committee on Ordinances. The foreman of Engine Co. No. 29 asked that the fire telegraph might be attached to the house of that Company, the noise in Broadway making it impossible at times to hear the alarm bells. Referred to Committee on Fire Department.

Councilman VAN TINE offered a resolution, directing the Comptroller to draw his warrant for $51 in favor of Col. Raymond, to defray the expenses of the celebration of Washington's Birthday by the Veterans of 1812. Referred to Committee on Finance.

Among the papers from the Board of Aldermen was a report of the Committee on Police in favor of paying the bill of Dr. M. A. Van Lier, for medical services. Referred to Finance Committee.

The petition of Henry H. Gillett, asking for some situation or other under the City Government, was received. The Board concurred with the Aldermen in referring the communication to the Croton Aqueduct Board, with power.

The ordinance to prevent frauds in coal was called from the table and adopted.

Councilman OTTERSON was in favor of anything which would protect the poor.

Councilman LAIMBEER feared that the ordinance did not go far enough, and that it would not be effective; but, in the lack of something better, he considered it his duty to vote for it.

Councilmen BULTEEL and VAN TINE indorsed the accuracy and efficiency of the scales recommended in the report.

Last year the Mayor vetoed the assessment list for regulating Lexington-avenue, on the ground that the contract taken by George C. Harsen was illegal. The Board overruled the veto by a vote of 20 to 2, and then adjourned.

Central Park Skating-Pond—Correction.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Please correct the statement in the TIMES, of this morning, that a man has been drowned in the Central Park skating-pond. No one is believed to have been drowned in the pond during the Winter. The water is now being drawn off the pond, preparatory to the resumption of work upon its bottom and shores. The report probably arose from the fact that one of the keepers of the Park discovered, and reported to the Coroner, the body of a man, supposed to have been drowned in one of the ponds outside of the Park.

Your obedient servant,
FREDK. LAW OLMSTEAD,
Architect-in-Chief.

CENTRAL PARK, March 10, 1859.

BROOKLYN INTELLIGENCE.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.—The Republican Convention, to nominate candidates for the offices of Mayor, Comptroller, Auditor and Treasurer, was held last evening at No. 9 Court-street. Mr. CHAS. JONES, of the Ninth Ward, was appointed Chairman, S. ALPHEUS SMITH and WILLIAM L. HUBBELL Secretaries, and JAMES W. RIGGS Sergeant-at-Arms. The Convention, without any unnecessary delay, made the following nominations:

For Mayor—JOHN A. CROSS, on the fifth formal ballot. His competitors were Aldermen SCHOLES and PIERSON, and JOHN G. BERGEN.

For Comptroller—WM. B. LEWIS, on first ballot.

For Treasurer—EZRA BALDWIN, first ballot.

For Auditor—DANIEL L. NORTHRUP, first ballot.

The following resolutions were presented by Mr. HASKELL of the First Ward, and adopted by almost a unanimous vote:

Resolved, That the passage of a Registry Law by the present Legislature is demanded alike by the voice of the people and the interests of the State, and that we, the Republicans of the City of Brooklyn, consider Republican Party of the whole State fairly committed to securing such a law.

Resolved, That we view with anxiety the delay of the Legislature to enact a Registry Law, and we urge upon our representatives at Albany to continue their most active efforts in its behalf.

The Convention, after appointing a Committee to notify the candidates of their nomination, adjourned to meet again at the call of the Chairman.

ITEMS.—CHARLES RAWLINS, a youth 10 years old, was run over by a horse and carriage Wednesday night, on Myrtle-avenue, and seriously injured.... WM. TURNBULL, a middle-aged man, residing a No. 182 Front-street, died yesterday morning from congestion of the brain, caused by intemperance.... Mrs. CLEMENTS, who resided at the corner of Flushing and Classon avenues, was found dead in bed yesterday morning. Cause—disease of the heart.... CATO, the negro brought from Africa many years ago by CALEB WEEKS, committed suicide at Jamaica Tuesday evening. He wanted to go and see his master, he said, who died last year.... The frame building No. 133 Court street, owned by RODNEY S. CHURCH and occupied by JOHN RINK, marble worker, was discovered to be on fire at 1 o'clock yesterday morning, by Officer POWERS, of the Third Precinct police, who succeeded in extinguishing the fire before much damage was done to the premises. The fire is supposed to have been purposely communicated, as the building was on fire in several places.... Two boys—one 11 and the other 13 years old—were found by the police yesterday, on Flatbush-avenue, in a beastly state of intoxication. They were properly cared for, and an effort will be made to find out who furnished them with the liquor.... A boy named JAMES SILVEY, while at work in a turner's shop on First-street on Wendesday last, was caught in the machinery and had both arms broken, and was otherwise severely injured before he was rescued.

PARK FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT.—The Common Council Committee, charged with the duty of selecting a site for a Park in the Eastern District, have held one meeting. At this meeting eight sites were proposed, supposed to be the only eligible locations that can be obtained at a reasonable price in the District. The sites offered were as follows: Between Third and Fifth streets, and North Tenth and North Thirteenth streets; between Second and Fourth streets, North First and North Ninth streets; blocks bounded by Ninth and Tenth and South Fourth streets and Broadway; the two blocks bounded by Union-avenue, Lorimer, Devoe and Powers streets, now occupied as a graveyard; three blocks on Union-avenue, each side, bounded by Withers, Richardson, Lorimer and Ninth streets, Maspeth and Metropolitan avenues and Bushwick; Bushwick-avenue and the city line, between Johnson and Wyckoff streets; Ewen, North Second, Powers streets and Graham avenue. The Committee, after receiving this information, adjourned.

BROOKLYN YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—At the last regular meeting of this Association an essay was read by LYMAN ABBOTT, Esq., subject—"Life Preaching." Owing to the inclemency of the weather the audience was small, and a resolution was passed requesting him to repeat it at the next meeting. At the close of the discussion following the essay the President announced that the new rooms of the Association, which are to be located in the Brooklyn Institute, Washington-street, would be so soon ready for occupation that the next social meeting to be held—the fourth Monday of this month—would be held in those rooms. He stated also that an attempt was being made to raise by subscription $5,000, for the purpose of adding to the library. It is stated that the rooms will be handsomely furnished and provided with some fine pictures, and will not be surpassed by any reading-room in New-York or Brooklyn. On motion of Mr. ABBOTT, the ladies of Brooklyn were invited to attend the social meetings. Messrs. ABBOTT, RICHARDS and LARKINGS were appointed a Committee to report upon the expediency of admitting ladies to associate membership.

A PLEASANT TRIBUTE.—At the close of Prof HITCHCOCK's course of lectures at the Packer Institute yesterday afternoon, as the lecturer was passing from the Chapel, a young lady, one of the Collegiate Class, stepped forward and handed him a basket of flowers of exquisite beauty. With it was the following note:

The young ladies of the Collegiate Department earnestly thank Dr. HITCHCOCK for his lectures, for the new thoughts they have suggested, and for the blessed assurance they have given, that through the clouds of uncertainty which veil human eyes, shines forever the immortal truth of God, the radiant light of redeeming love. As a token of this feeling, they beg Dr. HITCHCOCK to accept these flowers.

PACKER INSTITUTE, March, 1859.

PUBLIC MEETING.—A public meeting was held last evening in the City Hall to remonstrate against the passage of the Water and Sewerage acts before the Legislature. Addresses were made by John A. Dayton, John A. Hennessey, C. J. Jack, Rodney S. Church and James W. Gilbert, after which a resolution was adopted appointing a Committee of two from each Ward to draw up and forward a remonstrance against the passage of the acts named.

BROOKLYN CITY RAILROAD COMPANY.—This Company is making arrangements to run cars over their different routes all night—after 12 o'clock midnight—upon the arrival of each boat at the Fulton Ferry. The Company, also, commenced last Sunday to run their two-horse cars the whole distance to East New-York.

[Advertisement.]

ORIENTAL GYMNASIUM, northwest corner Bowery and Bayard-street, entrance No. 48 Bayard.—First exhibition by the members Wednesday and Friday evenings, 9th and 11th inst. Addresses by JAS. M. KREBS, D. D.; E. T. HISCOX, D. D. Exercises commence at 7¾ o'clock. FERGUSON & OVERTON.

[Advertisement.]

GURNEY'S new Photographic and Fine Art Gallery, No. 707 Broadway. Photographs, Daguerreotypes, Miniatures in Oil and Ivorytypes.

[Advertisement.]

HOLLOWAY'S Ointment has done more for the relief of suffering humanity than all the Doctors that ever lived. It has cured thousands of sore legs and ulcers which the Doctors had given up. Manufactory, 80 Maiden-lane, New-York.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—MARCH 10.

$5,000	U. S. 5s, '65	102	
9,000	Ill. Interest, '60..	95	
5,000	Tenn. 6s, '90.....	90¾	
2,000	do.....	90¾	
1,000	N. Car. State 6s.	98½	
5,000	do.....	98¾	
22,000	Missouri St. 6s...	85½	
15,000	do.....	s30 85¾	
7,000	do.....	85½	
500	Louisiana St. 6s.	94	
2,000	N. Y. C. RR. S. B.	88	
5,000	Erie R R Bs. '75	35	
1,000	Erie R Con. B. '71	35	
3,000	Erie R Con B. '62	33	
2,000	Hud. R. R. 3d M.	74¾	
1,000	do.....	74¾	
1,000	M. C. R. R. 8 ₱ ct.		
	1st me. S. F. C. bds..	96¾	
5,000	Ill. Cen. R. R. Bs.	90¼	
3,000	do.....	90¼	
36	Mechanic Bank....	116	
25	do.....	116¼	
60	National Bank.....	110	
6	American Ex. Bk..	108¾	
5	do.....	108½	
18	City Bank.....	121	
50	Del. & H. C. Co.	s10 98¾	
35	do.....	98¾	
260	Penn. Coal Co....	81	
100	Pacific Mail St. Co.	76½	
25	do.....	76	
75	do.....	76¾	
25	do.....	b30 76¾	
25	do.....	b30 76	
50	N. Y. Cent. R...	s10 79¾	
100	do.....	s30 79¾	
250	do.....	b10 79¾	
100	do.....	b30 79¾	
220	do.....	79¾	
100	do.....	b10 79¾	
100	do.....	s10 79¾	
500	do.....	s60 79¾	
100	do.....	b60 79¾	
250	Erie R. R.....	10¾	
100	do.....	b60 10¾	
50	Hudson Riv. R..	s60 31¾	
150	do.....	31¾	
100	Harlem R. R.....	12¾	
300	Harlem RR. Pref..	39	
100	do.....	s10 39	
5	Second-av. RR....	100¾	
350	Reading Railroad..	49	
300	do.....	s60 48¾	
500	do.....	s10 48¾	
100	do.....	s17 48¾	
100	do.....	s10 49	
100	Panama RR.....	s60 117	
275	Ill. Cen. RR.....	69	
300	Mich. Cen. R. R.	b80 52¼	
125	do.....	52¼	
100	Mich. So. & N. Ind. R.	17¾	
50	do.....	b60 17¾	
130	do.....	17¾	
100	do.....	b30 17	
50	do.....	b30 16¾	
400	Mich. S. & N. Ia. G. S.	47¾	
50	do.....	b30 47¾	
425	do.....	b30 47¾	
100	do.....	b60 47	
100	Gal. & Chic. R. R..	70	
100	do.....	b30 70	
50	do.....	s30 70	
50	do.....	b30 70	
50	do.....	s60 70¼	
100	do.....	70¾	
250	do.....	b60 70¾	
100	Cleve & Tol. R. R.	s10 26	
200	do.....	26¼	
200	do.....	b60 26¼	
200	do.....	s30 26	
200	do.....	26¾	
500	do.....	b30 26¾	
100	do.....	s60 26¾	
100	do.....	b30 26¾	
400	Chi. & R. Is. R.	s30 60¾	
100	do.....	60¾	
300	do.....	60¾	
100	do.....	s15 60¾	
100	do.....	s10 60¾	
150	do.....	b60 60¾	
100	Mil. & Miss. R....	113	
50	do.....	b30 113	
20	do.....	113	
50	La C. & Mil. R.....	⅜	

SECOND BOARD.

$1,000	U. S. 5s, '74.....	103¾	
5,000	Missouri St. 6s.	b10 85¾	
10,000	Tenn. 6s, '90.....	91	
6,000	Cal. State 7s Bs..	84½	
1,000	N. Car. State 6s.	98¾	
9,000	N. J. Cen. 2d m. bs.	96	
50	Del. & Hud. Canal Co	98¾	
50	do.....	s10 98¾	
50	Corn Ex. Bank.....	100½	
20	Union Bank.....	112¾	
5	Pacific M. S. Co....	76½	
18	N. Y. Cen. R. R....	80	
50	do.....	80¼	
100	Hud. River R.R.	s60 32	
50	Har. R. R. Pref..	b30 39	
30	Mich. Cen. R. R....	52¾	
25	Panama RR.	s60 117	
100	Gal. & Chi. R. R.	b60 70¾	
100	do.....	b60 70¾	
400	do.....	b60 70¾	
250	Chi. & R. I. R.R....	61	
100	do.....	s10 61	
100	do.....	s17 61	
150	do.....	s10 60¾	
50	Cleve. & Tol. R. R.	b30 27	
200	do.....	b60 27	

REPORTED SALES AT AUCTION.

$3,000	N. Y. & H. R. 2dm.	90	
4,000	Nor. Ind. R. 7s..	74	
4,000	Han. Co. (Ill.) 8s	55	
4,000	Mar. & Cin. R. 8s.	10	
850	G. W. M. In. S. of 1853.....	68	
1,000	S. M. I. S., '83....	73½	
560	do.. '55	61½	
1,000	Chi. St. P. & F. du Lac 8s.....	12	
10,000	Tennessee 6s.....	90½	
1,000	At. Mu. In S. '58.	93	
10	St. Nicholas Bk....	97	
20	Tradesmen's Bk....	117	
20	Mer. Fire Ins. Co....	116¾	
20	Mer. Mu. Ins. Co....	97	
10	Artic F. Ins. Co....	115	
50	Wall-st. F. In. Co...	25¾	
20	Third-av. R.....	127	
20	Wash. Fire Ins. Co..	148¾	
20	Mer. Fire Ins. Co....	171	
20	Peop. Fire In. Co...	113	
10	do.....	110	
20	Gt. West M. I. Co..	133¾	
42	St. Nich. Fire I. Co..	91¾	
10	Col. M. Ins. Co.....	114	
10	Am. Ex. Bank.....	109	
9	Bank of New-York.	107	
10	Atlantic Bank.....	80